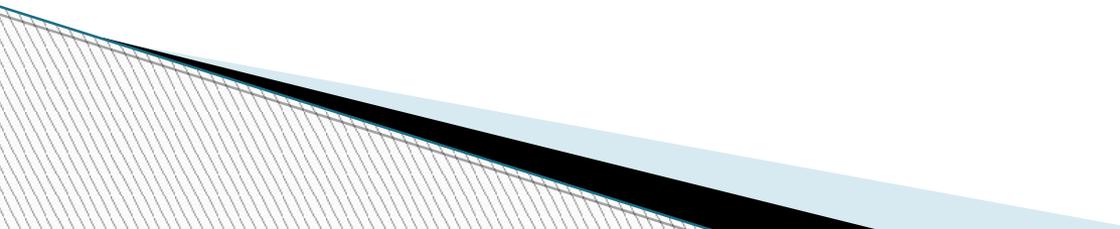




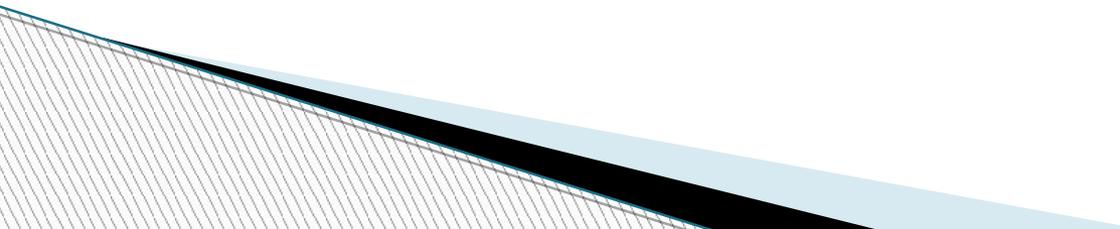
# Konfigurasi MikroTIK di Sekolah Saya

Oleh Asep Jalaludin

# Biodata

- ▶ Asep Jalaludin
  - ▶ Pengajar Mapel Produktif TKJ dan Staf TI
  - ▶ Trainer Mikrotik Academy dan Oracle Academy
- 

# SMK Bintang Nusantara School

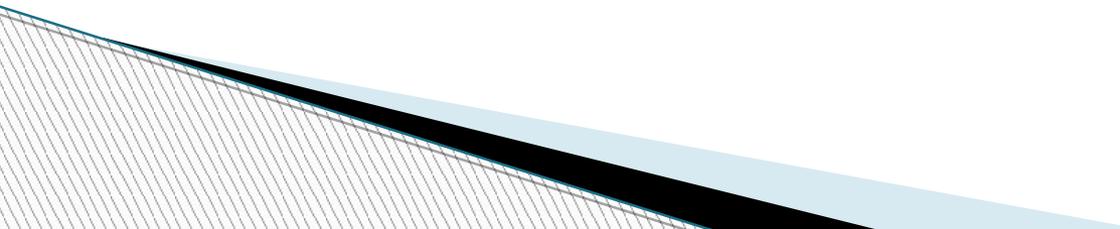
- ▶ Mulai beroperasi sejak Juli 2011
  - ▶ Berlokasi di Sepatan, Kab. Tangerang, Banten
  - ▶ Memiliki 5 Jurusan (Teknik Komputer dan Jaringan, Multimedia, Keperawatan, Farmasi , Akuntansi)
  - ▶ Jumlah siswa 123 orang (per TP 2015/2016)
  - ▶ Oktober 2014, Menjadi Mikrotik Academy
  - ▶ Agustus 2014, Menjadi Cisco Academy
  - ▶ 2014, Menjadi Oracle Academy
- 

# Materi

- ▶ Konfigurasi dasar mikrotik sampai terkoneksi internet
- ▶ Bandwidth management terintegrasi dengan hotspot
- ▶ Integrasi dengan radius server dari win server 2012
- ▶ Blokir website terjadwal
- ▶ Force DHCP
- ▶ Force DNS
- ▶ Pengamanan menggunakan port knocking



# Konfigurasi internet

- ▶ Set nama interface
  - ▶ Set DHCP client
  - ▶ Set IP address
  - ▶ Set DNS
  - ▶ Set route (jika tidak menggunakan DHCP client)
  - ▶ Set NAT (jika tidak menggunakan hotspot)
  - ▶ Set DHCP server (jika tidak menggunakan hotspot)
- 

# Set interface name

The screenshot illustrates the steps to configure a network interface name in a management console. The interface is divided into several sections:

- Left Panel:** A navigation tree with 'Interfaces' circled in black and labeled with a red '1'.
- Interface List:** A table with columns 'Interface', 'Ethernet', and 'EoIP Tu'. The row for 'ether1-internet' is highlighted in blue and circled in black, with a red '2' pointing to the name field.
- Configuration Dialog:** A window titled 'Interface <ether1-internet>' with a red '4' in the title bar. It has tabs for 'General', 'Ethernet', 'Overall Stats', 'Stats', and 'Tx Stats'. The 'Name' field is circled in black and labeled with a red '3', containing the text 'ether1-internet'.
- Buttons:** On the right side of the dialog, the 'OK' button is circled in black.

Interface	Ethernet	EoIP Tu
ether1-internet		
ether2-10kal		
ether3		
ether4		
ether5		
wlan1		Wireless

Interface <ether1-internet>

General | Ethernet | Overall Stats | Stats | Tx Stats | ...

Name: ether1-internet

Type: Ethernet

MTU: 1500

L2 MTU: 1598

Max L2 MTU: 4074

MAC Address: D4:CA:6D:E0:30:70

ARP: enabled

Master Port: none

Bandwidth (Rx/Tx): unlimited / unlimited

Switch: switch1

OK

Cancel

Apply

Disable

Comment

Torch

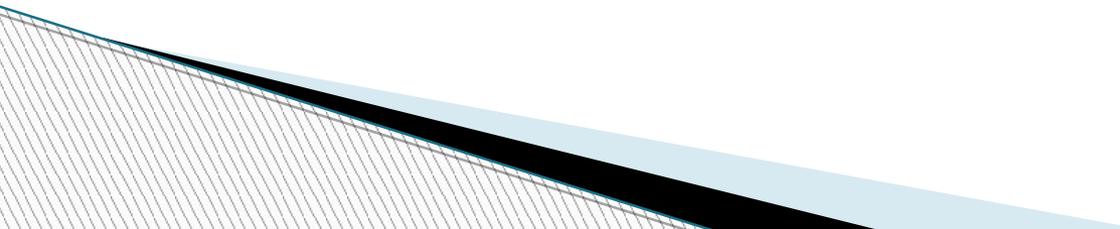
Cable Test

Blink

Reset MAC Address

Reset Counters

# Set interface name

- ▶ /interface ethernet
  - ▶ Set name=ether1-internet  
number=0
  - ▶ Set name=ether2-lokal  
number=1
- 

# Set DHCP client

The screenshot illustrates the process of setting a DHCP client in Mikrotik WinBox. The interface is divided into a left sidebar and a main workspace.

**Step 1:** The 'IP' menu item in the left sidebar is circled in black.

**Step 2:** The 'DHCP Client' option in the left sidebar is circled in black.

**Step 3:** A '+' icon in the DHCP Client workspace is circled in black.

**Step 4:** The 'New DHCP Client' dialog box is open. The 'Interface' dropdown menu is set to 'ether1-internet' and is circled in black.

**Step 5:** The 'OK' button in the 'New DHCP Client' dialog box is circled in black.

The 'New DHCP Client' dialog box contains the following fields and options:

- Interface:** ether1-internet
- Use Peer DNS
- Use Peer NTP
- DHCP Options:** [Empty field]
- Add Default Route:** yes
- Default Route Distance:** 0

Buttons on the right side of the dialog include: OK, Cancel, Apply, Disable, Comment, Copy, and Remove.

# Set DHCP client

- ▶ `/ip dhcp-client`
- ▶ `add interface=ether1 -internet`

# Set IP address

The image shows a network configuration interface with a sidebar on the left and a main panel on the right. The sidebar contains a tree view with the following items: IP (1), MPLS, Routing, System, Queues, Files, Log, Radius, Tools, New Terminal, MetaROUTER, and Partition. The main panel shows a list of services: ARP, Accounting, Addresses (2), Cloud, DHCP Client, DHCP Relay, DHCP Server, DNS, Firewall, Hotspot, IPsec, and Neighbors. A 'New Address' dialog box (4) is open, showing the configuration of an IP address (192.168.2.1/23) on the 'ether2+lokal' interface (5). The dialog box has buttons for OK (6), Cancel, Apply, and Disable. A '+' icon (3) is also visible in the dialog box's toolbar.

3	Address
D	+ 192.168.2.1/23

New Address 4

Address: 192.168.2.1/23

Network: [ ]

Interface: ether2+lokal 5

OK 6

Cancel

Apply

Disable

# Set IP address

- ▶ /ip address
- ▶ add address=192.168.2.1 /23  
interface=ether2-lokal

# Set DNS

The image shows a network configuration interface with a sidebar menu and a main configuration area. The sidebar menu includes items like IP, MPLS, Routing, System, Queues, Files, Log, Radius, Tools, New Terminal, and MetaROUTER. The main configuration area shows various services like ARP, Accounting, Addresses, Cloud, DHCP Client, DHCP Relay, DHCP Server, DNS, Firewall, Hotspot, and IPsec. The 'DNS' item is highlighted. A 'DNS Settings' dialog box is open, showing fields for Servers, Dynamic Servers, and Max UDP Packet Size. The 'Allow Remote Requests' checkbox is checked. The 'OK' button is highlighted.

1 IP

2 DNS

3  Allow Remote Requests

4 OK

DNS Settings

Servers: [ ]

Dynamic Servers: 192.168.2.1

192.168.20.1

8.8.8.8

8.8.4.4

Max UDP Packet Size: 4096

Cancel

Apply

Static

Cache

# Set DNS

- ▶ /ip dns
- ▶ Set servers=8.8.8.8,8.8.4.4
- ▶ set allow-remote-requests=yes

# Set Route

The screenshot displays the MikroTik WinBox interface. On the left, the 'Routes' menu item is highlighted with a red circle and the number '1'. In the center, the 'Route List' window shows a table with columns for 'Routes', 'Dst. Address', and 'Gateway'. A plus sign icon is circled in red with the number '3'. On the right, the 'New Route' dialog box is open, showing the 'Gateway' field set to '0.0.0.0', which is circled in red with the number '4'. The 'OK' button is also circled in red with the number '5'.

Routes	Dst. Address	Gateway
DAS	0.0.0.0/0	192.168.2.1
DAC	192.168.2.0/23	ether1-int
DAC	192.168.4.0/23	ether2-loc

# Set Route

- ▶ `/ip route`
- ▶ `add gateway=192.168.20.1`

# Set NAT

The screenshot shows the Mikrotik WinBox interface. On the left, the 'Tools' menu is open, with 'Firewall' selected. The 'Firewall' sub-menu is also open, showing 'Filter Rules' and 'NAT' options. The 'New NAT Rule' dialog is open, with the 'Action' tab selected. The 'Chain' is set to 'srcnat' and the 'Out. Interface' is set to 'ether1-internet'. The 'Action' tab is selected, and the 'Action' dropdown is set to 'masquerade'. The 'Log' checkbox is checked. The 'OK' button is highlighted.

