NetFlow: what happens in your network?

by Lorenzo Busatti

EUROPE ON FEBRUARY 25 - 26, 2016

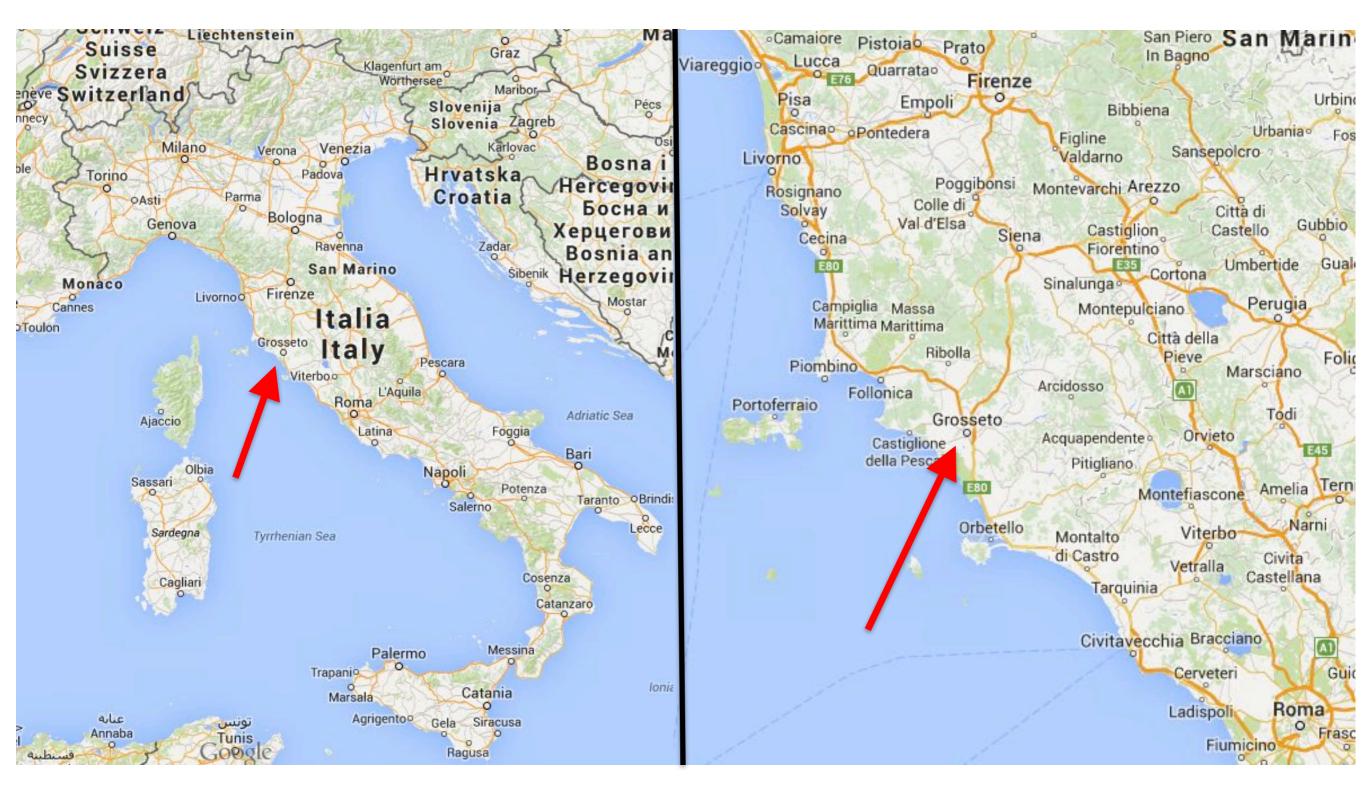


About me

Lorenzo Busatti

- Founder of Grifonline S.r.l. (1997)
- Founder of Linkwave (2006)
- MikroTik Trainer (2010)
- Member of RIPE, AMS-IX, MIX-IT

About me





I'm a MikroTik enthusiast



I'm a MikroTik enthusiast

I'm a MikroTik evangelist



About me

• Founder (2016) of the



Non Profit Organization for High Quality Training Partners



Advertising time!

My friend Andrew Cox booked too late for this MUM, so the presentations slots was already full.

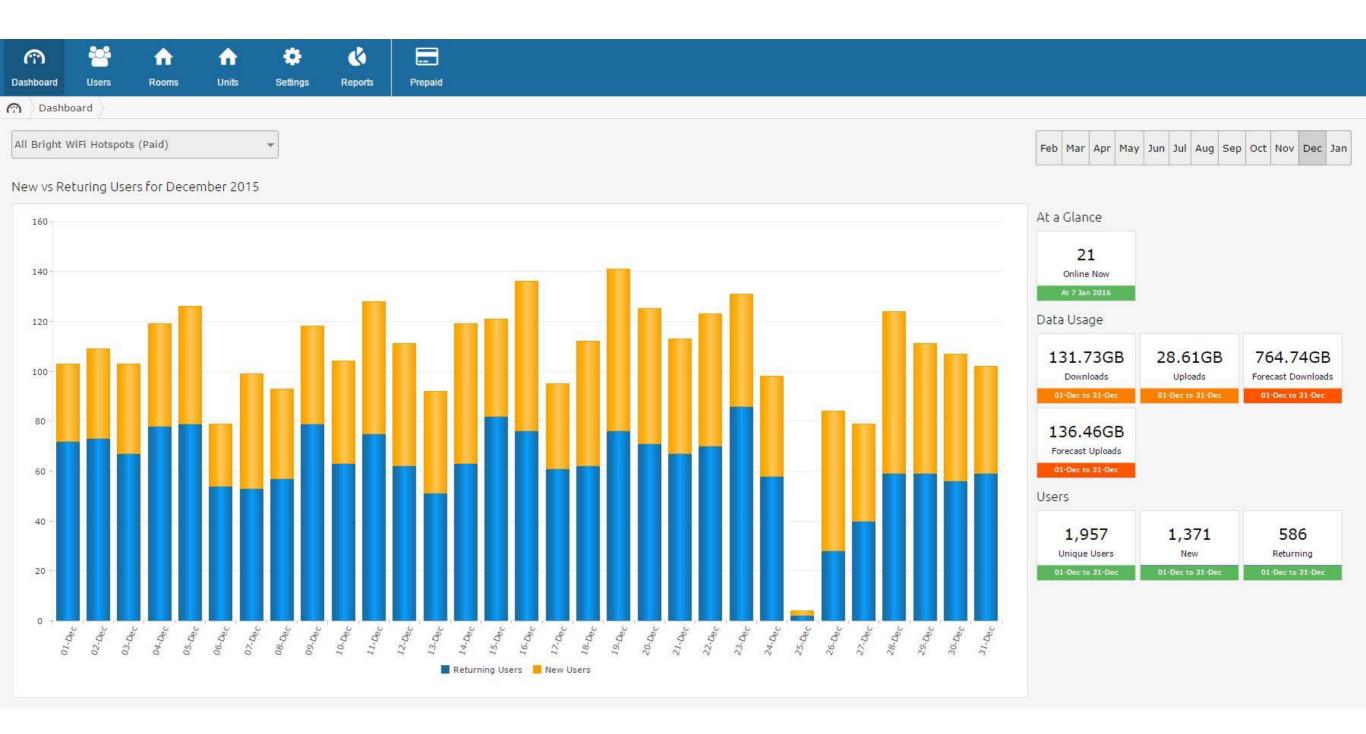
I promised him to quick advertise his fantastic product (and for free ©):





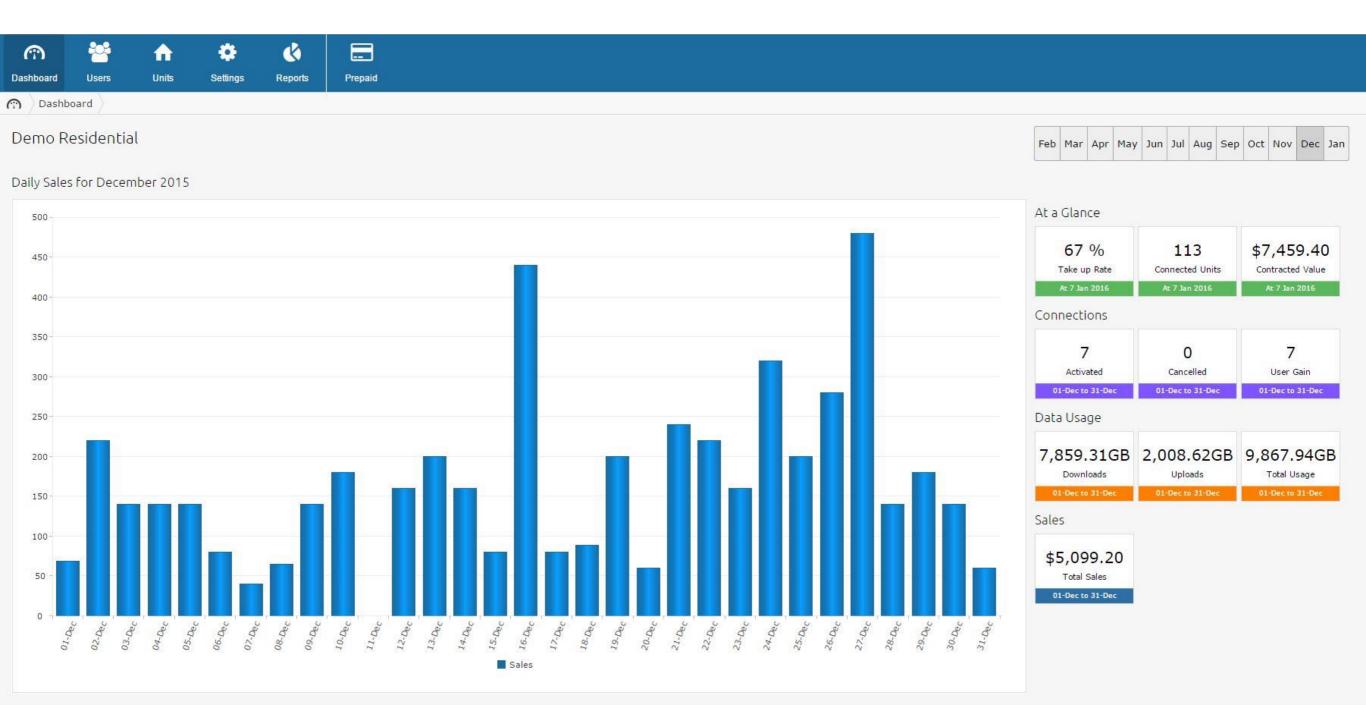
Cloud based management software for ISP's and integrators





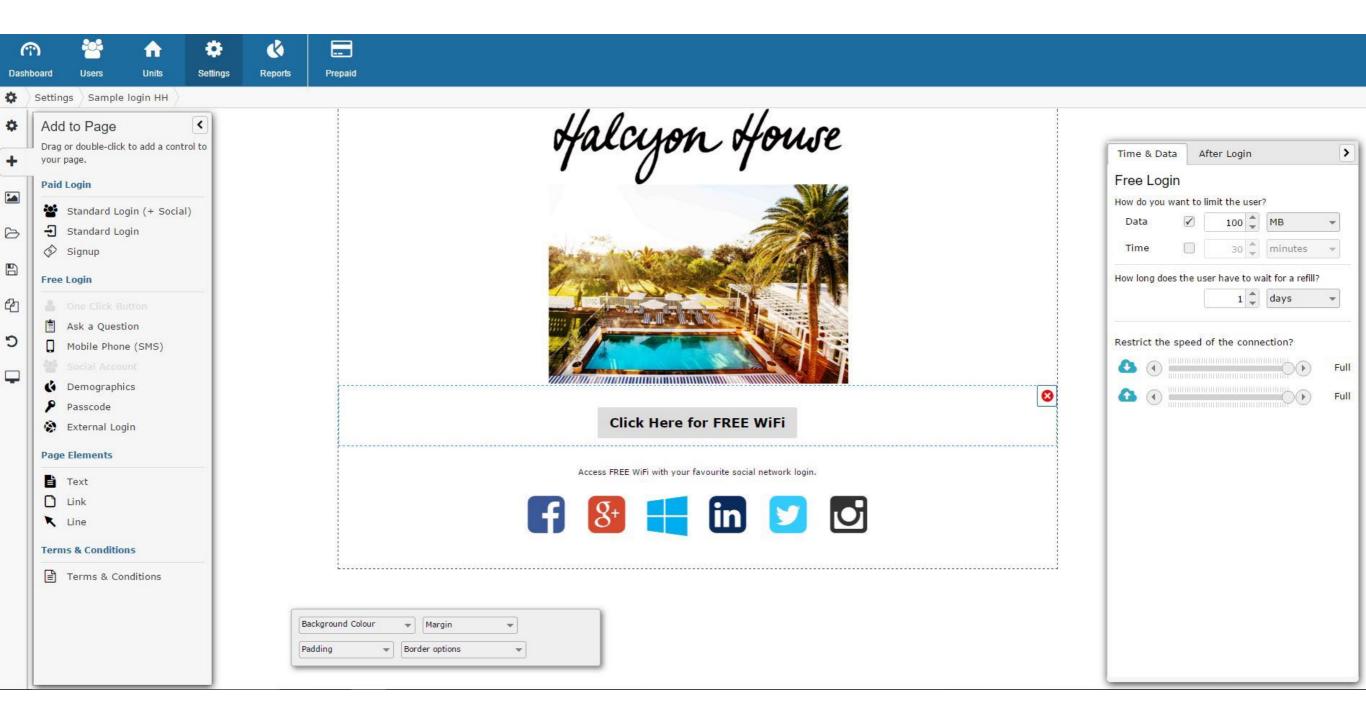














Dedicated to Max





Is one of the most importants "things".



What do you know about it?



What is the growth of your customer traffic to Netflix?



What are the top AS you should peer with?

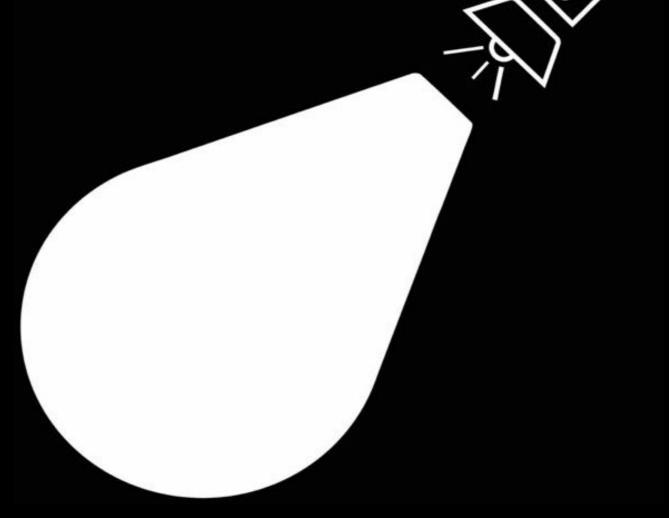


Who is the top bandwidth drawer?



With few tools you can know more than you can

Imagine ©



NetFlow in pills

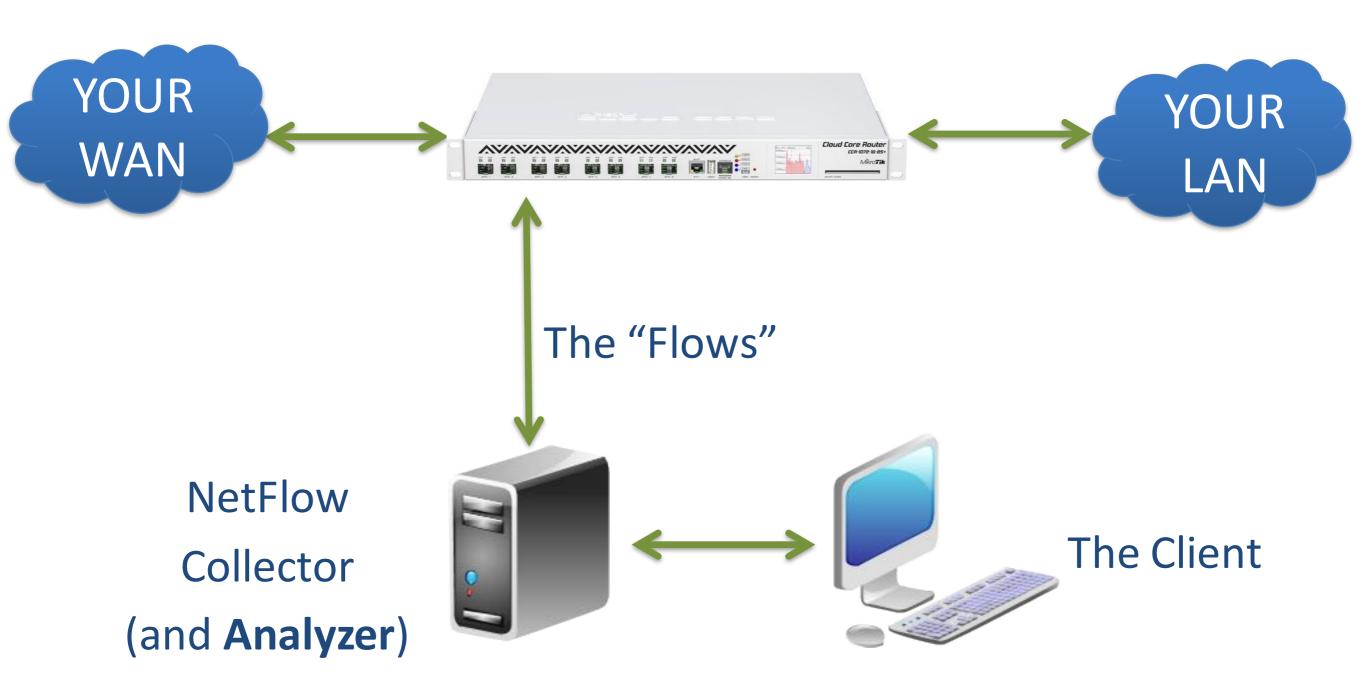
- Is a "common" router's feature
- Collect IP traffic statistics
- Later will export them to a NetFlow Collector
- They're called: flow record
- The format is template based (since the Version 9): expandable for the future

NetFlow in RouterOS

- Yes, is supported!
- Is called: Traffic Flow (NetFlow it's a Cisco naming....)
- He's "living" there: /ip traffic-flow
- Exist since ROS v. 2.9
- Today support the Versions 1, 5, 9
- Check the wiki for the differences ©

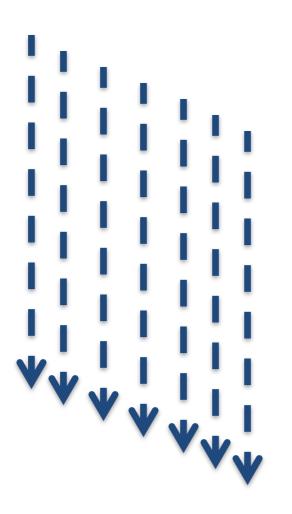


Traffic Flow in action



Two Ingredients

The "Flows"



A NetFlow

Collector

(and Analyzer)



Traffic Flow limitations

- Up to RouterOS v. 6.0 will export only RX traffic of an interface
- Currently RouterOS does not export BGP AS numbers
- Hope to see implemented soon ©



The "boring" part

(but very short)

Packet transport protocol

- The records are exported using UDP
- The standard port is the 2055 (user defined)
- The router does not keep track of flow records already exported
- If a NetFlow packet is dropped all contained records are lost forever
- Doesn't export the "payloads"
- The content isn't encrypted



General structure (v9)

NetFlow Packet header

- Template
 - NetFlow Record 1
 - NetFlow Record 2
 - NetFlow Record n
- Template
 - NetFlow Record n + 1
 - NetFlow Record n + 2
 - NetFlow Record n + n



The packet header

- Version number (v1, v5, v7, v8, v9)
- Sequence number
- Timestamp
- Number of records (v5 or v8) or list of templates and records (v9)

The Template format

- ID
- length
- Field Count
- Field 1 Type
- Field 1 Length
- Field 2 Type
- Field 2 Length
- Field N Type
- Field N Length



(some) v9 Fields

IN BYTES DIRECTION SRC AS

OUT_BYTES IPV4_NEXT_HOP DST_AS

OUT_PKTS IPV6_DST_ADDR IP_PROTOCOL_VERSION

PROTOCOL ICMP_TYPE MPLS_LABEL_(1-10)

SRC_TOS IN_SRC_MAC IF_NAME

TCP_FLAGS IN_DST_MAC IF_DESC

L4 SRC PORT OUT DST MAC

L4 DST PORT OUT_SRC_MAC

IPV4_SRC_ADDR SRC_VLAN

IPV4_DST_ADDR DST_VLAN

FORWARDING STATUS

(lots of subcodes!!!)