1 IP  
2 Firewall  
3 NAT  
4 +  
5 Chain: srcnat  
6 Out. Interface: ether1-internet  
7 Action  
8 Log  
9 OK

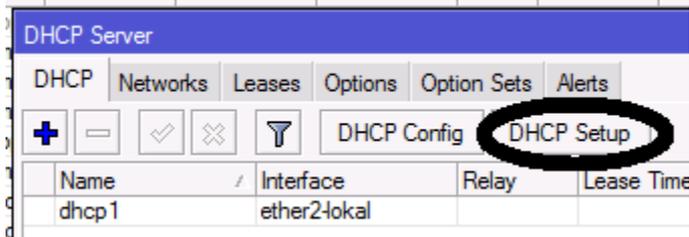
The close-up shows the 'New NAT Rule' dialog, 'Action' tab. The 'Action' dropdown is set to 'masquerade'. The 'Log' checkbox is checked. The 'OK' button is highlighted.

8 Log  
9 OK

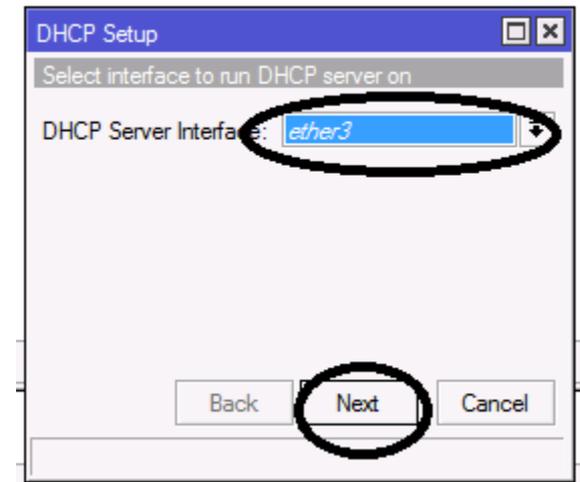
# Set NAT

- ▶ `/ip firewall nat`
- ▶ `add action=masquerade chain=srcnat out-interface=ether1 -internet`

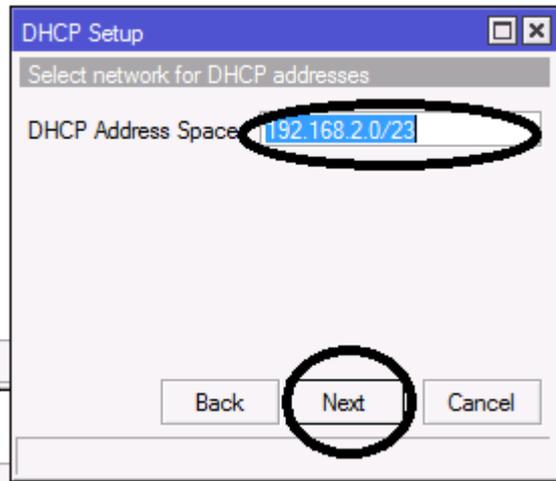
# Set DHCP-Server (1)



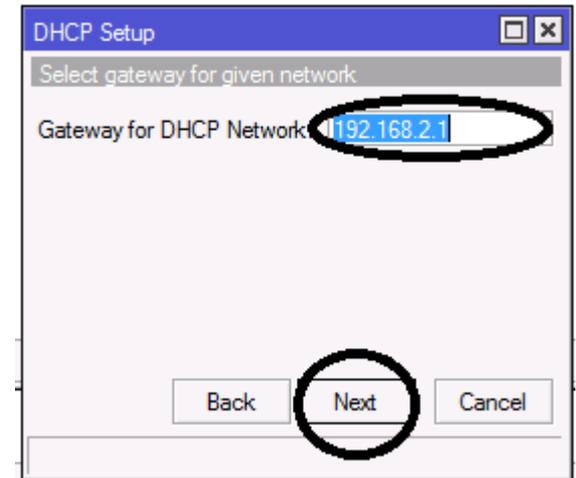
Tahap 1



Tahap 2

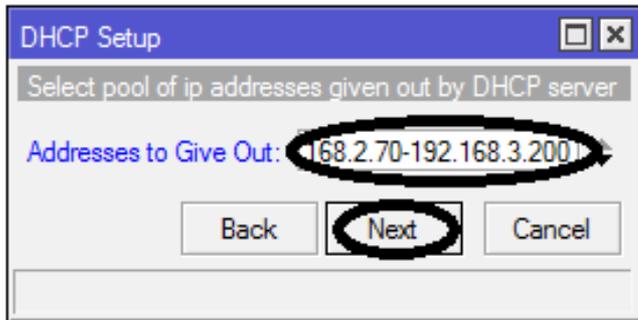


Tahap 3

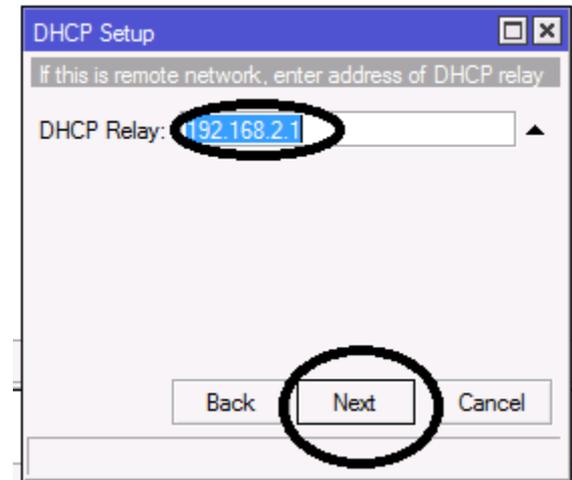


Tahap 4

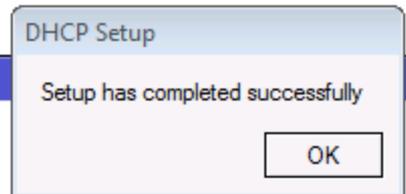
# Set DHCP-Server (2)



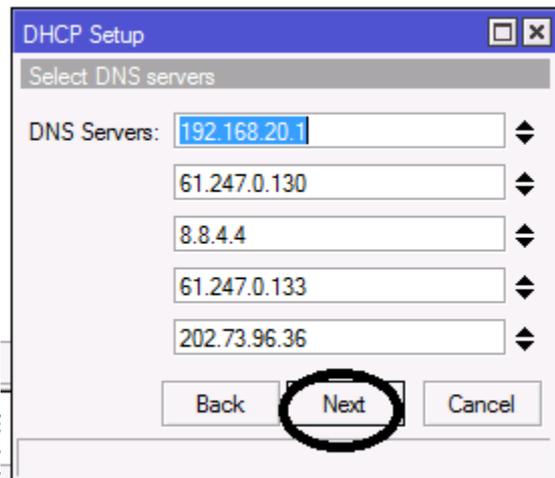
Tahap 5



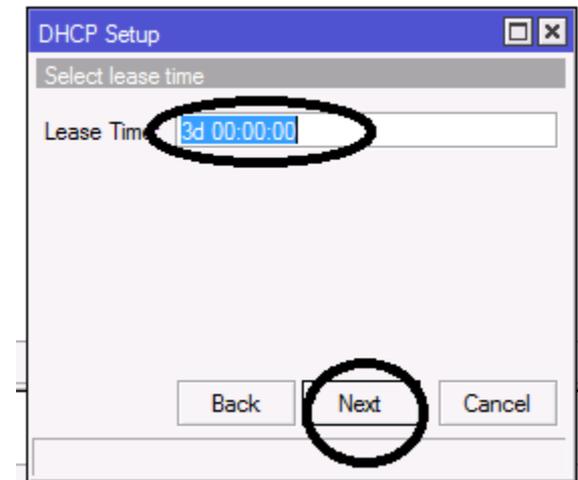
Tahap 6



Tahap 9

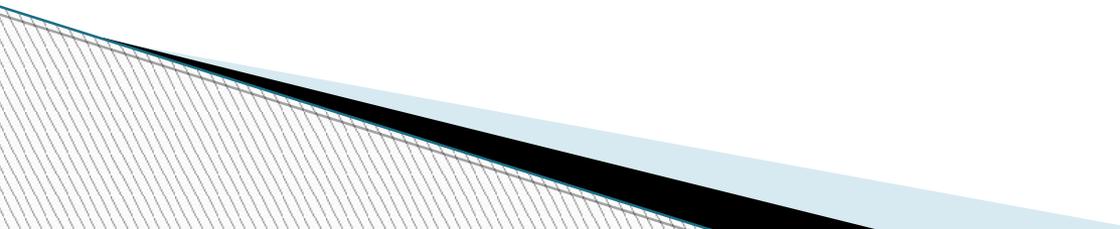


Tahap 7



Tahap 8

# Set DHCP-Server (1)

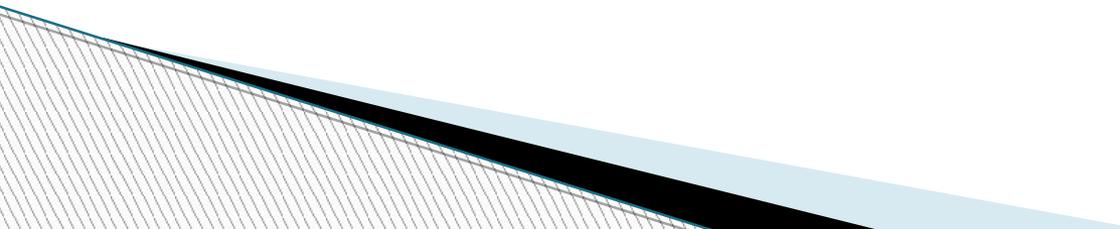
- ▶ `/ip dhcp-server setup`
  - ▶ Select interface to run DHCP server on
  - ▶ dhcp server interface: ether2-lokal
  - ▶ Select network for DHCP addresses
  - ▶ dhcp address space: 192.168.2.0/23
  - ▶ Select gateway for given network
- 

# Set DHCP-Server (2)

- ▶ gateway for dhcp network: 192.168.2.1
- ▶ Select pool of ip addresses given out by DHCP server
- ▶ addresses to give out: 192.168.2.70–192.168.3.200
- ▶ Select DNS servers
- ▶ dns servers: 192.168.2.1,192.168.20.1
  