Live view



The packet Header

Frame 731: 1446 bytes on wire (11568 bits), 1446 bytes captured (11568 bits)

Ethernet II, Src: AxiomTec_52:93:bc (00:60:e0:52:93:bc), Dst: Routerbo_cf:4c:74 (00:0c:42:cf:4c:74)

Internet Protocol Version 4, Src:

User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 2055 (2055), Dst Port: 2055 (2055)

Cisco NetFlow/IPFIX

Version: 9 Count: 20

SysUptime: -854209.489001904 seconds

▶ Timestamp: Feb 23, 2016 12:49:08.000000000 CET

FlowSequence: 45665169

SourceId: 0

▶ FlowSet 1 [id=256] (20 flows)





Live view



The Template

▼ Cisco NetFlow/IPFIX

Version: 9
Count: 20

SysUptime: -854209.489001904 seconds

▶ Timestamp: Feb 23, 2016 12:49:08.000000000 CET

FlowSequence: 45665169

SourceId: 0

▼ FlowSet 1 [id=256] (20 flows)

FlowSet Id: (Data) (256)

FlowSet Length: 1384

[Template Frame: 19]

- ▶ Flow 1
- ▶ Flow 2
- ▶ Flow 3
- ▶ Flow 4
- ▶ Flow 5
- ▶ Flow 6
- ▶ Flow 7

- ▶ Flow 8
- ▶ Flow 9
- ▶ Flow 10
- ▶ Flow 11
- ▶ Flow 12
- ▶ Flow 13
- ▶ Flow 14
- ▶ Flow 15
- ▶ Flow 16
- ▶ Flow 17
- ▶ Flow 18
- ▶ Flow 19
- ▶ Flow 20





Live view



One Flow

▼ Flow 1 ▼ [Duration: 1.290000000 seconds (switched)] StartTime: 854193.160000000 seconds EndTime: 854194.450000000 seconds Packets: 4 Octets: 160 InputInt: 8 OutputInt: 3 SrcAddr: DstAddr: 85.73.239.223 Protocol: TCP (6) IP ToS: 0x00 SrcPort: 64866 (64866) DstPort: 61053 (61053) NextHop: 80.249.208.179 DstMask: 0 SrcMask: 0 TCP Flags: 0x14 Destination Mac Address: AxiomTec_52:93:bc (00:60:e0:52:93:bc) Post Source Mac Address: AxiomTec_06:02:d4 (00:60:e0:06:02:d4) Post NAT Source IPv4 Address: Post NAT Destination IPv4 Address: 85.73.239.223 Post NAPT Source Transport Port: 0 Post NAPT Destination Transport Port: 0



Summary

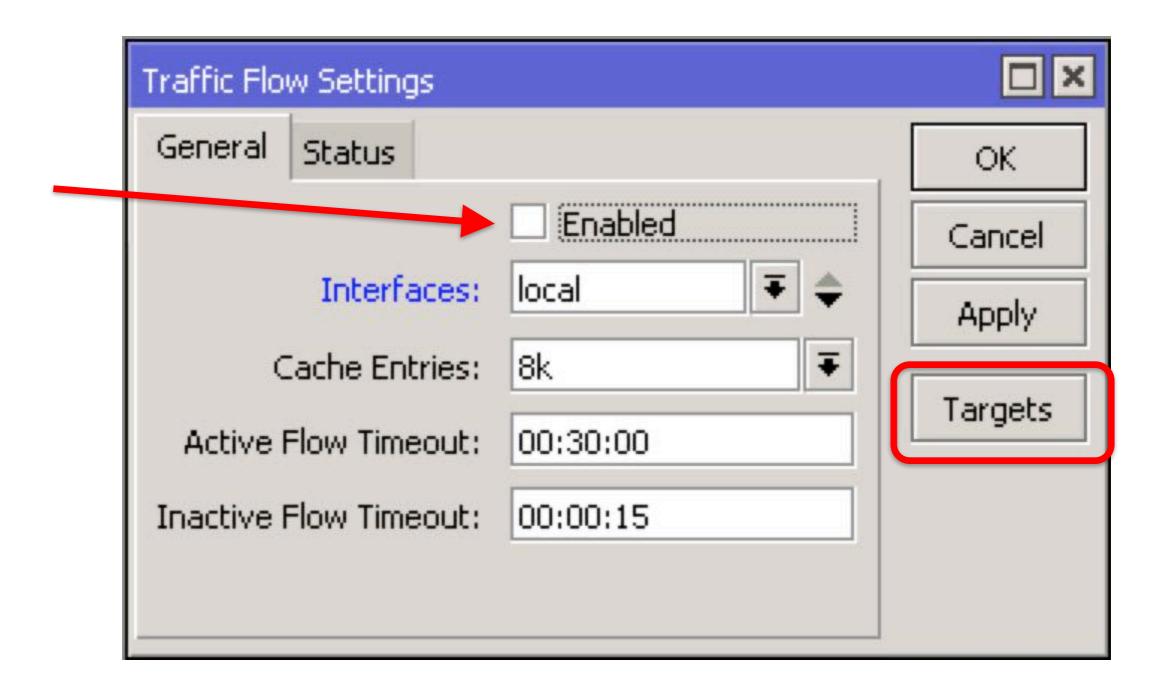
The Traffic Flow will "export" almost "everything" except the effective "payload"



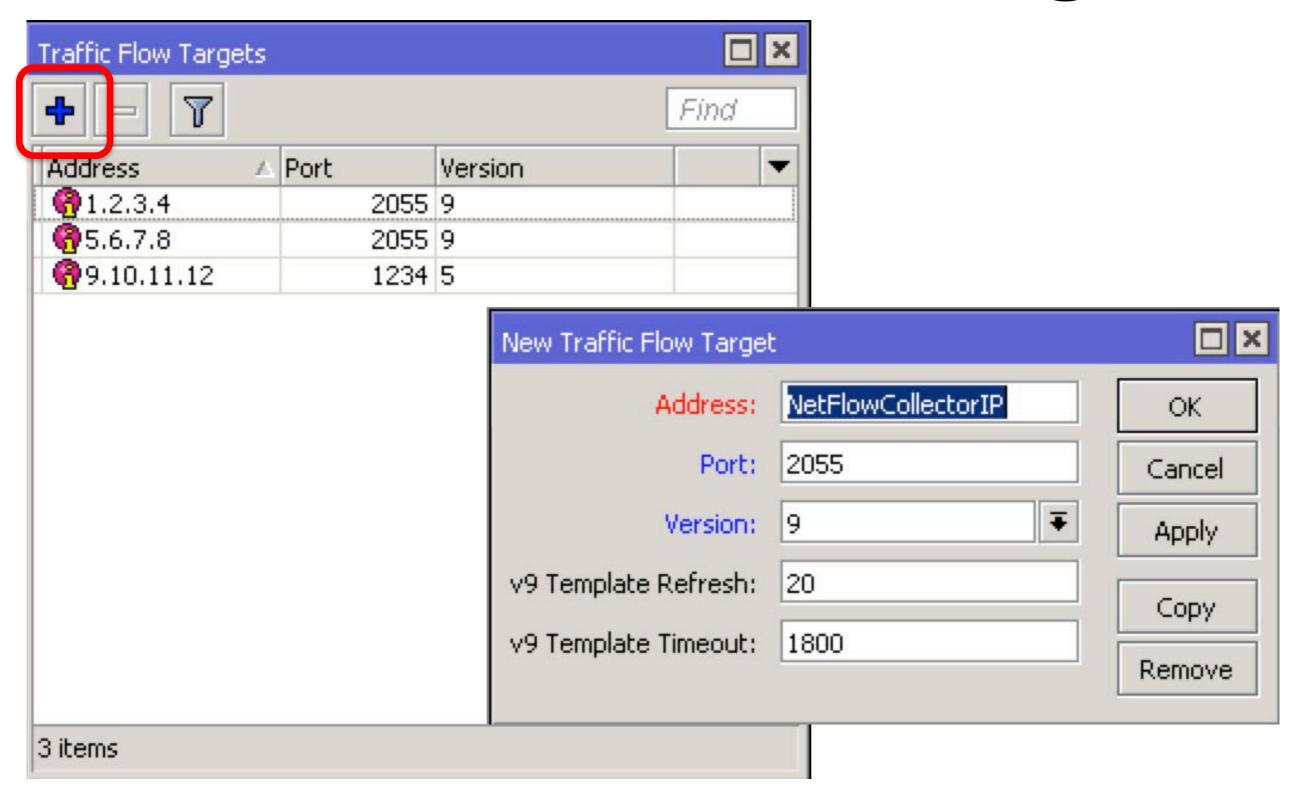
Setting up (the router)



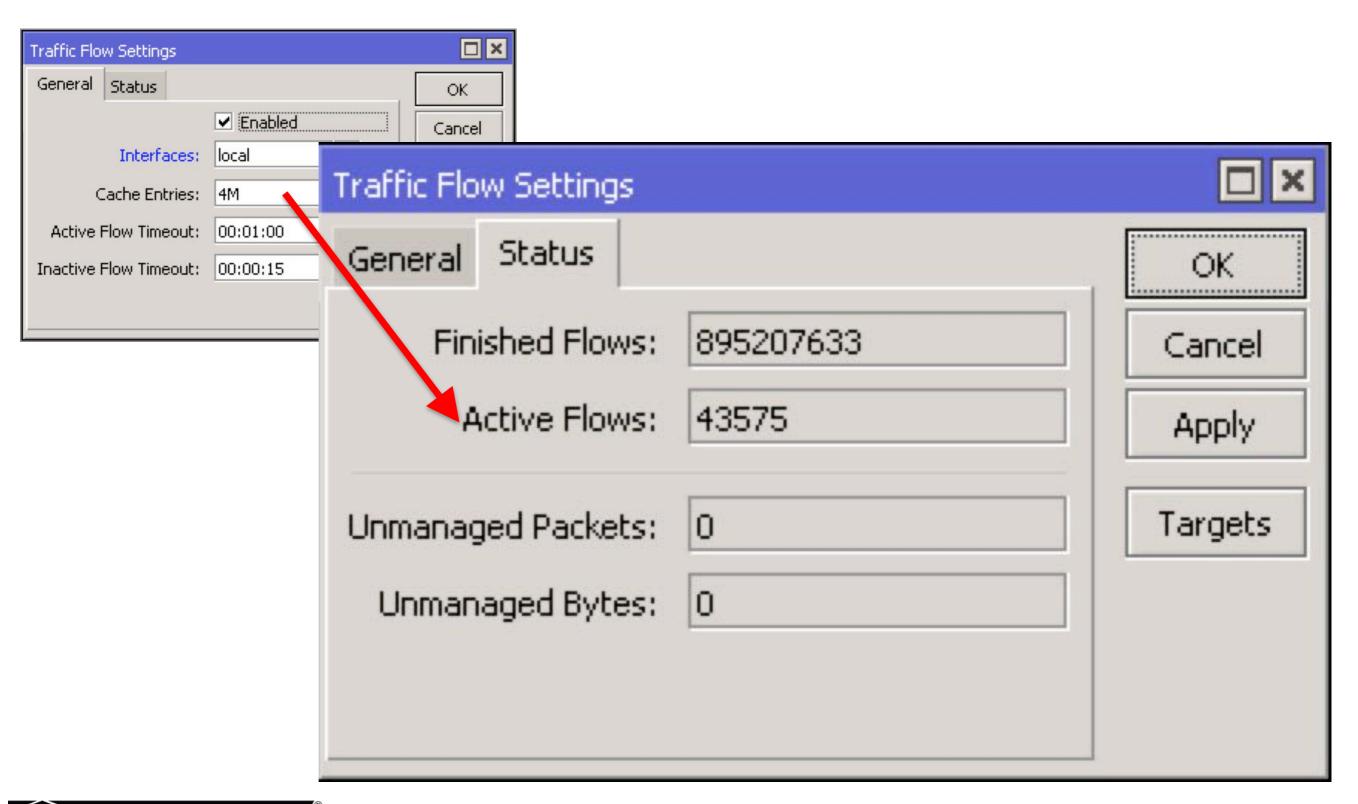
IP -> Traffic Flow



IP -> Traffic Flow - Targets



IP -> Traffic Flow -> Status



How much resources will take (the flows)?