- ▶ Select lease time
- ▶ lease time: 3d



# Hotspot dan QoS

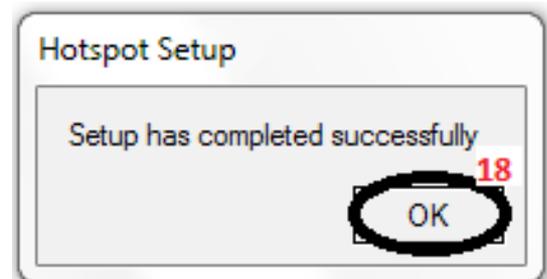
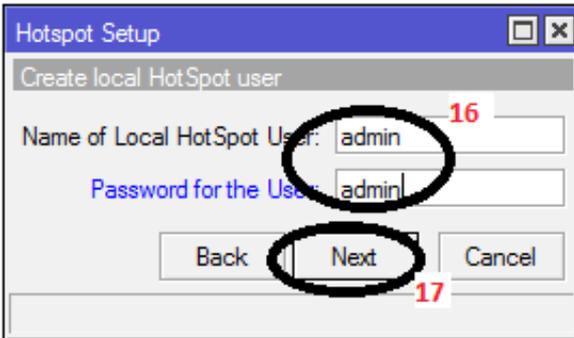
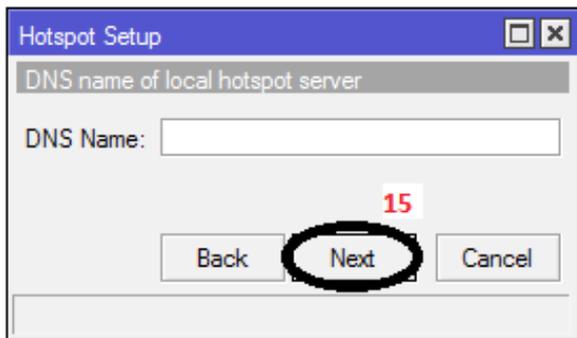
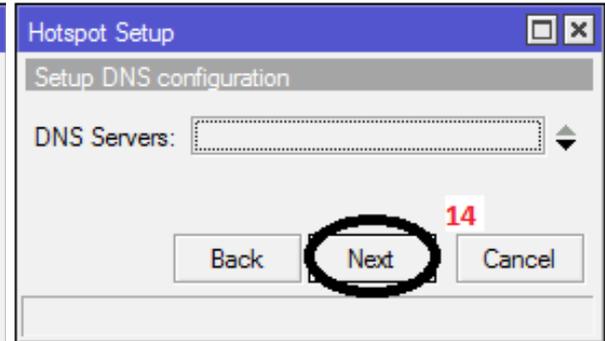
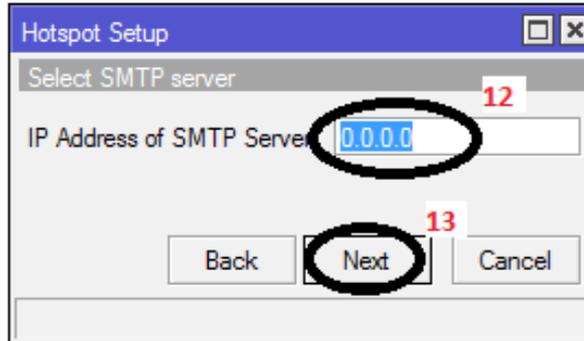
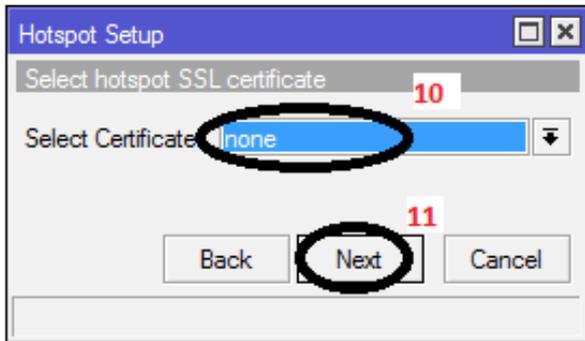
- ▶ Setup Hotspot
  - ▶ Set IP Binding
  - ▶ Set Walled Garden
  - ▶ Set Hotspot User Profile untuk manajemen bandwidth
  - ▶ Tampilan simple queues setelah terpasang Hotspot
  - ▶ Tampilan NAT setelah terpasang Hotspot
- 

# Set Hotspot (1)

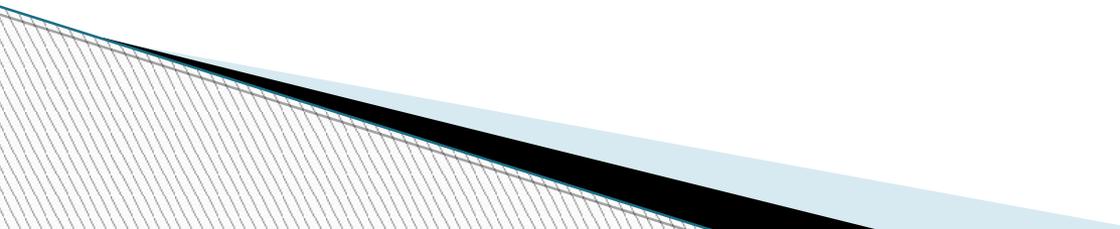
The image shows a sequence of steps to configure a hotspot in Mikrotik WinBox:

- Step 1:** The 'IP' menu item in the left sidebar is circled in red.
- Step 2:** The 'Hotspot' option under the 'Tools' menu is circled in red.
- Step 3:** The 'Hotspot Setup' button in the top toolbar is circled in red.
- Step 4:** In the 'Hotspot Setup' dialog, the 'HotSpot Interface' field is set to 'ether2-lokal' and circled in black.
- Step 5:** The 'Next' button in the 'Hotspot Setup' dialog is circled in black.
- Step 6:** In the 'Hotspot Setup' dialog, the 'Local Address of Network' field is set to '192.168.2.1/23' and circled in black.
- Step 7:** The 'Next' button in the 'Hotspot Setup' dialog is circled in black.
- Step 8:** In the 'Hotspot Setup' dialog, the 'Address Pool of Network' field is set to '2.70-192.168.3.200' and circled in black.
- Step 9:** The 'Next' button in the 'Hotspot Setup' dialog is circled in black.

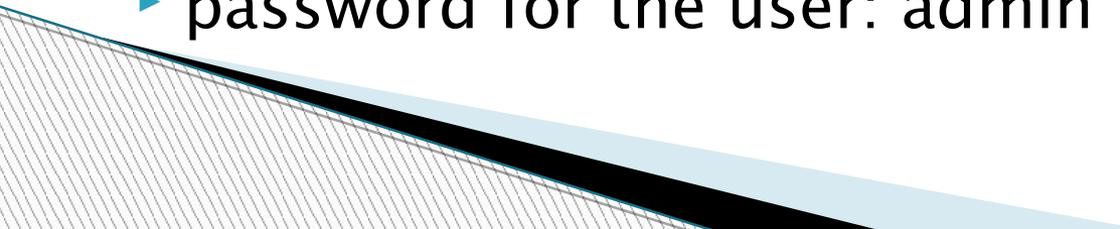
# Set Hotspot (2)



# Set Hotspot (1)

- ▶ /ip hotspot setup
  - ▶ Select interface to run HotSpot on
  - ▶ hotspot interface: ether2-lokal
  - ▶ Set HotSpot address for interface
  - ▶ local address of network: 192.168.2.1 /23
  - ▶ masquerade network: yes
  - ▶ Set pool for HotSpot addresses
  - ▶ address pool of network: 192.168.2.70–192.168.3.200
- 

# Set Hotspot (2)

- ▶ Select hotspot SSL certificate
  - ▶ select certificate: none
  - ▶ Select SMTP server
  - ▶ ip address of smtp server: 0.0.0.0
  - ▶ Setup DNS configuration
  - ▶ dns servers:
  - ▶ DNS name of local hotspot server
  - ▶ dns name:
  - ▶ Create local hotspot user
  - ▶ name of local hotspot user: admin
  - ▶ password for the user: admin
- 

# Set IP binding Hotspot

The screenshot displays the Mikrotik Hotspot configuration window. The 'IP Bindings' tab is selected and circled with a black oval, labeled with a red '1'. Below the main menu, a toolbar contains icons for adding, deleting, and filtering items. A table with columns for '#', 'MAC Address', 'Address', 'To Address', and 'Server' is visible, but it is currently empty. A modal dialog titled 'New Hotspot IP Binding' is open in the foreground. This dialog contains several fields: 'MAC Address' (empty), 'Address' (set to '168.2.2-192.168.2.69' and circled with a black oval, labeled with a red '2'), 'To Address' (empty), 'Server' (set to 'hotspot1' and circled with a black oval, labeled with a red '3'), and 'Type' (set to 'bypassed' and circled with a black oval, labeled with a red '4'). On the right side of the dialog, there are buttons for 'OK' (circled with a black oval, labeled with a red '5'), 'Cancel', 'Apply', 'Disable', 'Comment', 'Copy', and 'Remove'. The status 'enabled' is shown at the bottom of the dialog. The main window footer indicates '0 items'.

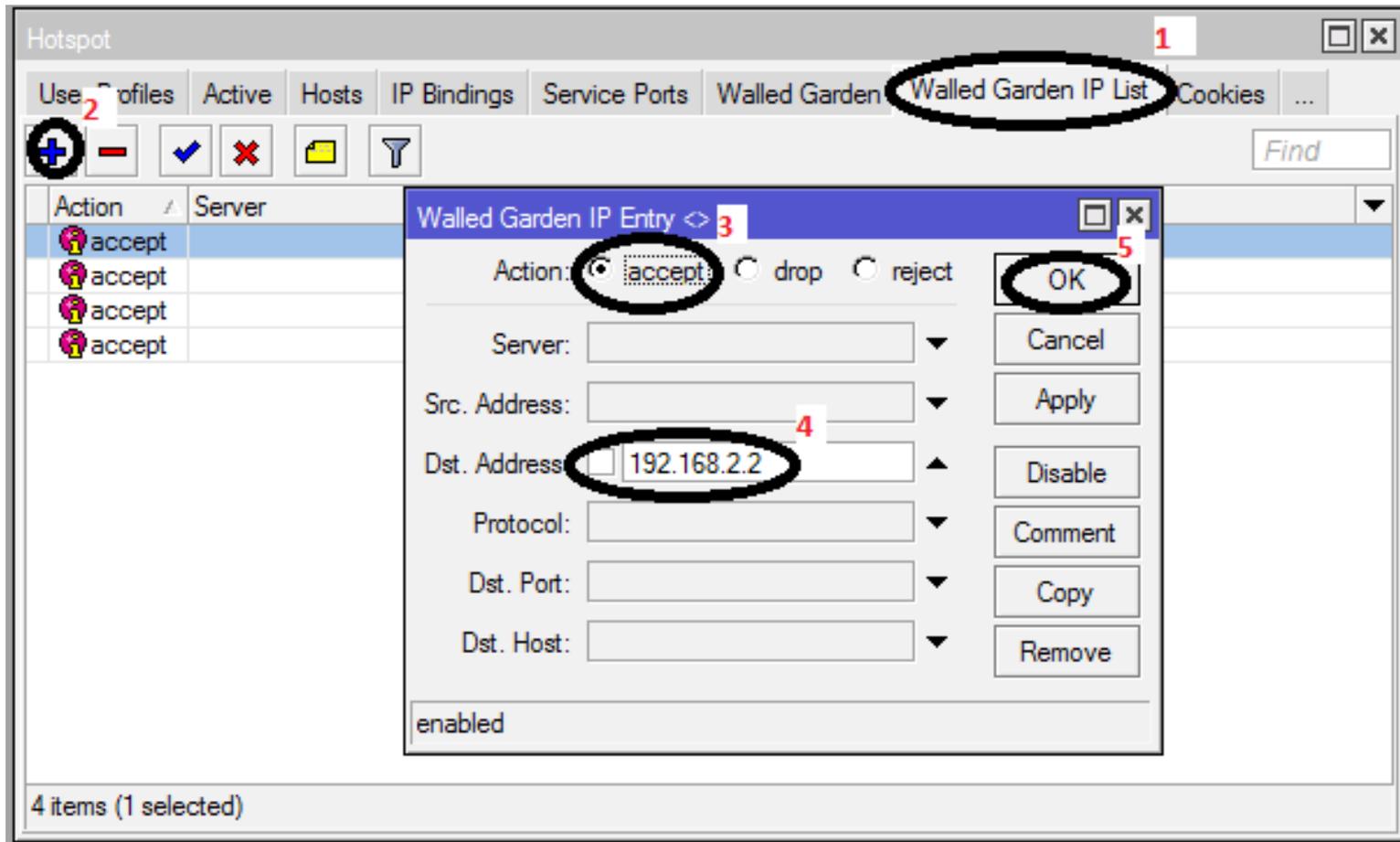
#	MAC Address	Address	To Address	Server
---	-------------	---------	------------	--------

0 items

# Set IP binding Hotspot

- ▶ `/ip hotspot ip-binding add  
address=192.168.2.2-192.168.2.69  
server=hotspot1 type=bypassed`

# Set Walled Garden Hotspot



# Set Walled Garden Hotspot

- ▶ `/ip hotspot walled-garden ip  
add action=accept  
disabled=no dst-  
address=192.168.2.2`

# Set Hotspot User Profile untuk manajemen bandwidth

The screenshot shows the Mikrotik Hotspot configuration interface. The main window is titled "Hotspot" and has a tabbed interface with "User Profiles" selected. In the left sidebar, a list of user profiles includes "default" and "siswa", with "siswa" selected. The "Hotspot User Profile <siswa>" dialog box is open, showing the "General" tab. The "Name" field is set to "siswa". The "Address Pool" is set to "none". The "Session Timeout" is set to "00:15:00". The "Idle Timeout" is set to "none". The "Keepalive Timeout" is set to "00:02:00". The "Status Autorefresh" is set to "00:01:00". The "Shared Users" is set to "1". The "Rate Limit (rx/tx)" is set to "10/100k 0/300k 0/128k 8/8 8". The "Add MAC Cookie" checkbox is checked. The "OK" button is highlighted.