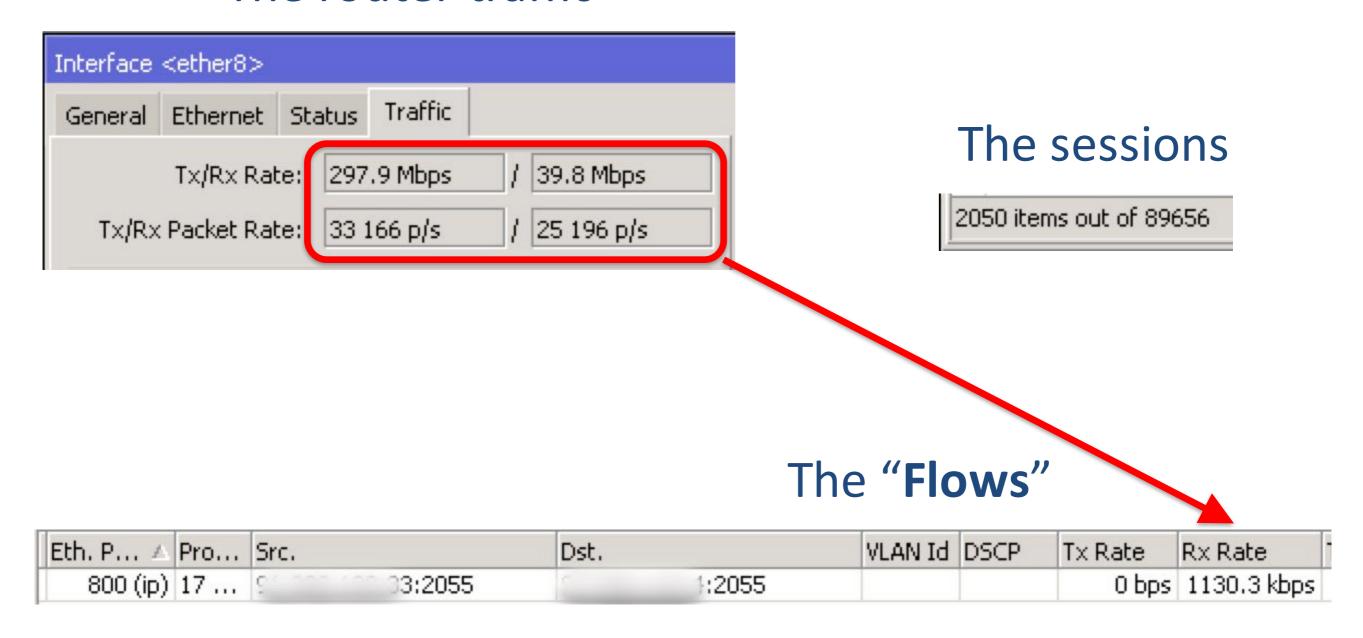
Traffic Flow "traffic"

There is not an <u>exact</u> formula to calculate the exported "flows", but I'll show you a "live" example.



Traffic Flow "traffic"

The router traffic



The NetFlow Collectors (and Analyzer)



What I need now?

 A Collector will collect the flows exported by your router.

 An Analyzer will make these data readable and usable to you.

Most of the Collectors are Analyzer also.



Which one?

- Open source;
- Closed source;
- For Windows;
- For Linux;
- On the Cloud;
- Paid Vs Free;

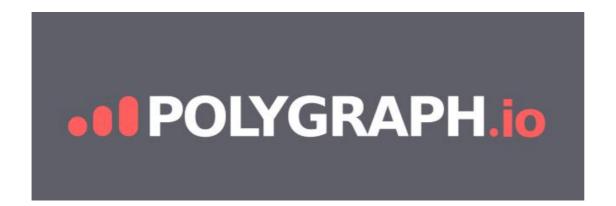


Examples













Which one?

I'm not a reseller or a sales representative of these brands.

Search on the web and "try before buy" (when possible).



Which one?

In this presentation I'll show you an example using the cloud services provided by:



http://polygraph.io



The most interesting part: What can I see?????

Which traffic?

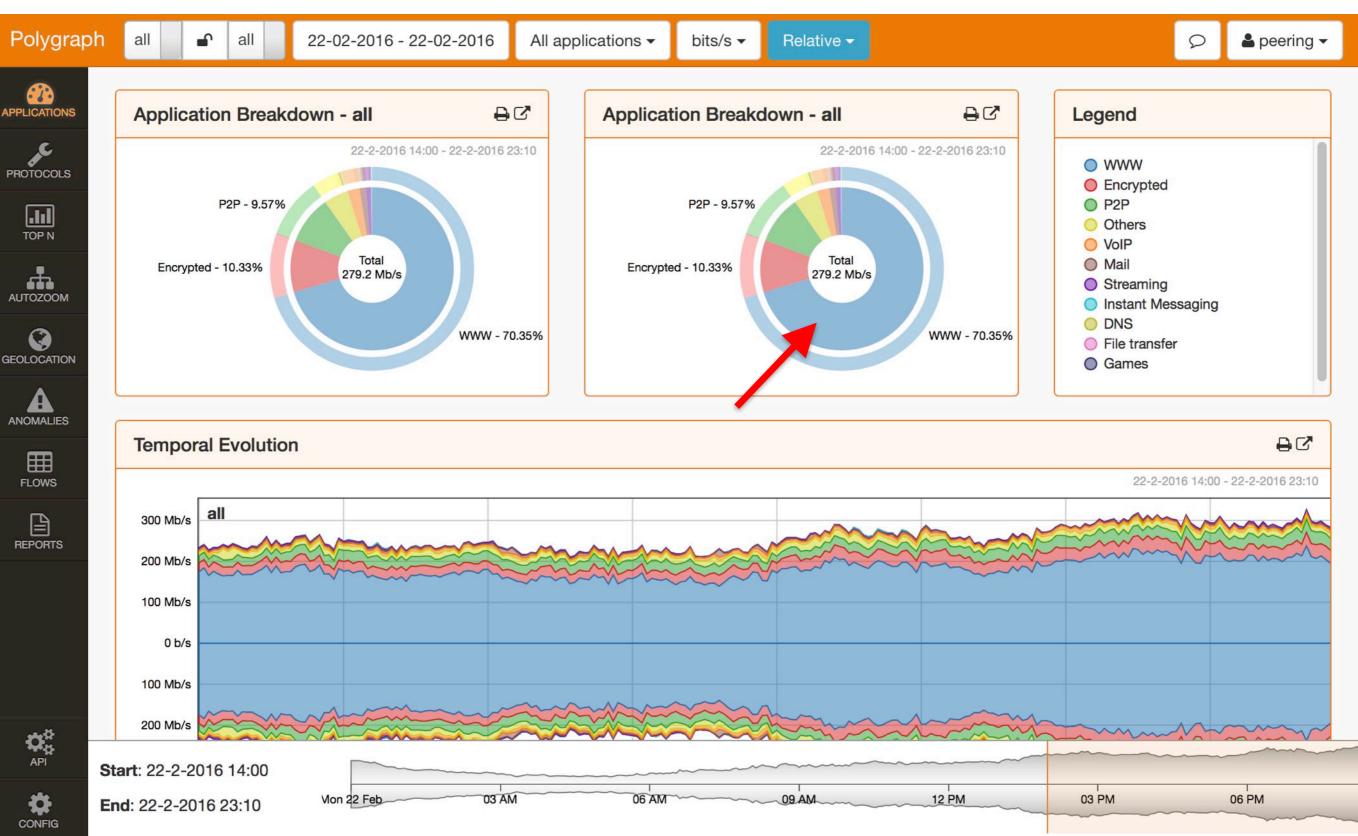
Just few examples:

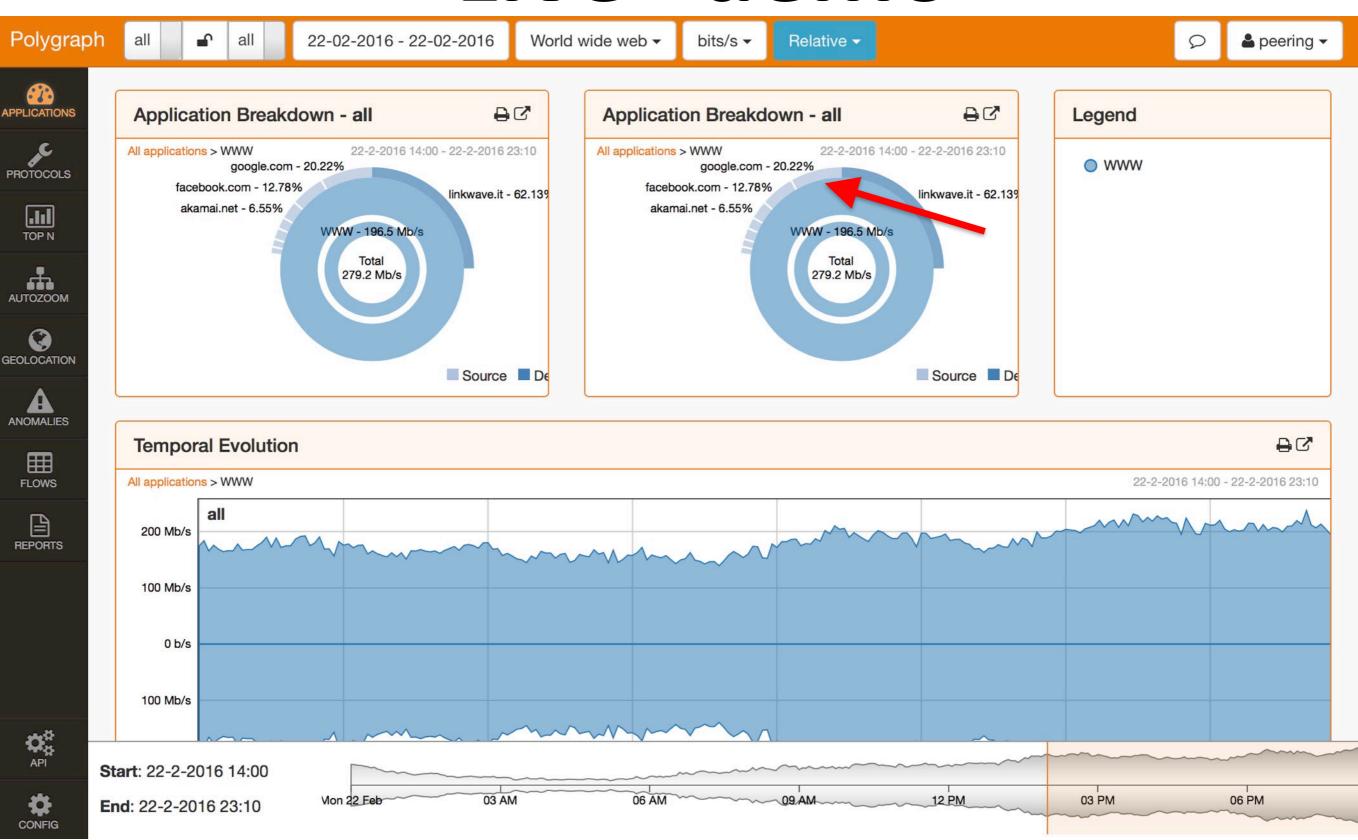
- Bandwidth monitoring
- Applications Used
- Identify visited domains
- Top talkers (customers and host)
- Geolocate traffic.
- Attacks detection.



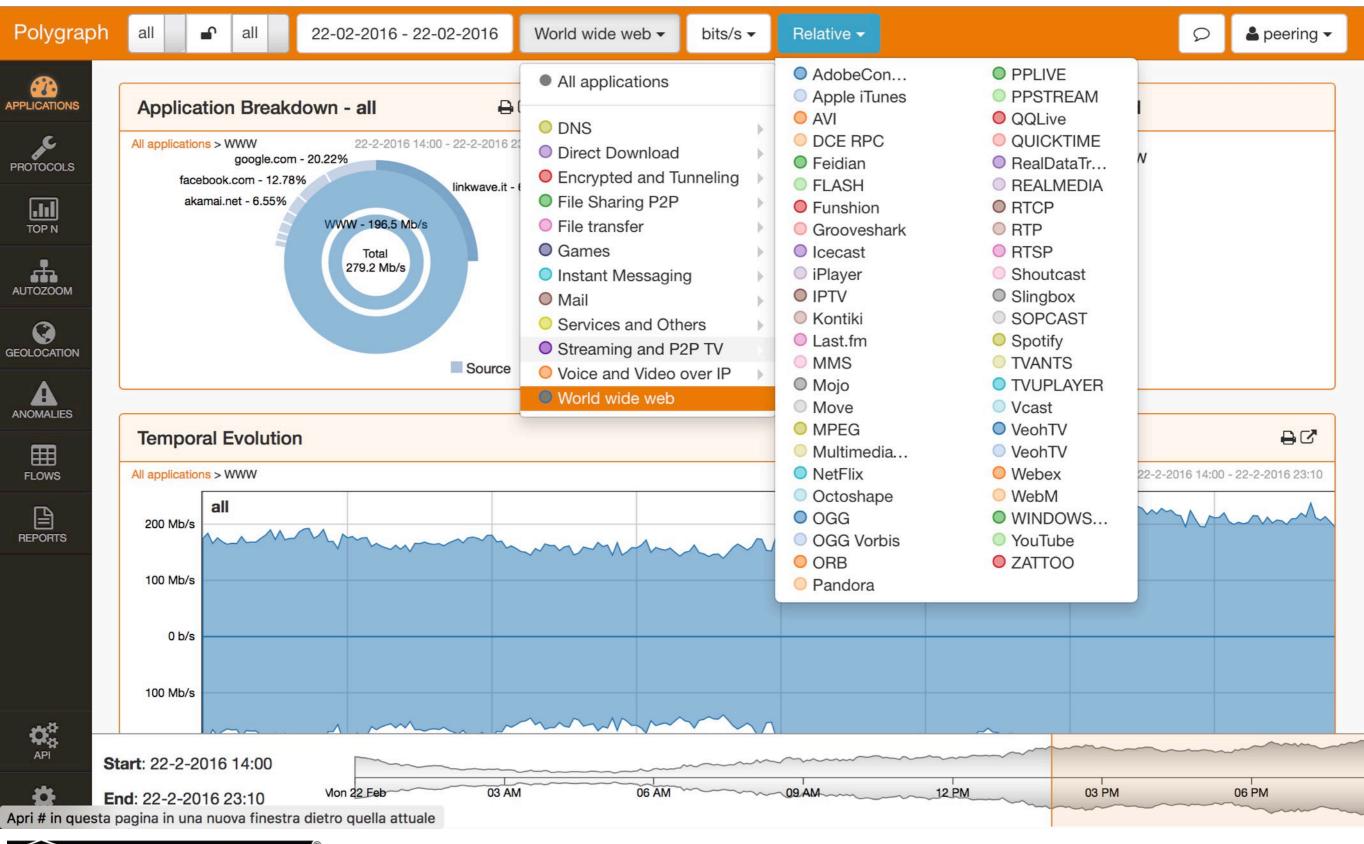
Which traffic?