Hotspot **1**

Users **User Profiles** Active Hosts IP Bindings Service Ports Walled Garden Walled Garden IP List ...

+ - Filter

Name

- default
- siswa** **2**

2 items (1 selected)

Hotspot User Profile <siswa> **5**

General Queue Advertise Scripts

Name: siswa

Address Pool: none

Session Timeout: **00:15:00** **3**

Idle Timeout: none

Keepalive Timeout: 00:02:00

Status Autorefresh: 00:01:00

Shared Users: 1

Rate Limit (rx/tx): **10/100k 0/300k 0/128k 8/8 8** **4**

Add MAC Cookie

OK Cancel Apply Copy Remove

# Set Hotspot User Profile untuk manajemen bandwidth

- ▶ `/ip hotspot user profile add name=siswa  
rate-limit="0/100k 0/300k 0/128k 8/8 8"  
session-timeout=15m transparent-  
proxy=yes`

# Tampilan simple queues setelah terpasang Hotspot

Queue List					
Simple Queues		Interface Queues	Queue Tree	Queue Types	
#	Name	Target	Upload Max Limit	Download Max Limit	Packet Marks
14	D  <hotspot-mm2013-agipirfanm...	192.168.2.208	unlimited	100k	
15	D  <hotspot-tkj2015-karluki>	192.168.3.83	unlimited	100k	
16	D  <hotspot-kp2013-santaclarita>	192.168.2.232	unlimited	100k	
17	D  <hotspot-tkj2015-trisnapriant...	192.168.3.134	unlimited	100k	
18	D  <hotspot-tkj2015-tiocakka>	192.168.3.80	unlimited	100k	
19	D  <hotspot-kp2015-nisamaulan...	192.168.2.196	unlimited	100k	
20	D  <hotspot-kp2014-destiyanak...	192.168.2.141	unlimited	100k	
21	D  <hotspot-mm2013-nuryrahma...	192.168.2.214	unlimited	100k	
22	D  <hotspot-kp2013-rimamonica>	192.168.3.51	unlimited	100k	
23	D  <hotspot-ak2015-yusniati>	192.168.2.225	unlimited	100k	
24	D  <hotspot-tkj2015-fadhilahafri...	192.168.3.78	unlimited	100k	
25	D  <hotspot-mm2015-avikadwia...	192.168.3.192	unlimited	100k	
26	D  <hotspot-fm2015-chantikaca...	192.168.2.204	unlimited	100k	
27	D  <hotspot-mm2013-ridhohadis...	192.168.2.215	unlimited	100k	
28	D  <hotspot-tkj2015-muhamadfa...	192.168.3.82	unlimited	100k	
29	D  hs-<hotspot1>	ether2-lokal	unlimited	unlimited	

30 items      0 B queued      0 packets queued

Simple Queue <<hotspot-tkj2015-muhamadfaozi>>



unlimited  
ackets queued

General   **Advanced**   Statistics   Traffic   Total   ...

Name: <hotspot-tkj2015-muhamadfaozi>

Target: 192.168.3.82

Dst.:

Target Upload

Target Download

Max Limit: unlimited

100k

--▲-- Burst

Burst Limit: unlimited

300k

Burst Threshold: unlimited

128k

Burst Time: 8

8

--▼-- Time

OK

Copy

Remove

Reset Counters

Reset All Counters

Torch

Simple Queue <<hotspot-kp2015-umimawadah>>



General Advanced Statistics Traffic Total ...

Packet Marks:

Target Upload

Target Download

Limit At:

Priority:

Queue Type:

Parent:

OK

Copy

Remove

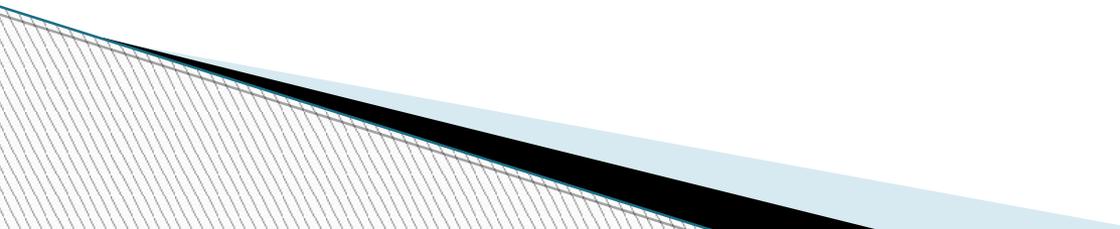
Reset Counters

Reset All Counters

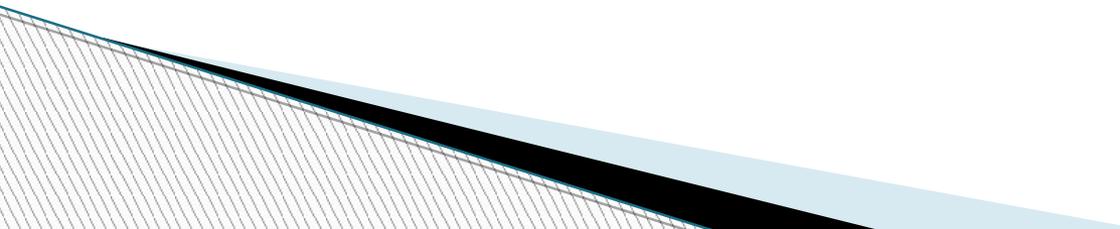
Torch



# Integrasi dengan radius server dari win server 2012

- ▶ Persiapan
  - ▶ Instal NPAS (Network Policy and Access Services)
  - ▶ Konfigurasi NPAS
  - ▶ Konfigurasi Password Container
  - ▶ Set Radius di Mikrotik
  - ▶ Info tambahan integrasi radius server
- 

# Persiapan

- ▶ Pastikan sudah terinstal DNS server
  - ▶ Pastikan sudah terinstal Active Directory
  - ▶ Pastikan sudah di promote Active Directory-nya
  - ▶ Pastikan sudah ada grup untuk user-user hotspot
  - ▶ Pastikan ada user di grup untuk hotspot
  - ▶ Pastikan IP server radius sudah ada di Binding dan ada di Walled Garden-nya hotspot
- 

# Instal NPAS

1

Manage Tools View Help

Add Roles and Features 2

Remove Roles and Features

## Add Roles and Features Wizard

DESTINATION SERVER  
WIN-H7L1JOEDDK.bns.sch.id

### Before you begin

**Before You Begin**

- Installation Type
- Server Selection
- Server Roles
- Features
- Confirmation
- Results

This wizard helps you install roles, role services, or features. You determine which roles, role services, or features to install based on the computing needs of your organization, such as sharing documents, or hosting a website.

To remove roles, role services, or features:  
[Start the Remove Roles and Features Wizard](#)

Before you continue, verify that the following tasks have been completed:

- The Administrator account has a strong password
- Network settings, such as static IP addresses, are configured
- The most current security updates from Windows Update are installed

If you must verify that any of the preceding prerequisites have been completed, close the wizard, complete the steps, and then run the wizard again.

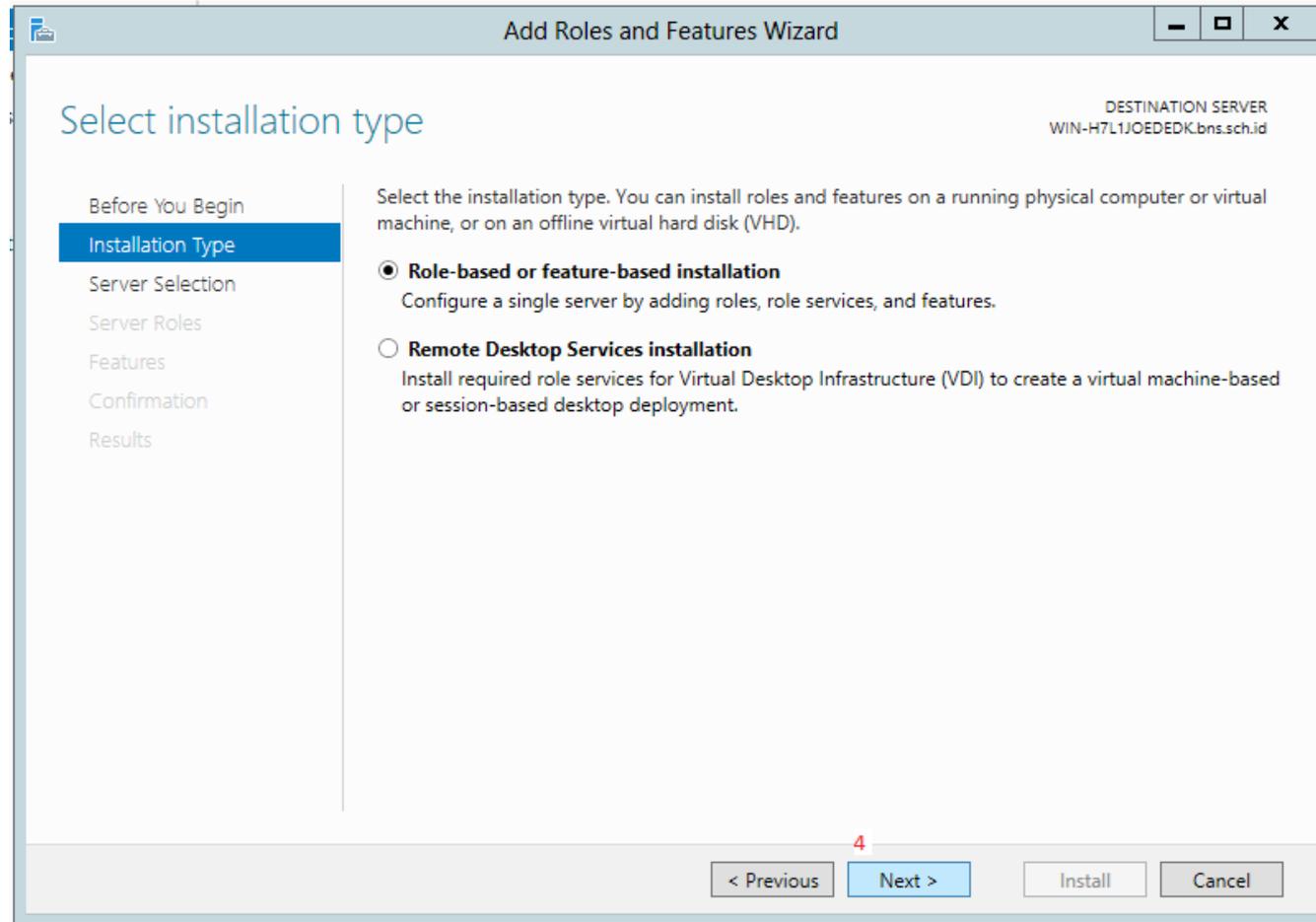
To continue, click Next.