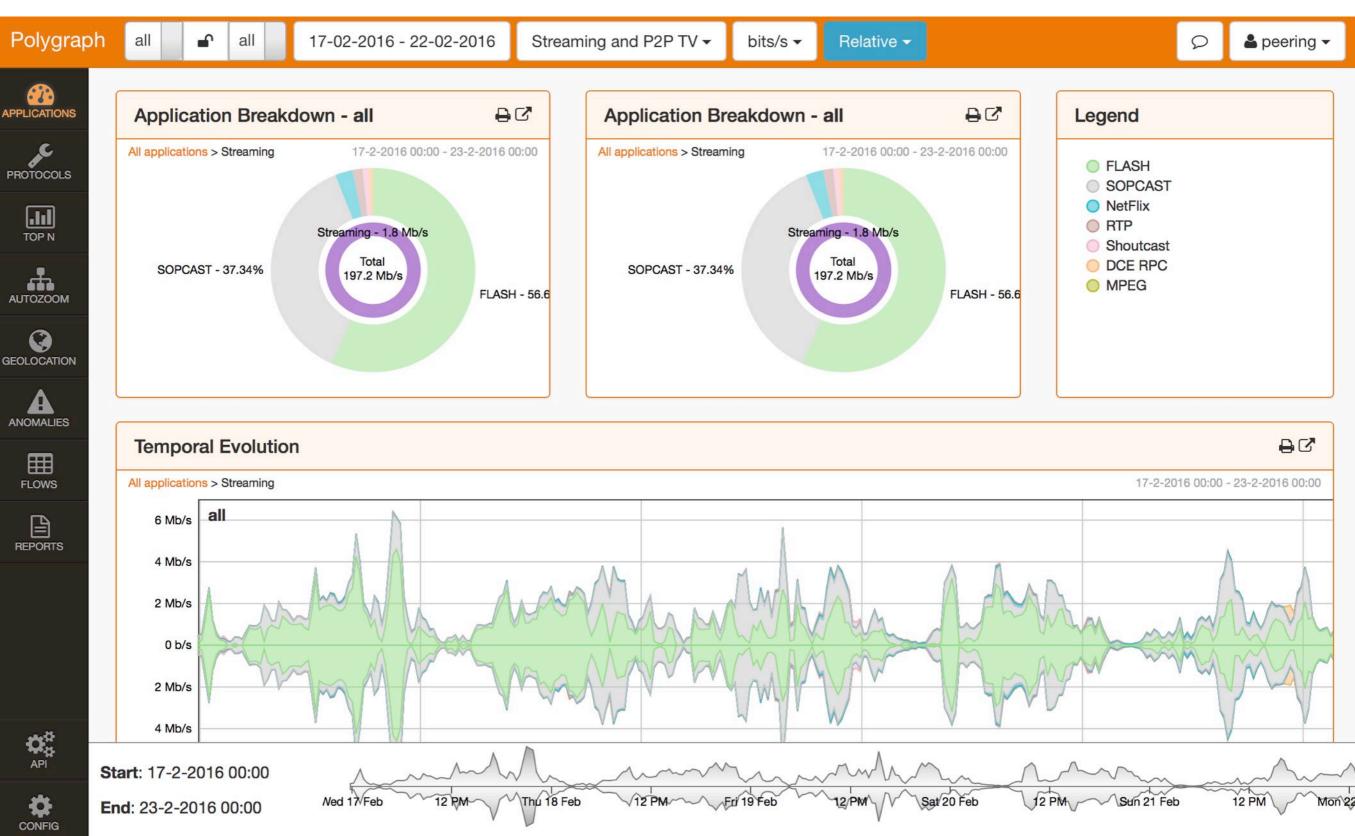
And since RouterOS 6.33 the fastpath

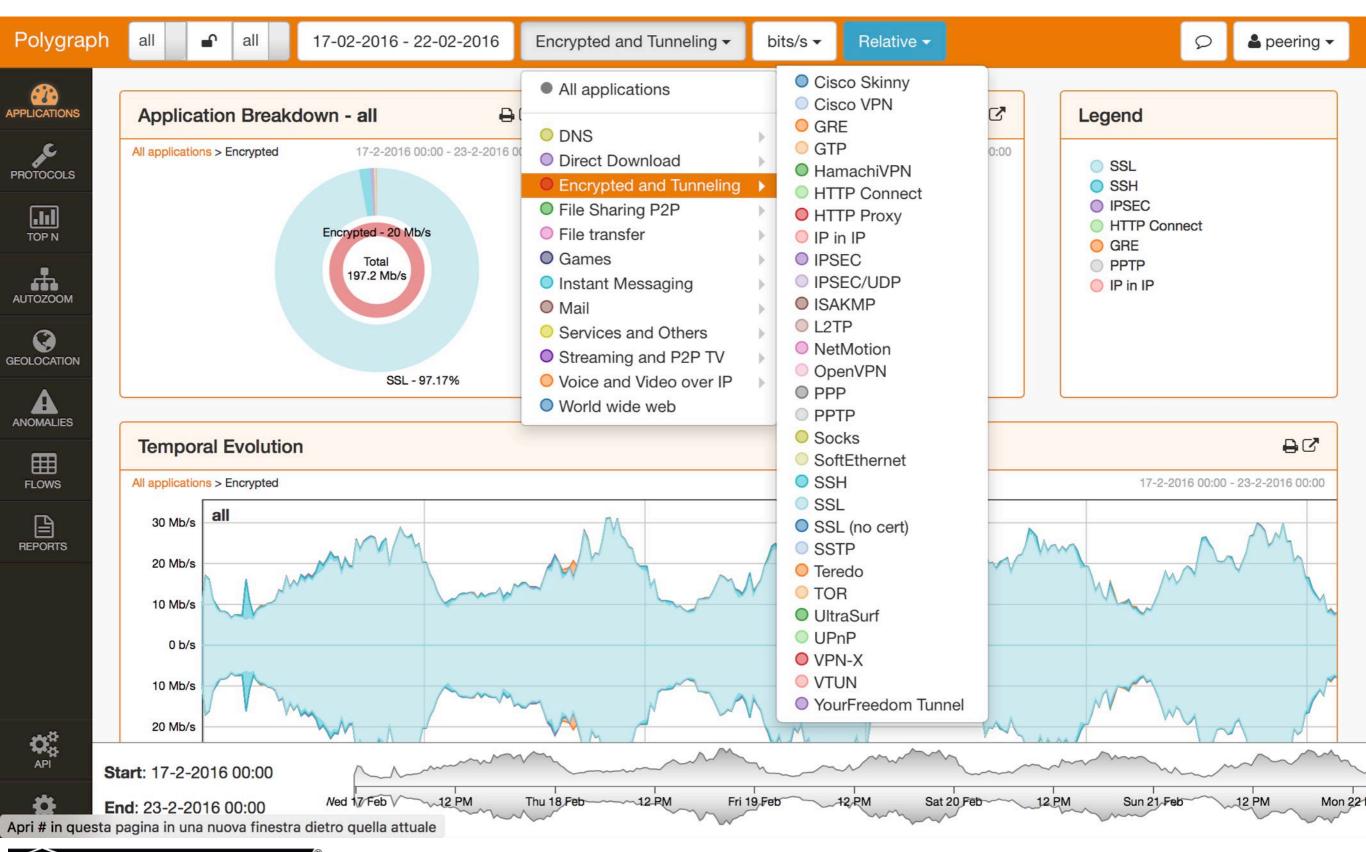


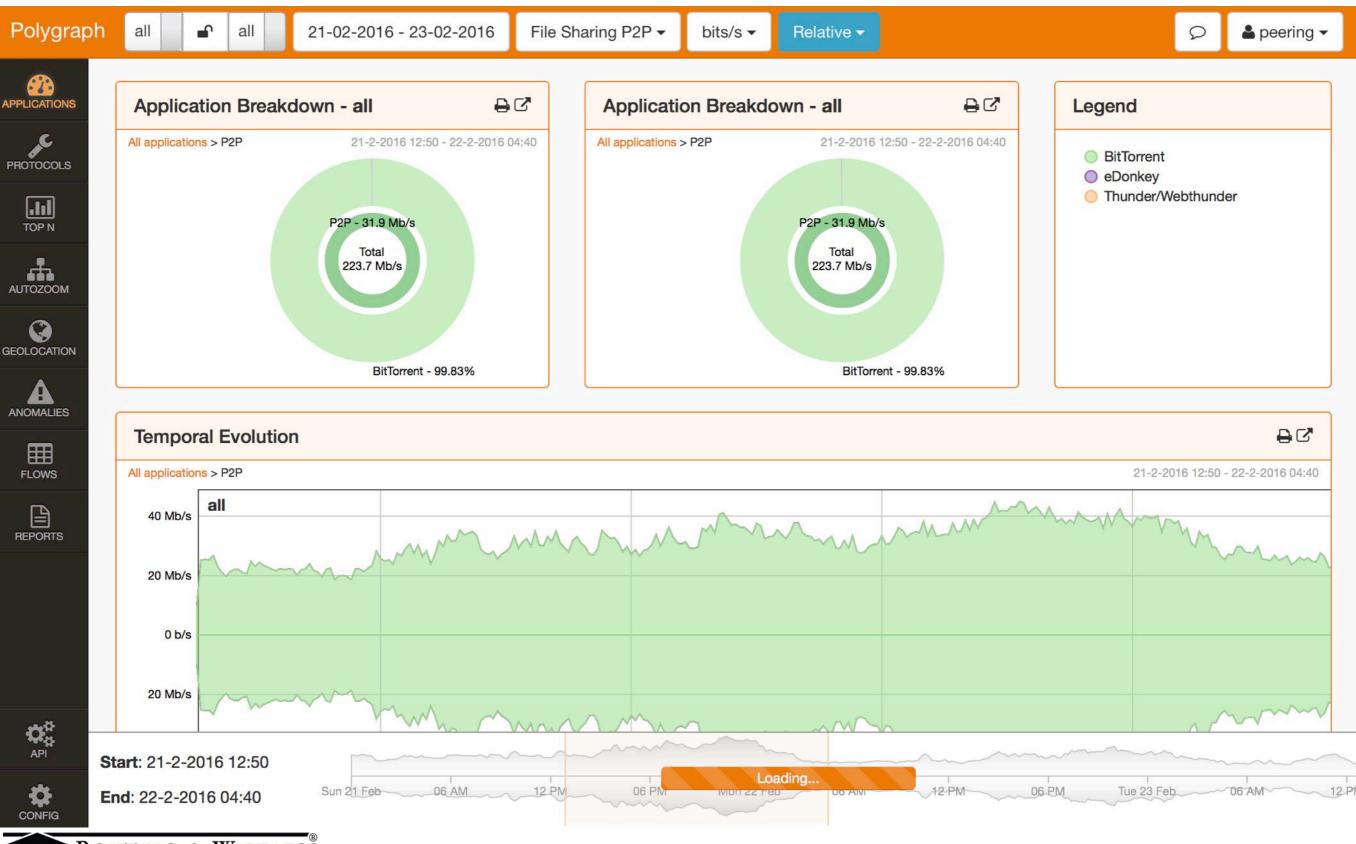












- CitrixOnline GotoMeeting
- FiCall
- Generic Voice
- H323
- O IAX
- Iskoot
- Lync
- MGCP
- MyPeople
- NOE
- O ooVoo
- Scydo
- O SIP
- Skype
- Tango
- TeamSpeak
- Truphone
- Ventrilo
- Viber
- VoipSwitch VoIP Tunnel

- AdobeCon...
- Apple iTunes
- AVI
- O DCE RPC
- Feidian
- FLASH
- Funshion
- Grooveshark
- Icecast
- iPlayer
- O IPTV
- Kontiki
- Last.fm
- MMS
- Mojo
- Move
- MPEG
- Multimedia...
- NetFlix
- Octoshape
- OGG
- OGG Vorbis
- ORB
- Pandora

- PPLIVE
- PPSTREAM
- QQLive
- QUICKTIME
- RealDataTr...
- REALMEDIA
- RTCP
- RTP
- RTSP
- Shoutcast
- Slingbox
- SOPCAST
- Spotify
- TVANTS
- TVUPLAYER
- Vcast
- VeohTV
- VeohTV
- Webex
- WebM
- WINDOWS...
- YouTube
- ZATTOO

- Gmail
- IMAP
- IMAPs
- Lotus Notes
- POP
- POPS
- SMTP
- SMTPs



- Activesync
- AFP
- Apple
- BGP
- Blackberry
- Citrix
- CitrixGoTo
- collectd
- ComodoUnite
- Corba
- O DHCP
- O DHCPv6
- EGP
- I23V5
- ICMP
- O ICMPv6
- IGMP
- O IPP
- JAP
- JBK3000
- Kerberos
- LDAP

- LDP
- LPD
- Mapi
- msSQL
- MySQL
- NETBIOS
- NetFlow/IP...
- NFS
- NTP
- Oracle
- OSPF
- PCAnywhere
- PostgreSQL
- RADIUS
- RDP
- RemoteScan
- RSync
- SAP
- SCTP
- sFlow
- Skinny
- SMB/CIFS

- SNMP
- Socrates
- SSDP
- STUN
- Syslog
- O TDS
- TeamViewer
- Telnet
- Tunnelvoice
- Ubuntu ONE
- UltraBac
- Usenet
- VMWare
- VNC
- VRRP
- WAP-WSP
- WAP-WTLS
- WAP-WTP-...
- WebDAV
- Whois-DAS
- WindowsU...
- XDMCP

- eBuddy
- Fring
- Gadu-Gadu
- Goober
- Google Talk
- OMI O
- IMplus
- IRC
- Jabber
- MEEBO
- MSN
- MSRP
- NIMBUZZ
- Oscar
- Paltalk
- POPO
- O QQ
- Unencrypted Jabber
- WhatsApp
- XDCC



- Armagetron
- Battlefield
- ClubPenguin
- CrossFire
- Dofus
- Fiesta
- Florensia
- GameKit
- Guild Wars
- Halflife2
- MapleStory
- PS3
- QQGame
- Quake
- rFactor
- Second Life
- SplashFighter
- Steam
- Warcraft III
- Wii
- World of Kung Fu
- World of Warcraft
- XBOX

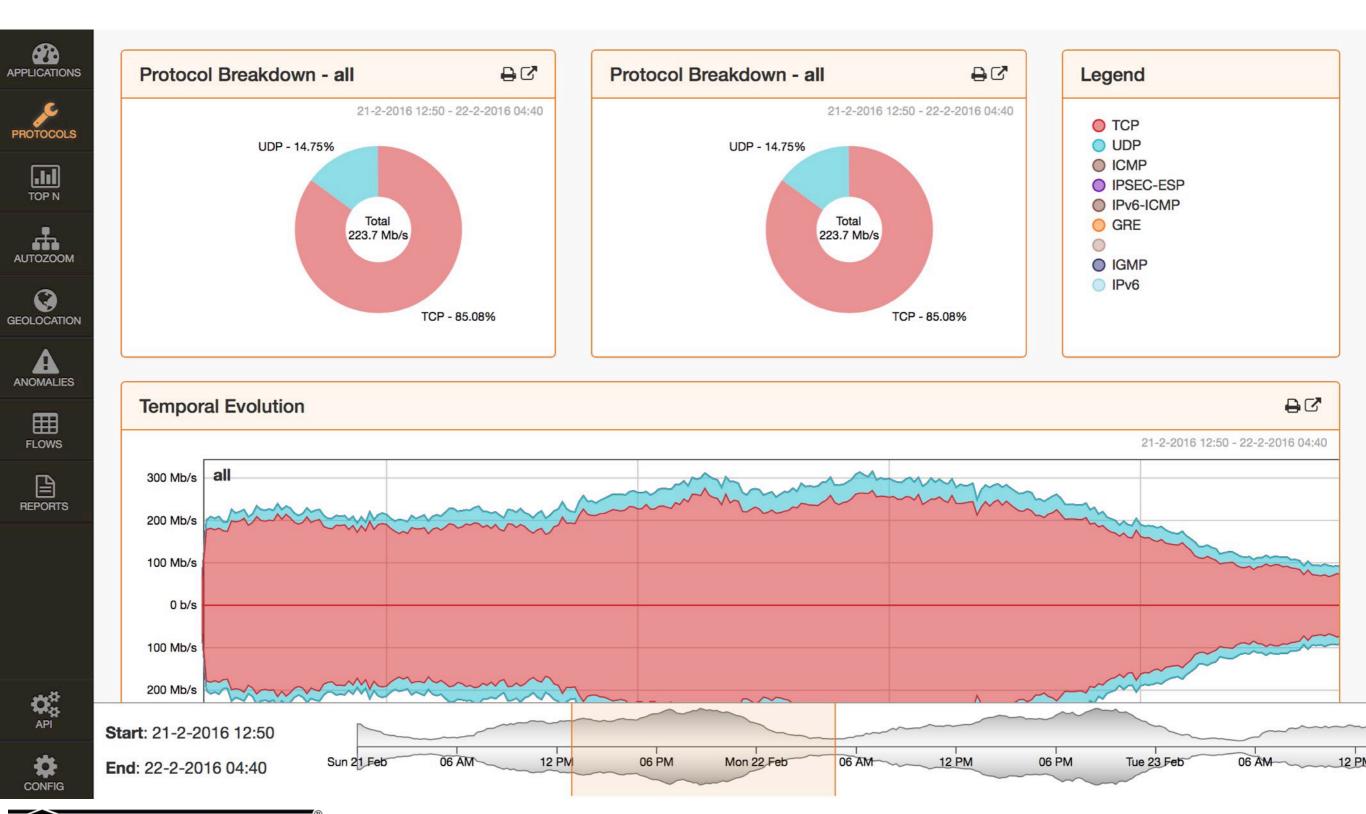
- Aimini
- ANtsP2P
- AppleJuice
- Ares
- Bitcoin Mining
- BitTorrent
- DirectConnect
- eDonkey
- eDonkey
- Freenet
- Gnutella
- Gnutella
- iMesh
- Kazaa/Fasttrack
- KaZaa/Fasttrack
- Manolito
- Mute
- OFF
- OpenFT
- Pando
- Soulseek
- Soulseek
- StealthNet
- Thunder/Webthunder
- UUSEE
- WinMX
- WINNY