Skip this page by default

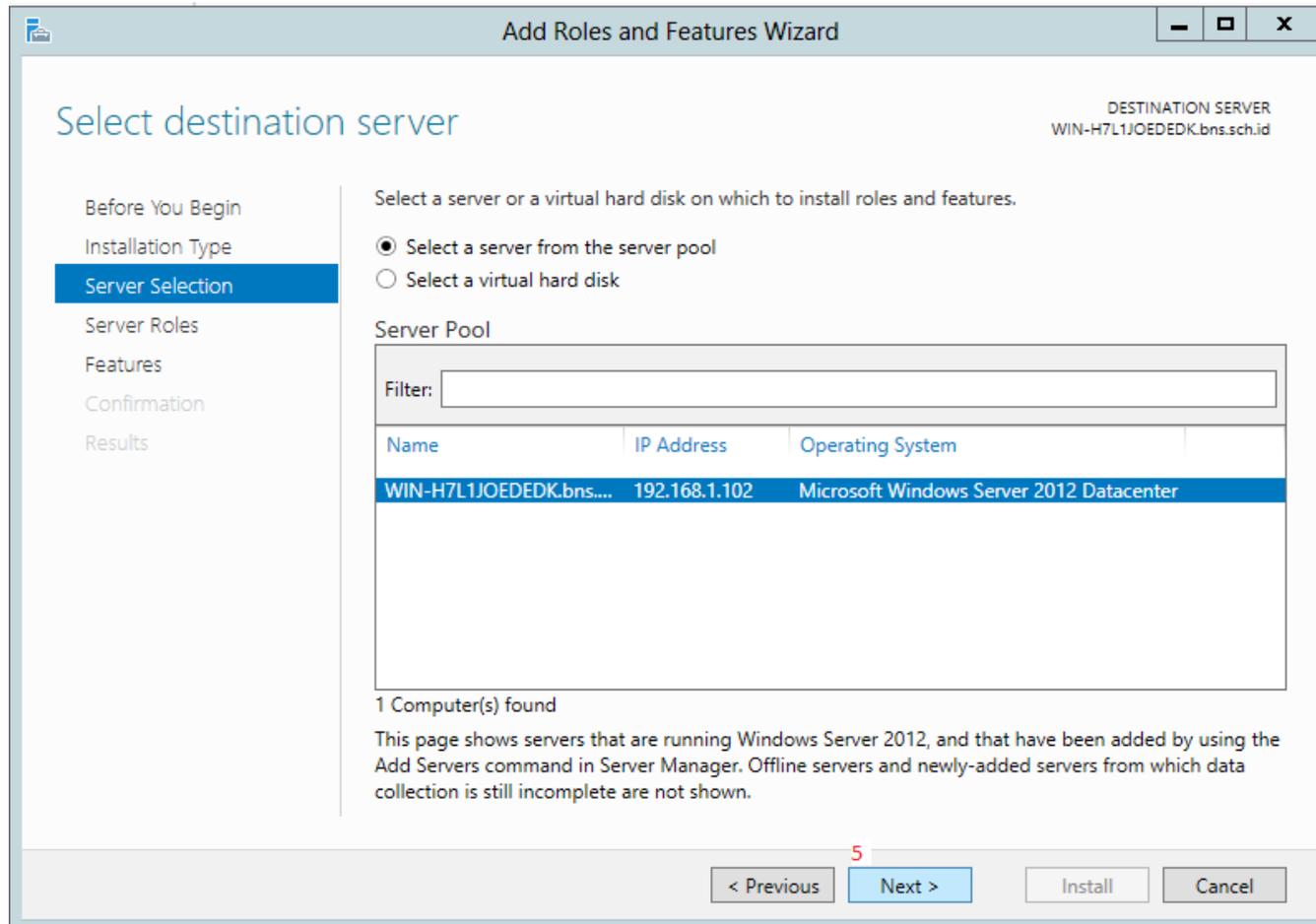
3

< Previous Next > Install Cancel

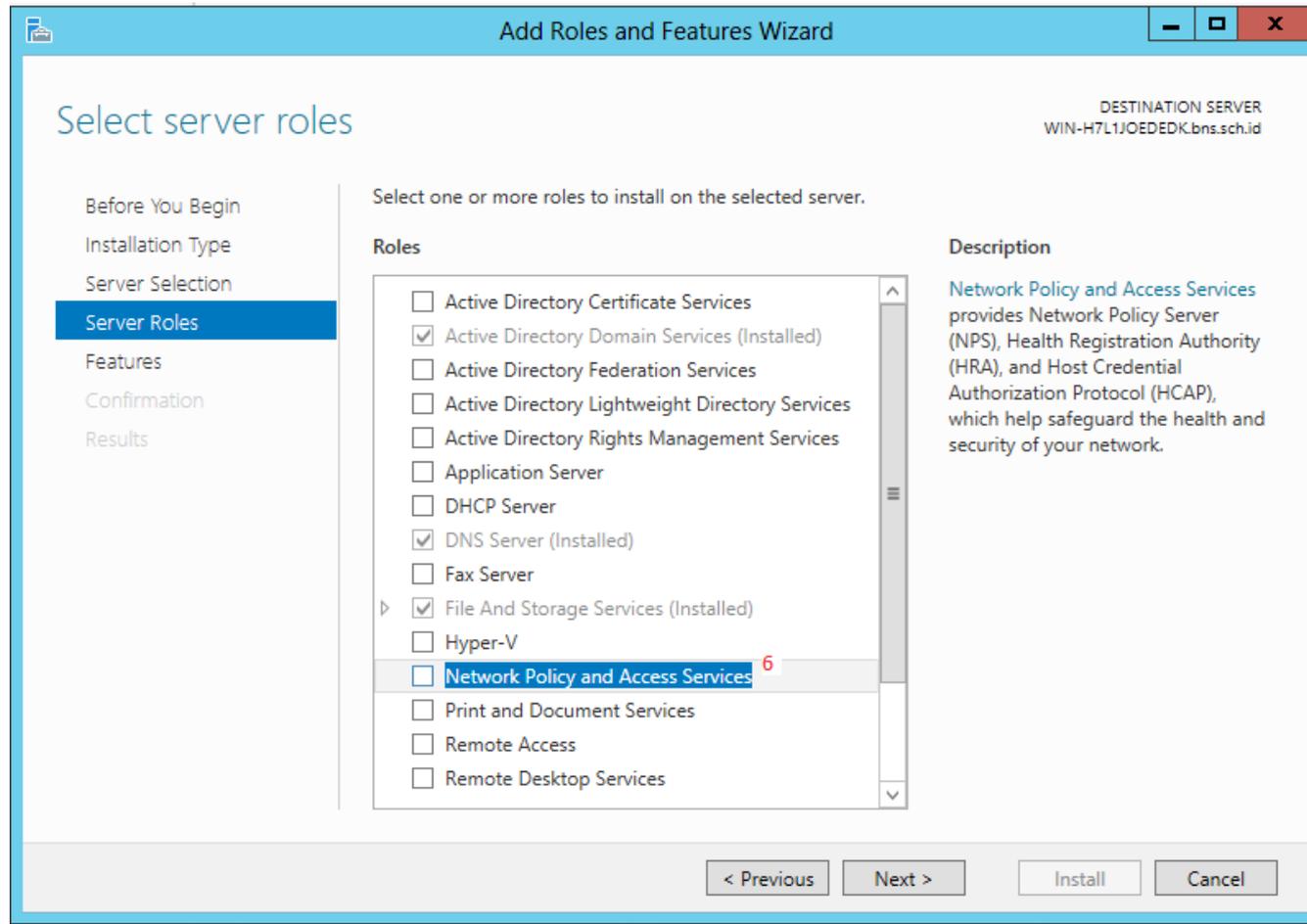
# Instal NPAS



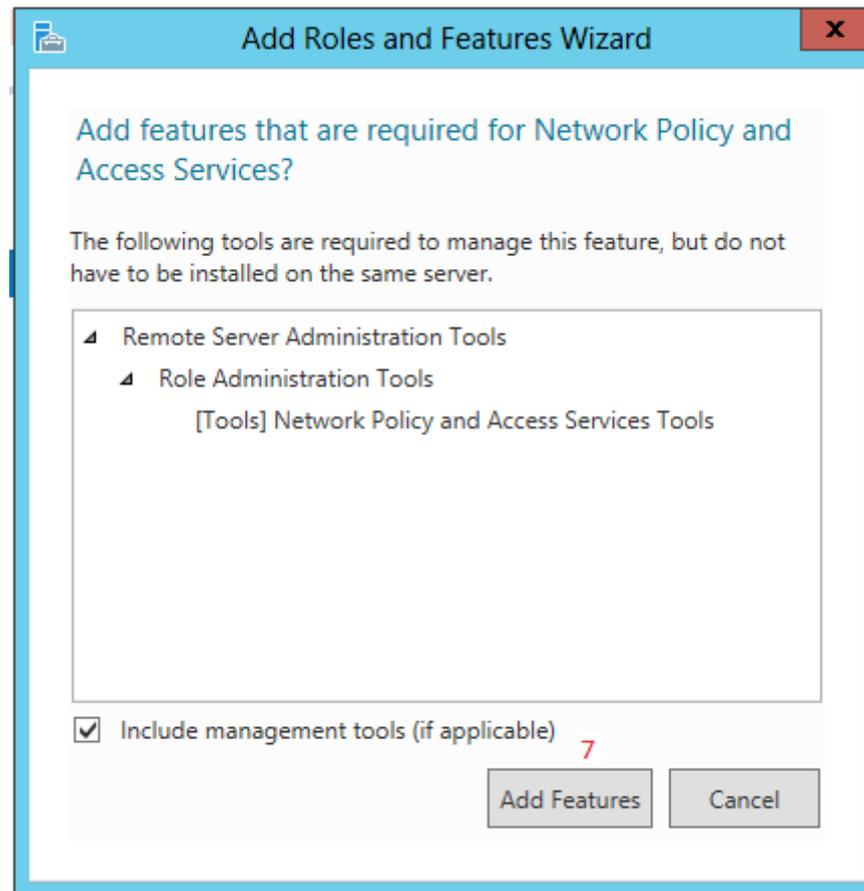
# Instal NPAS



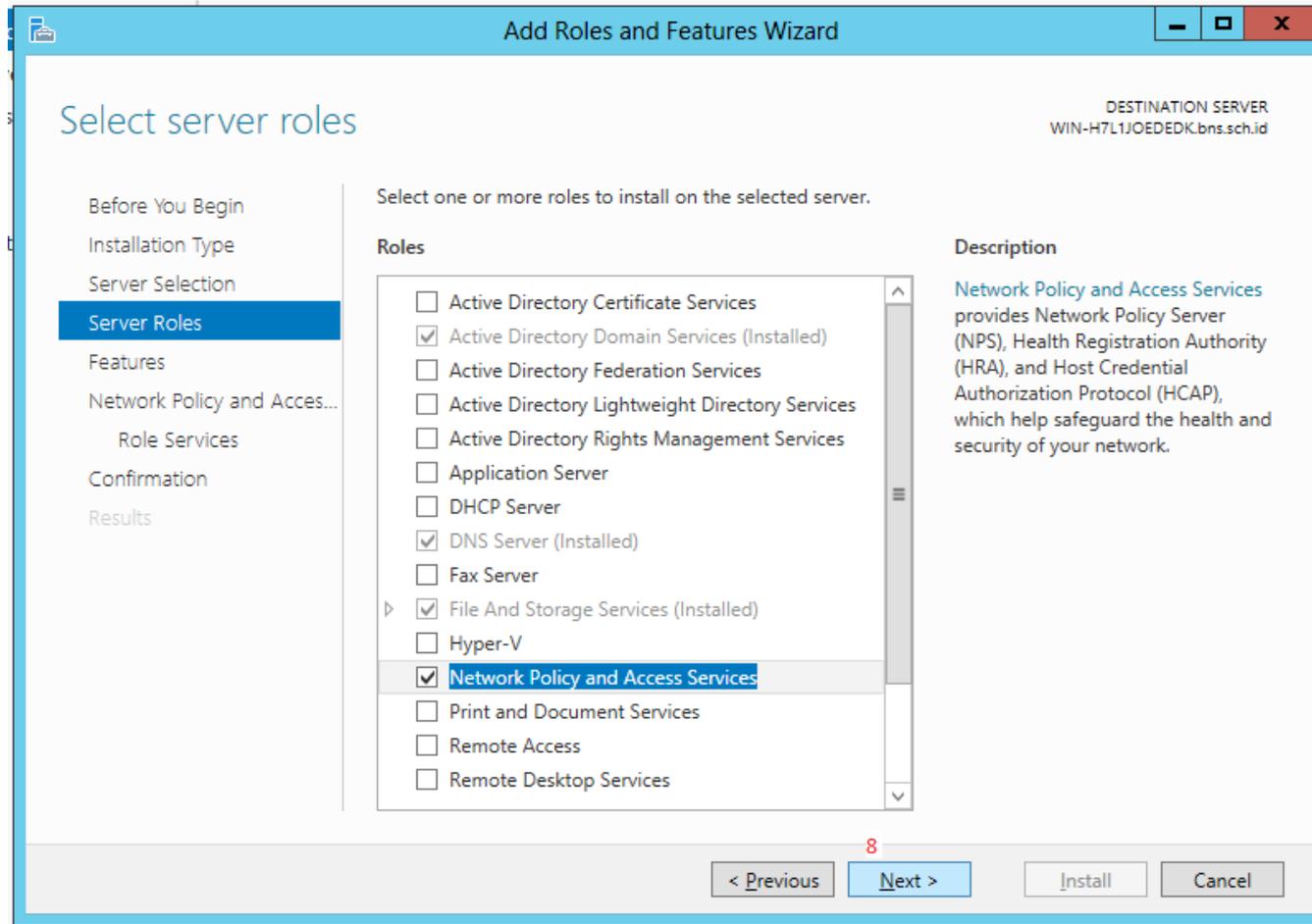
# Instal NPAS



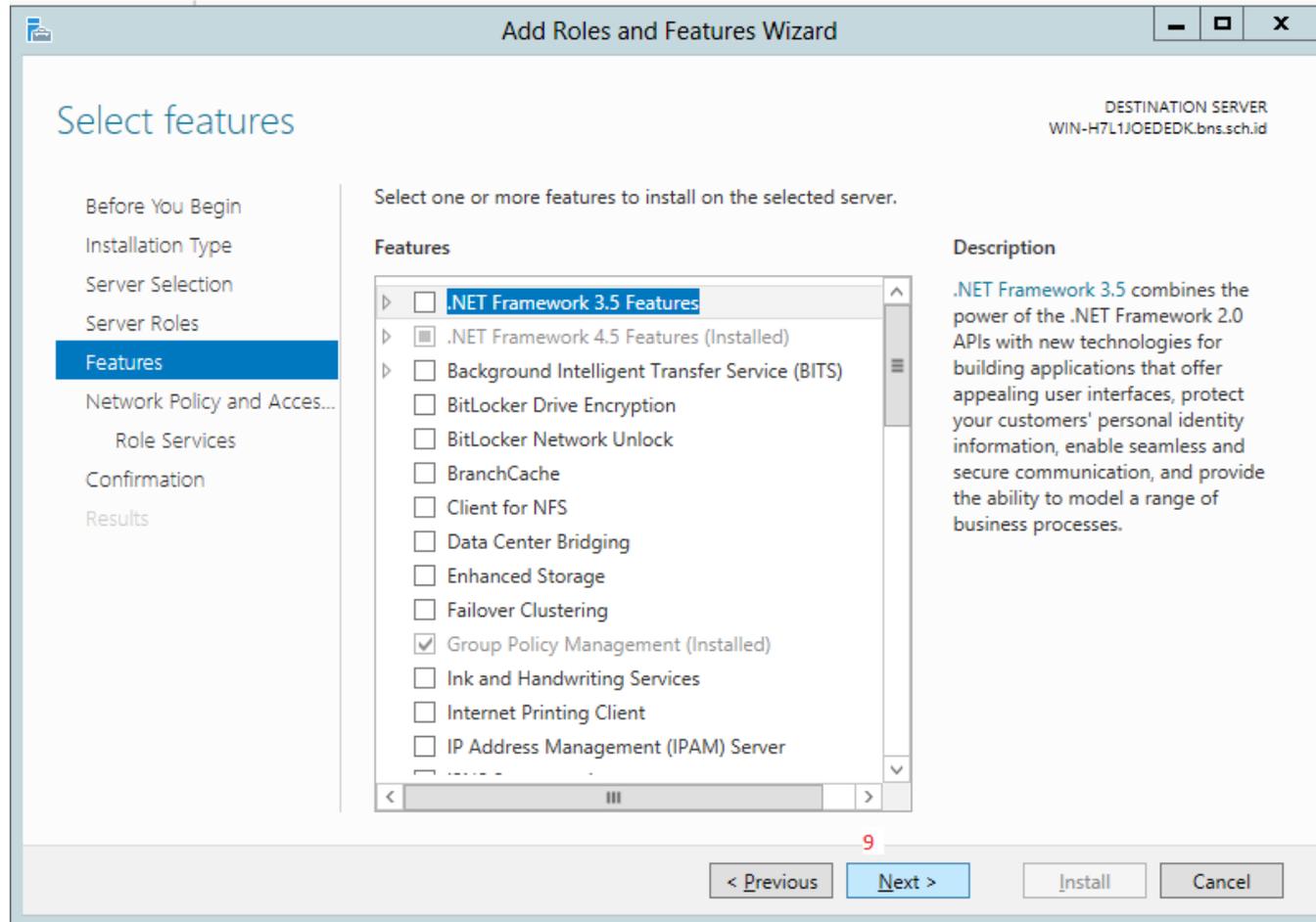
# Instal NPAS



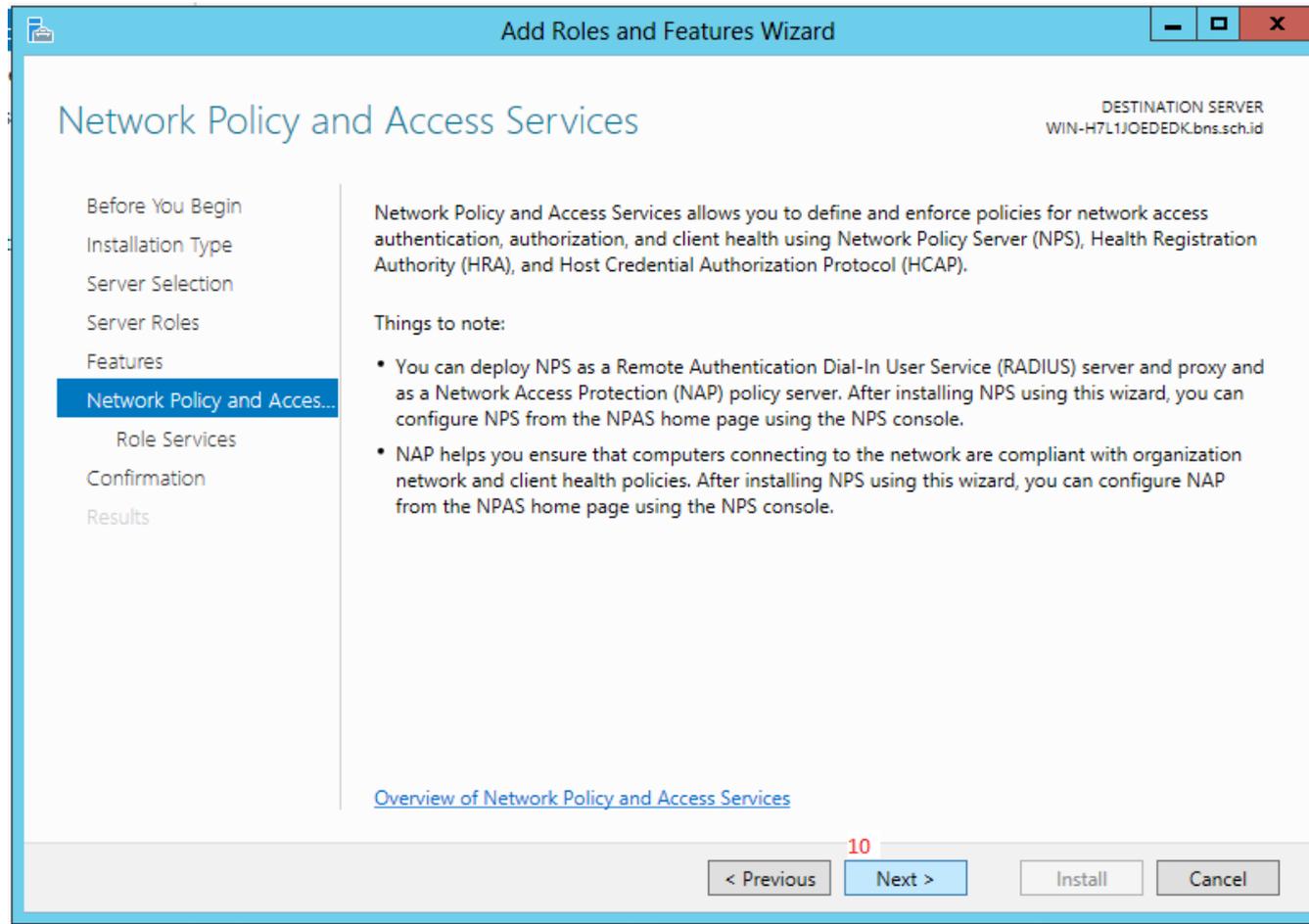
# Instal NPAS



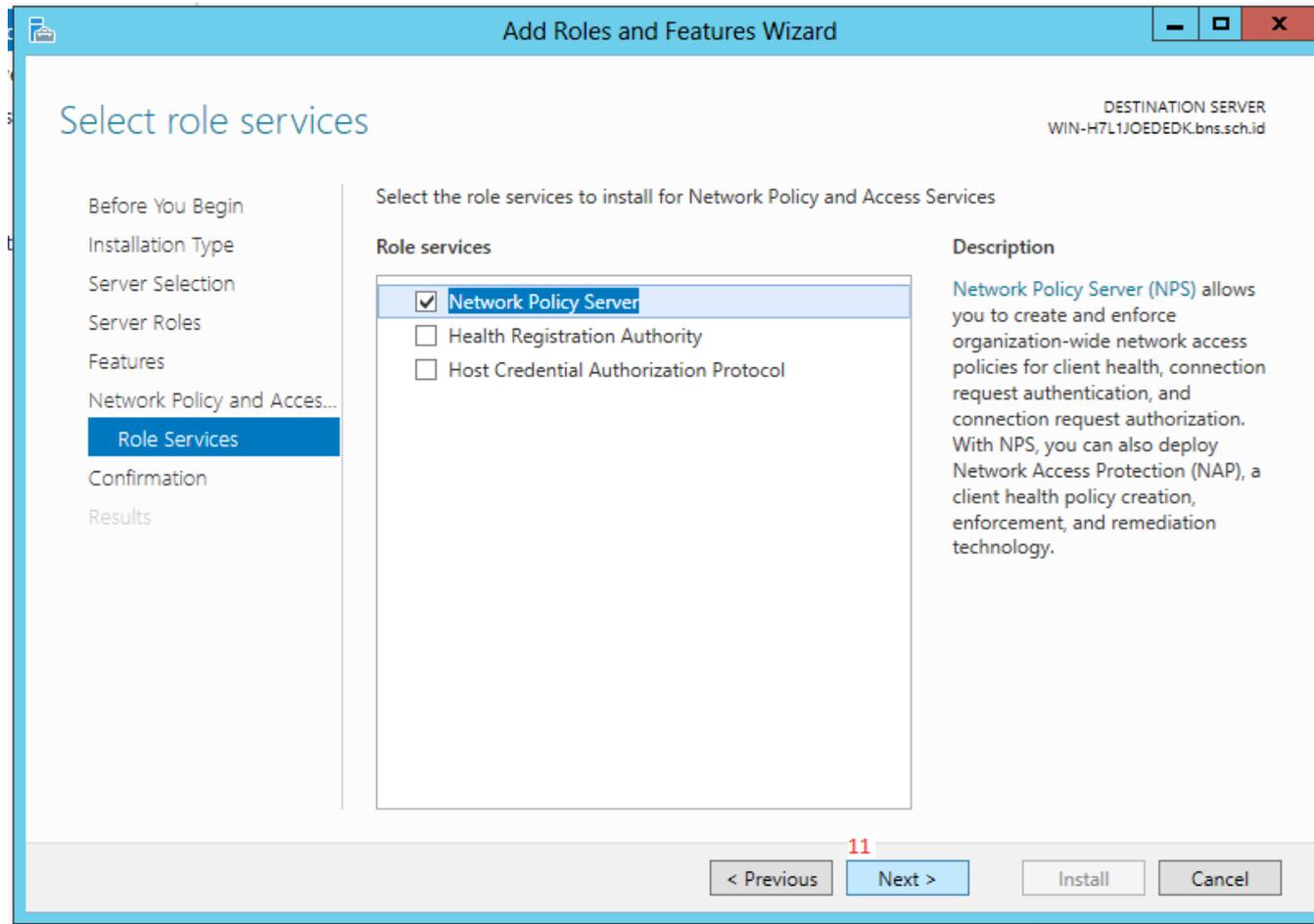
# Instal NPAS



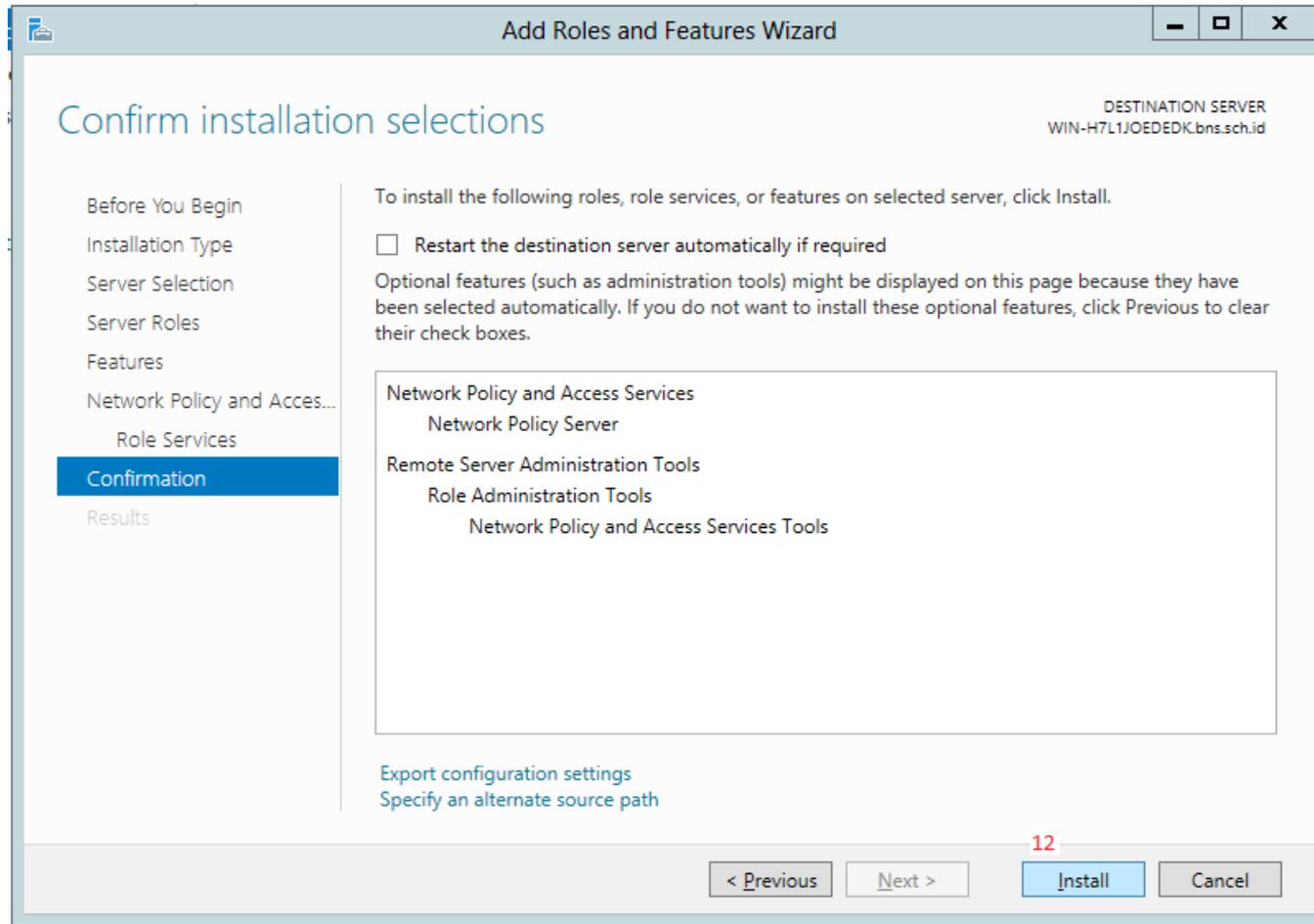
# Instal NPAS



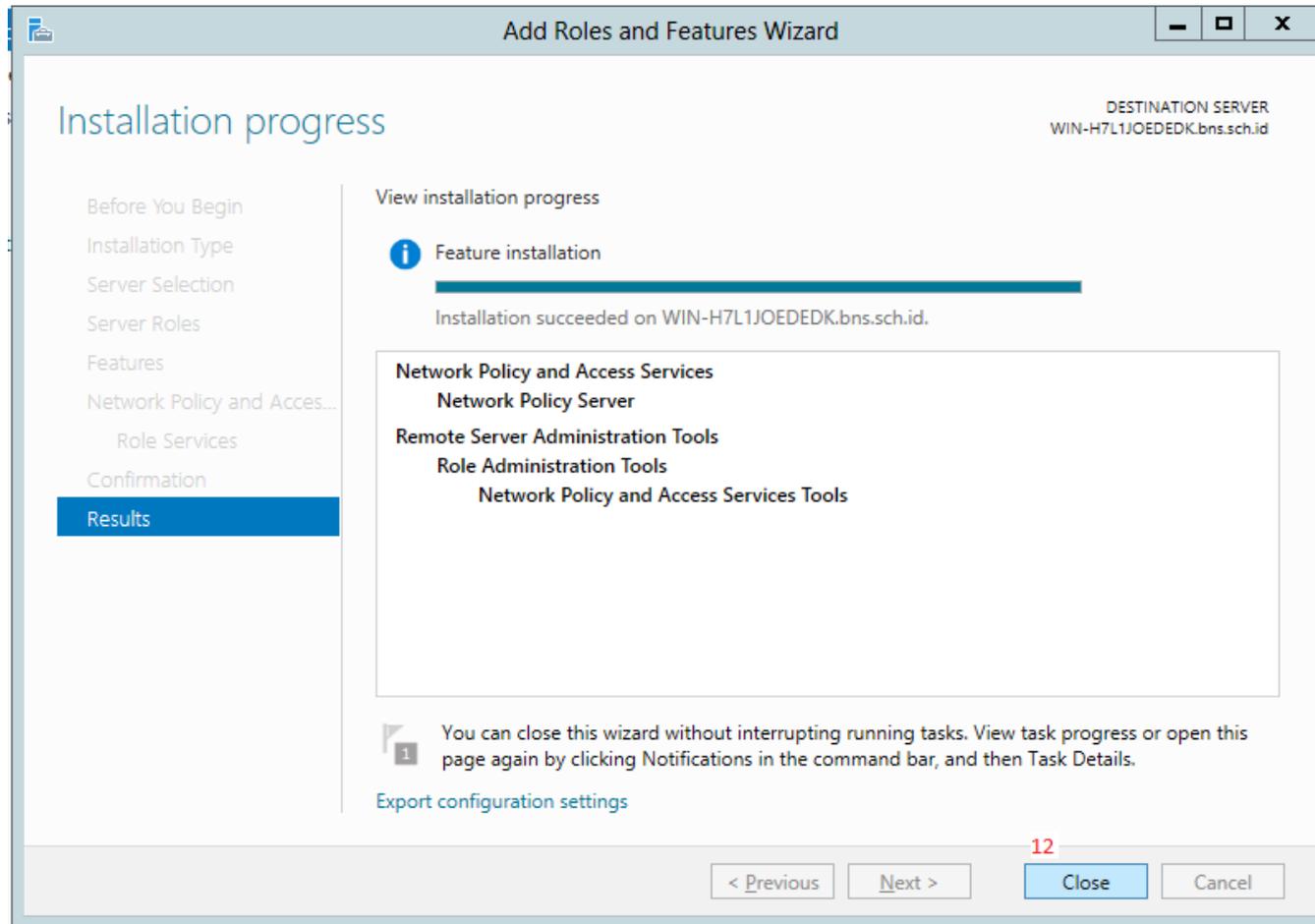
# Instal NPAS



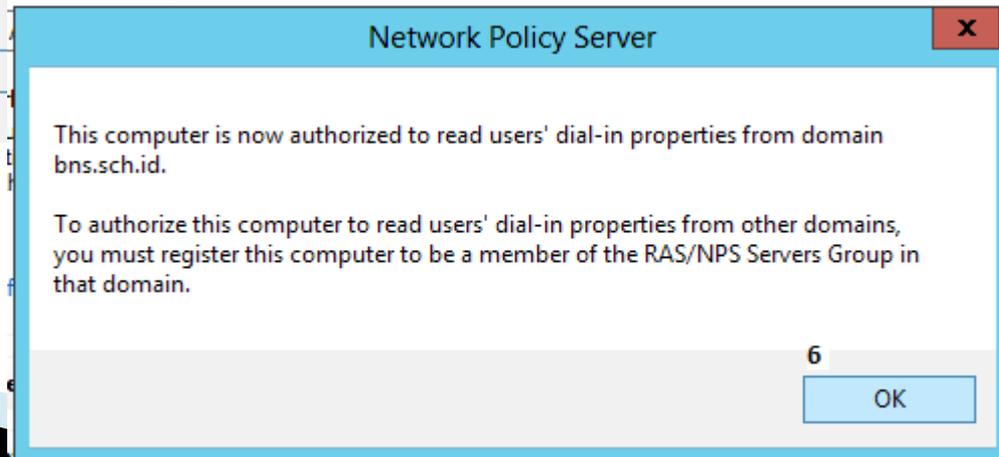
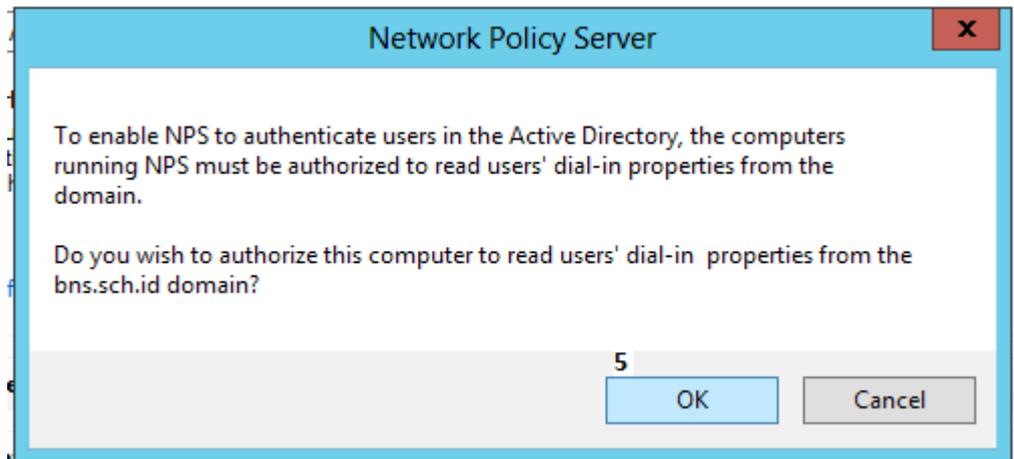
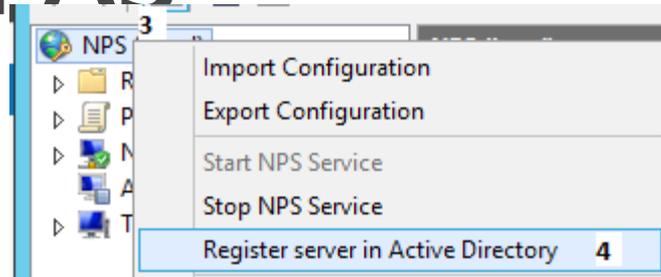
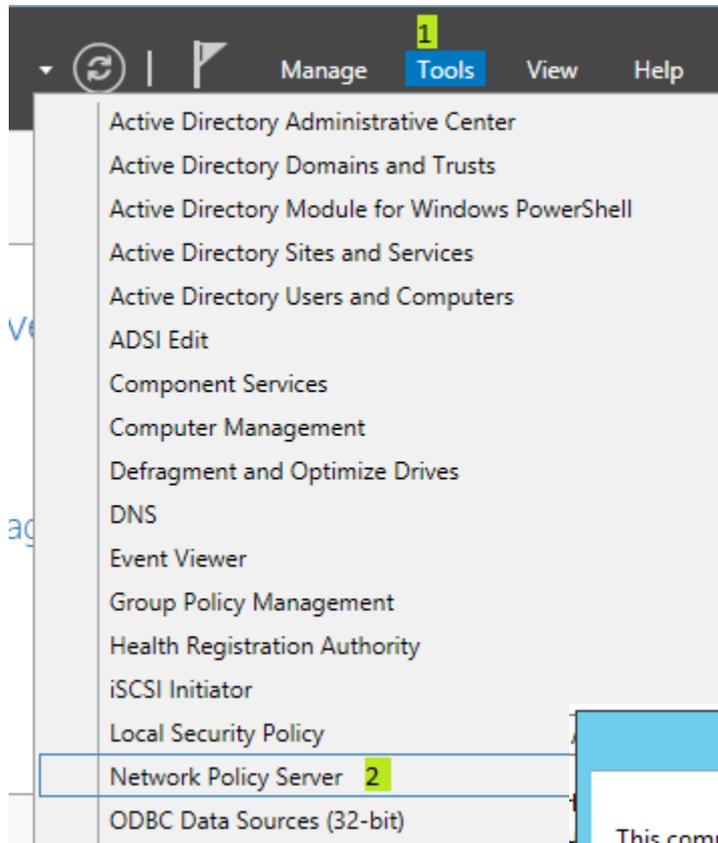
# Instal NPAS



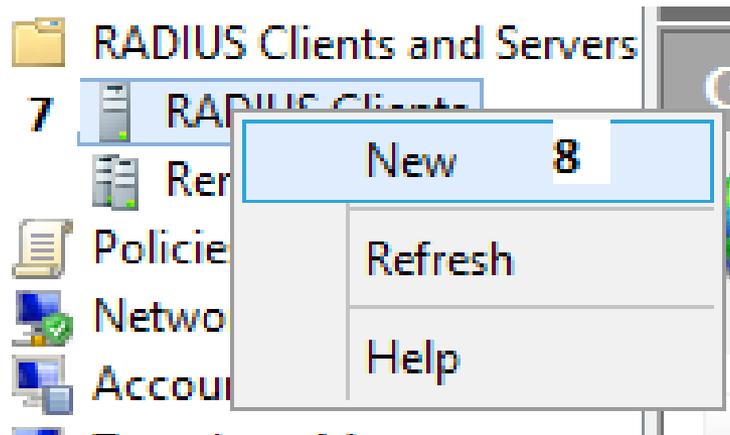
# Instal NPAS



# Konfigurasi NPAS



# Konfigurasi NPAS



mikrotik Properties ✕

Settings **Advanced**

Enable this RADIUS client

Select an existing template:

Name and Address

Friendly name: mikrotik **9**

Address (IP or DNS): 192.168.2.1 **10** Verify...

Shared Secret

Select an existing Shared Secrets template:

None

To manually type a shared secret, click Manual. To automatically generate a shared secret, click Generate. You