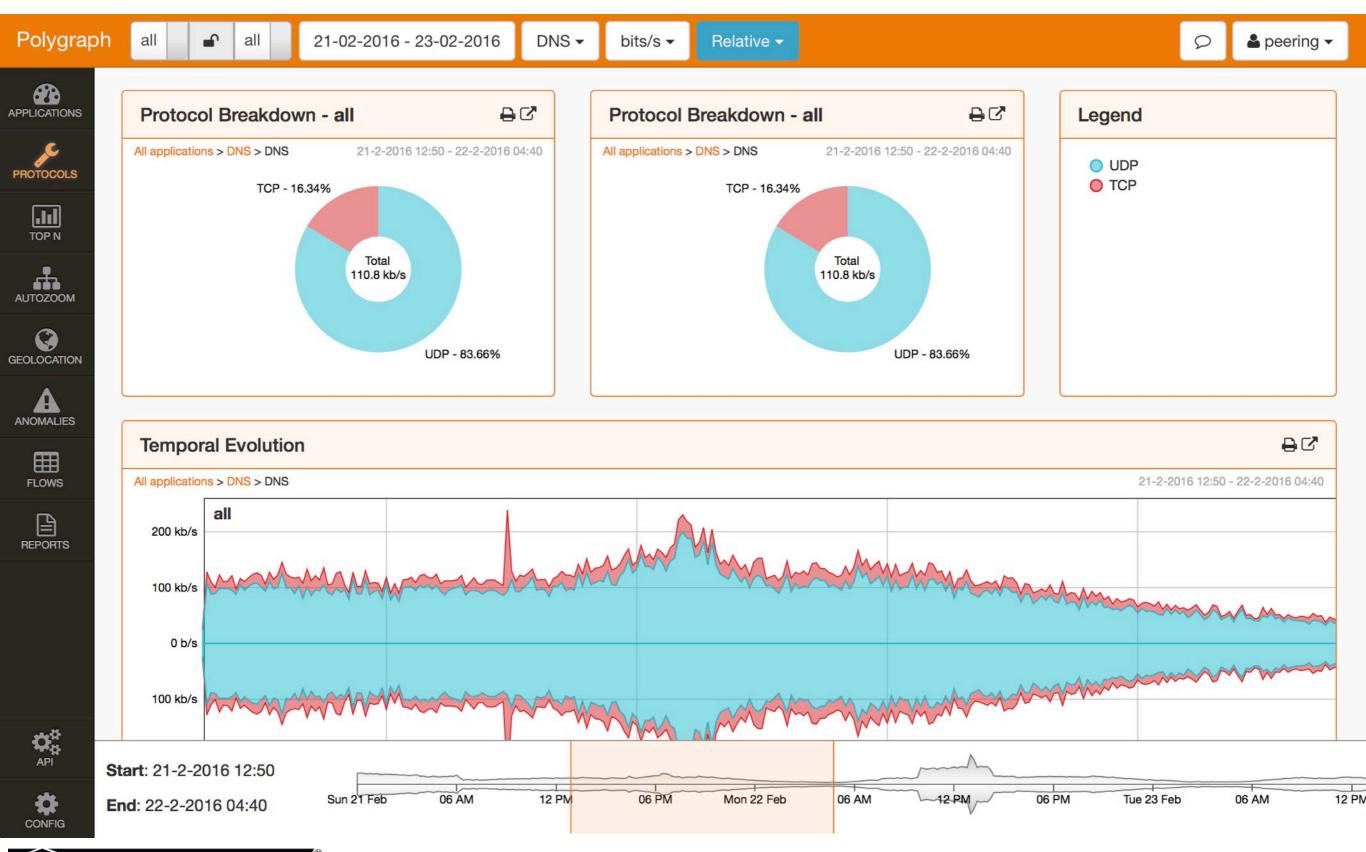
- Cisco Skinny
- Cisco VPN
- GRE
- GTP
- HamachiVPN
- HTTP Connect
- HTTP Proxy
- IP in IP
- IPSEC
- O IPSEC/UDP
- ISAKMP
- O L2TP
- NetMotion
- OpenVPN
- PPP
- PPTP
- Socks
- SoftEthernet
- SSH
- SSL
- SSL (no cert)
- SSTP
- Teredo
- TOR
- UltraSurf
- UPnP
- O VPN-X
- O VTUN
- YourFreedom Tunnel

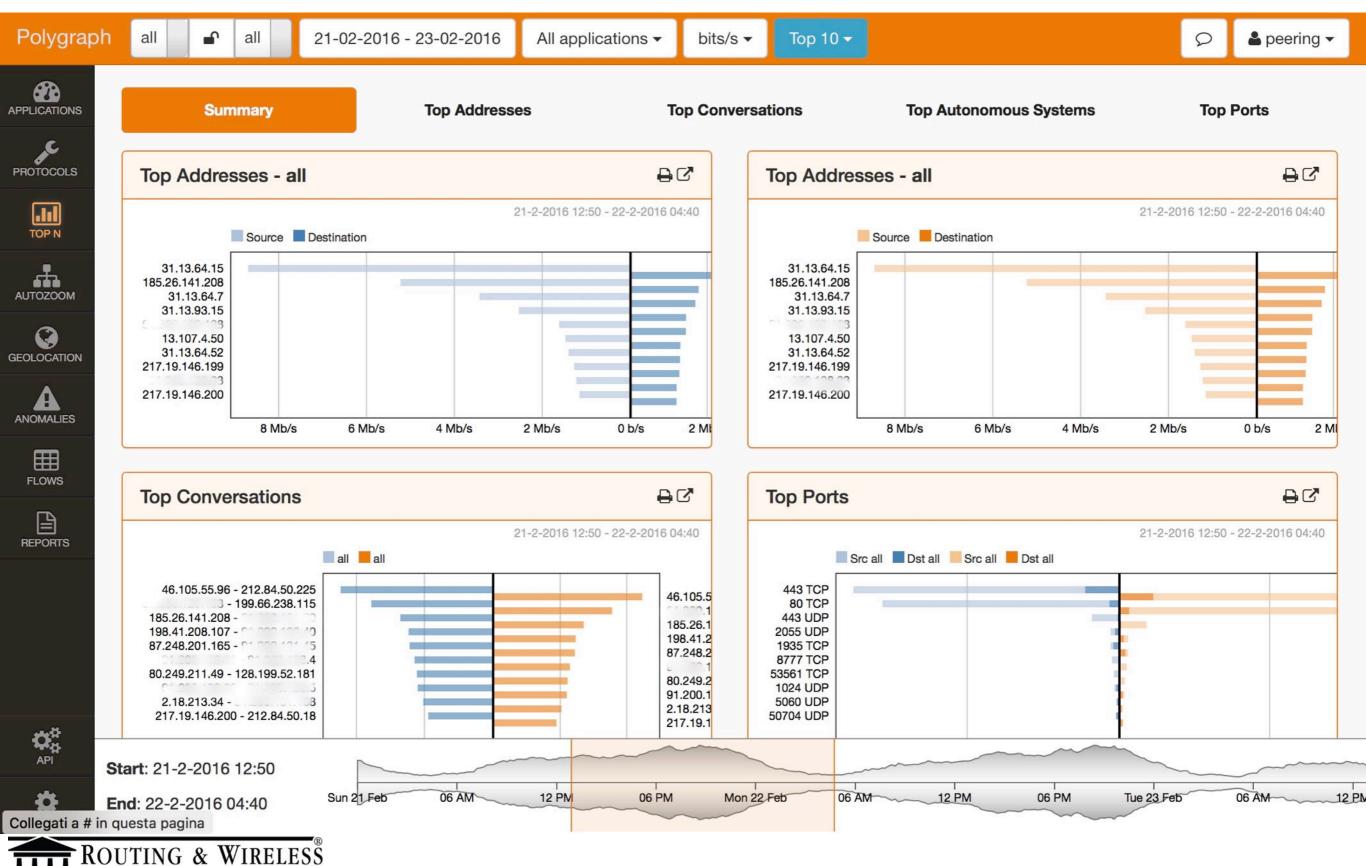
- Apple iCloud
- Dropbox
- FTP
- TFTP

- DirectDownloadLink
- Filetopia
- Skyfile postpaid
- Skyfile prepaid
- Skyfile rudics
- Wuala