must configure the RADIUS client with the same shared secret entered here. Shared secrets are case-sensitive.

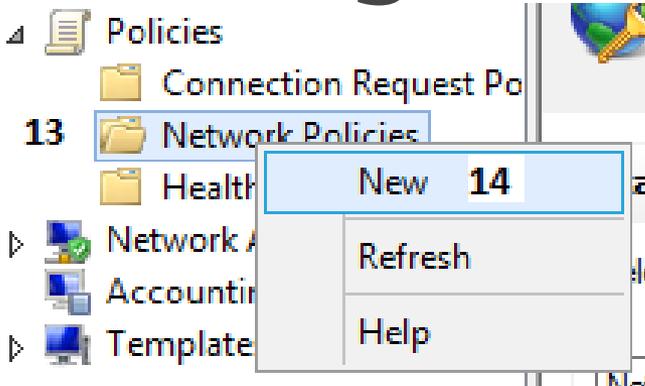
Manual  Generate

Shared secret: ..... **11**

Confirm shared secret: ..... **11**

**12** OK Cancel Apply

# Konfigurasi NPAS



New Network Policy

## Specify Network Policy Name and Connection Type

You can specify a name for your network policy and the type of connections to which the policy is applied.

**Policy name:**  
hotspot 15

**Network connection method**  
Select the type of network access server that sends the connection request to NPS. You