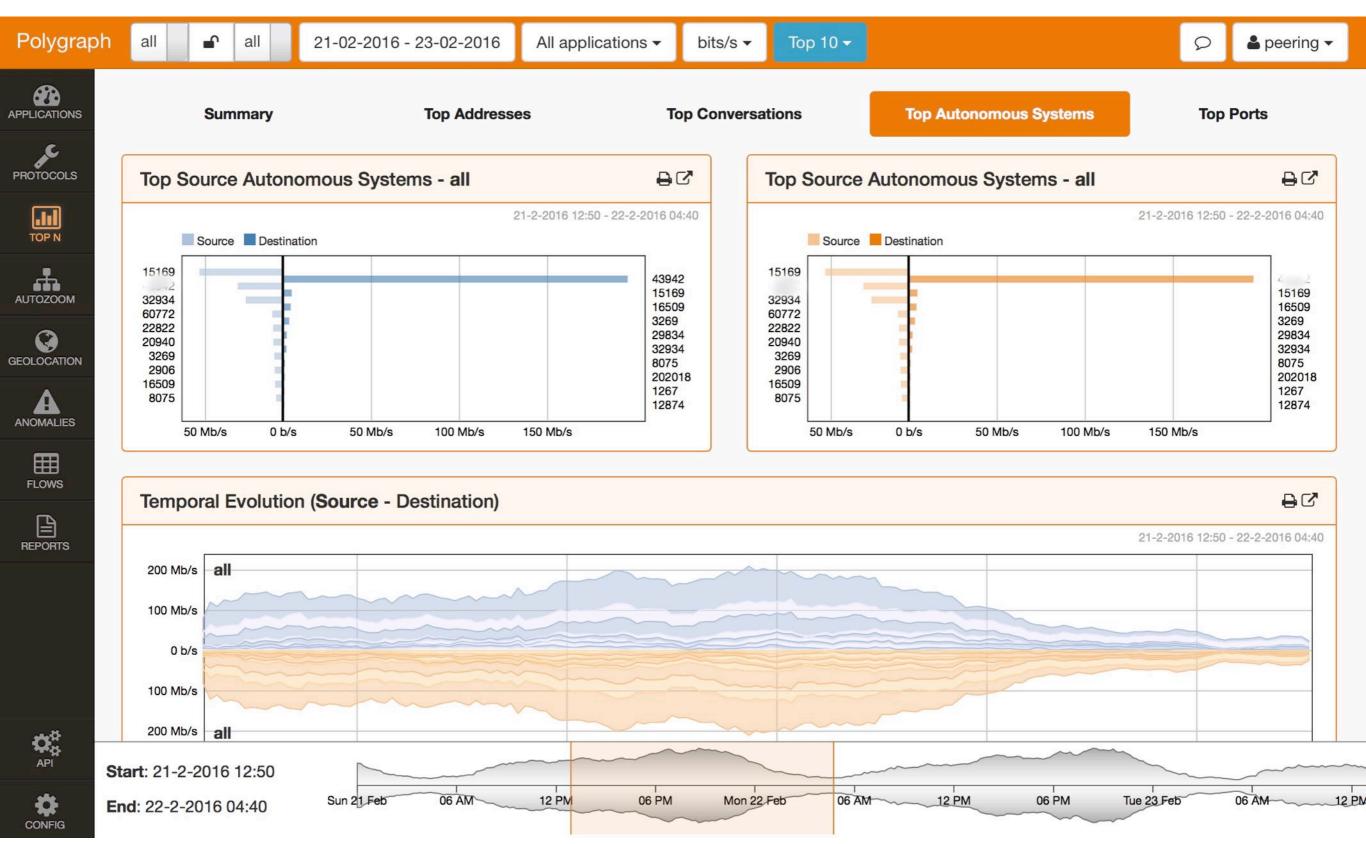
- DNS
- LLMNR
- MulticastDNS

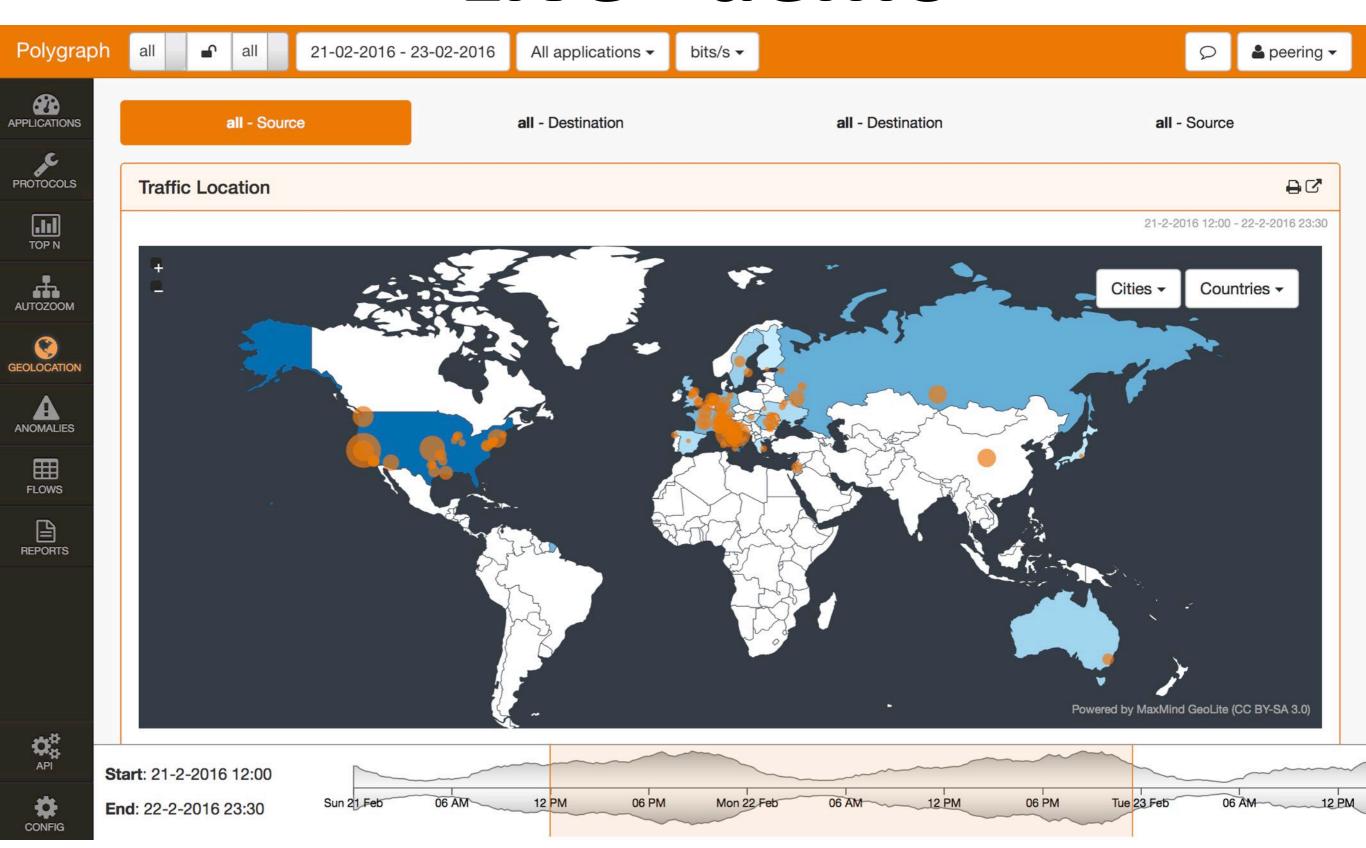


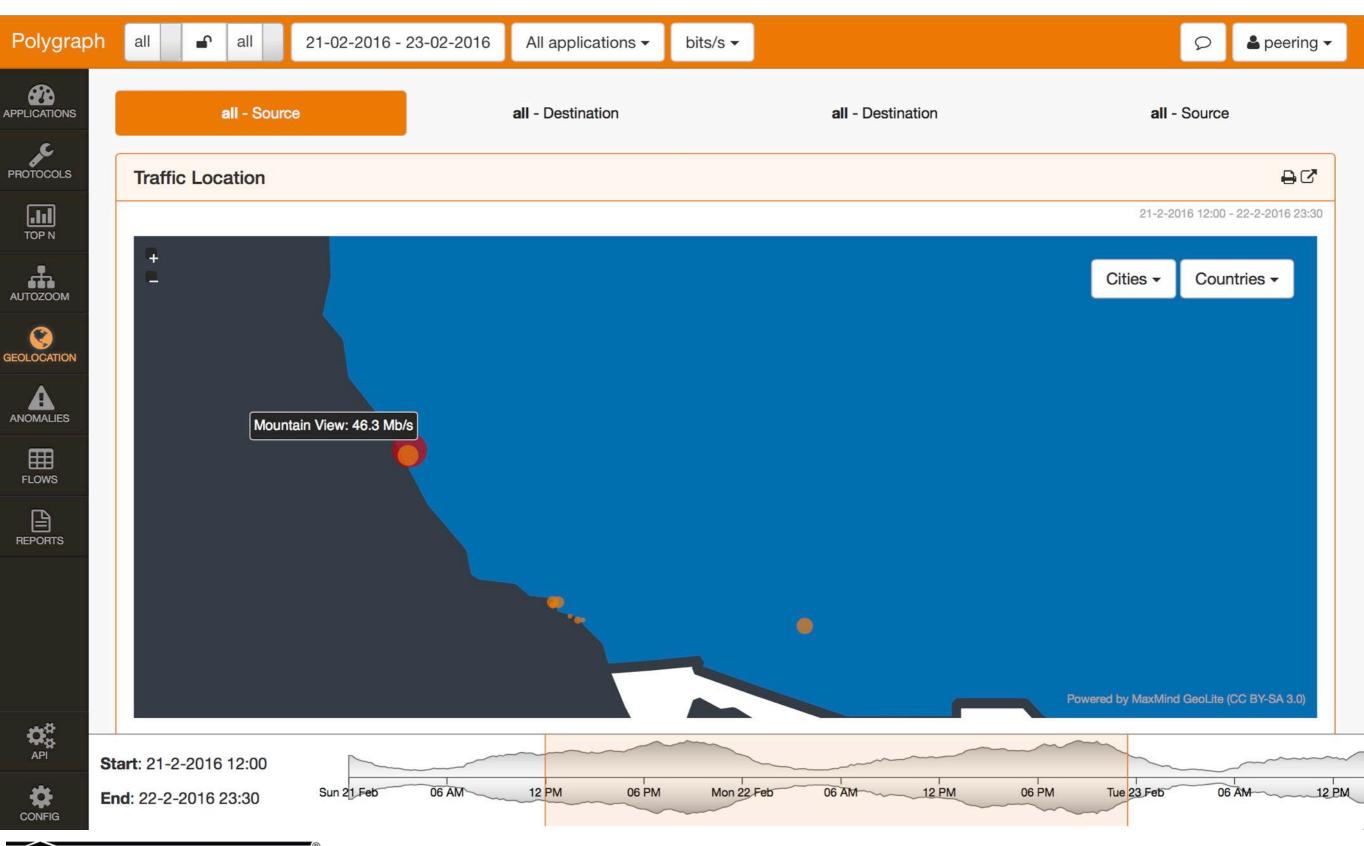




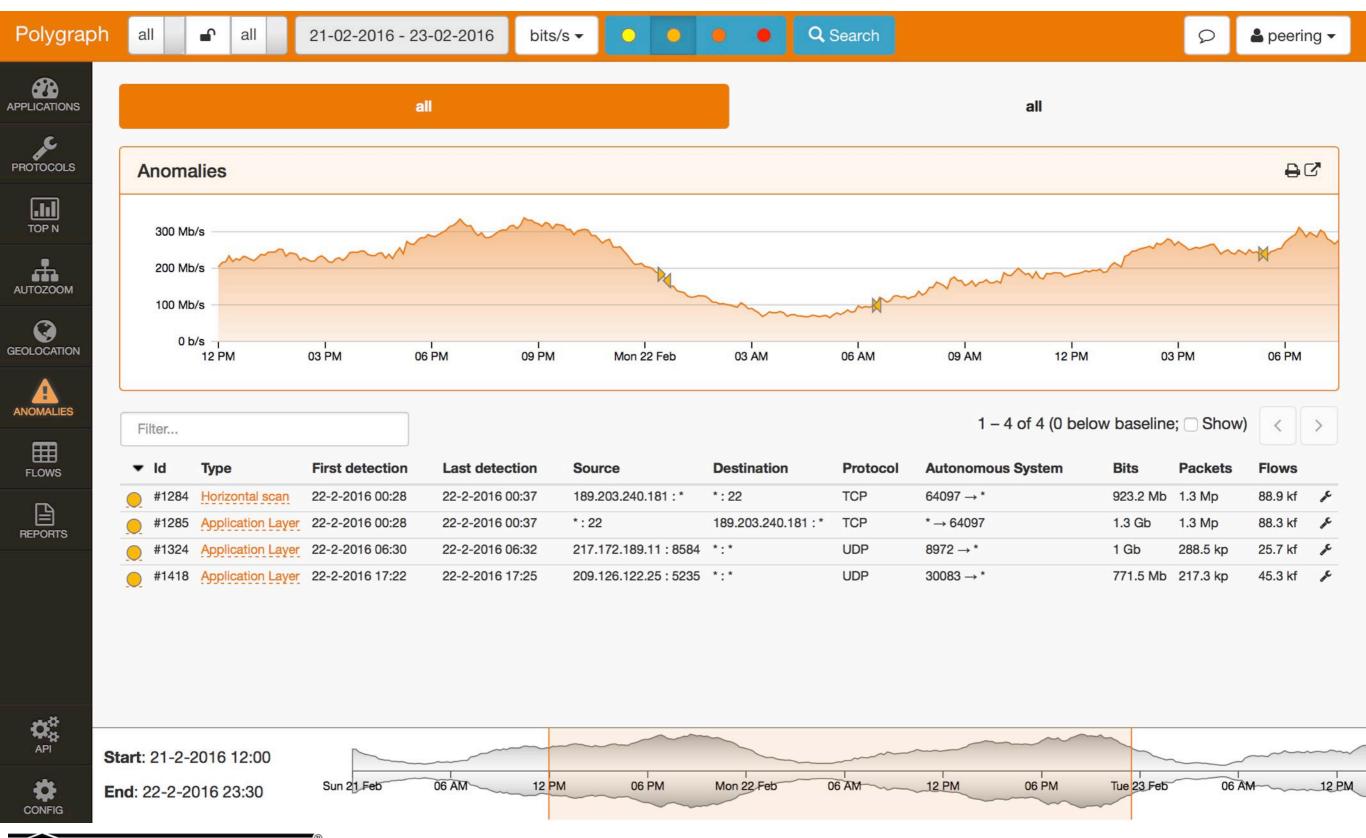
CADEMY







You can also make reports, watch and export the store flows, and



Security

The security is another application of the Traffic Flow.

My contents will stop here, hope you'll enjoy a dedicated presentation this evening.



Wrap up

With the Traffic Flow and a NetFlow Analyzer you can know what happen in your network and the kind of traffic exchanged by your customers

From this privileged point of view you can manage, plan and prevent the "things" of your network.

Wrap up

✓ I hope you'll deploy soon your privileged "point of observation" ⓒ



Thank you!

Q & A

http://training.grifonline.it training@grifonline.it