can select either the network access server type or Vendor specific, but neither is required. If your network access server is an 802.1X authenticating switch or wireless access point, select Unspecified.

Type of network access server:  
Unspecified

Vendor specific:  
10

16

Previous Next Finish Cancel

# Konfigurasi NPAS

New Network Policy ✕

 **Specify Conditions**

Specify the conditions that determine whether this network policy is evaluated for a connection request. A minimum of one condition is required.

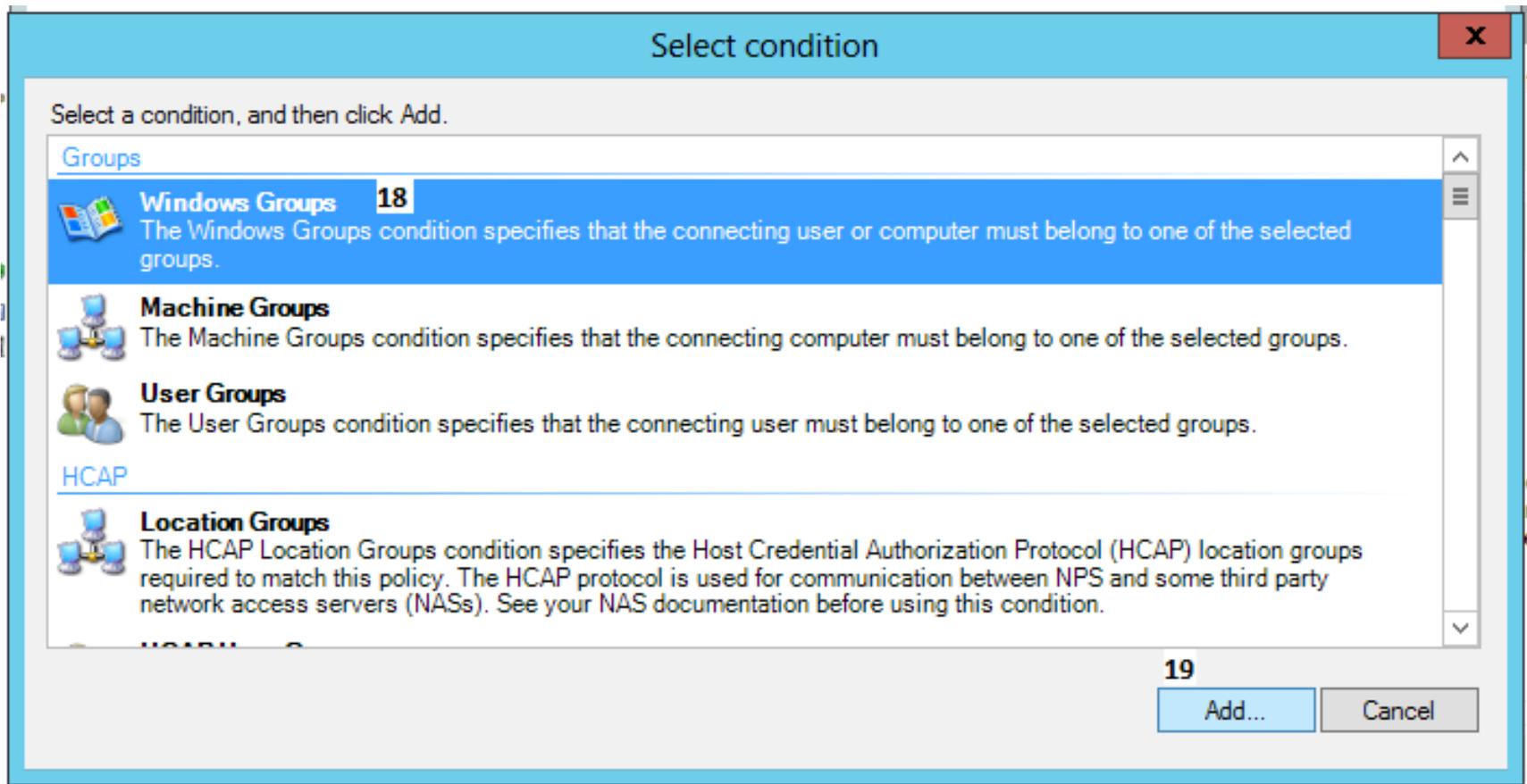
**Conditions:**

Condition	Value
-----------	-------

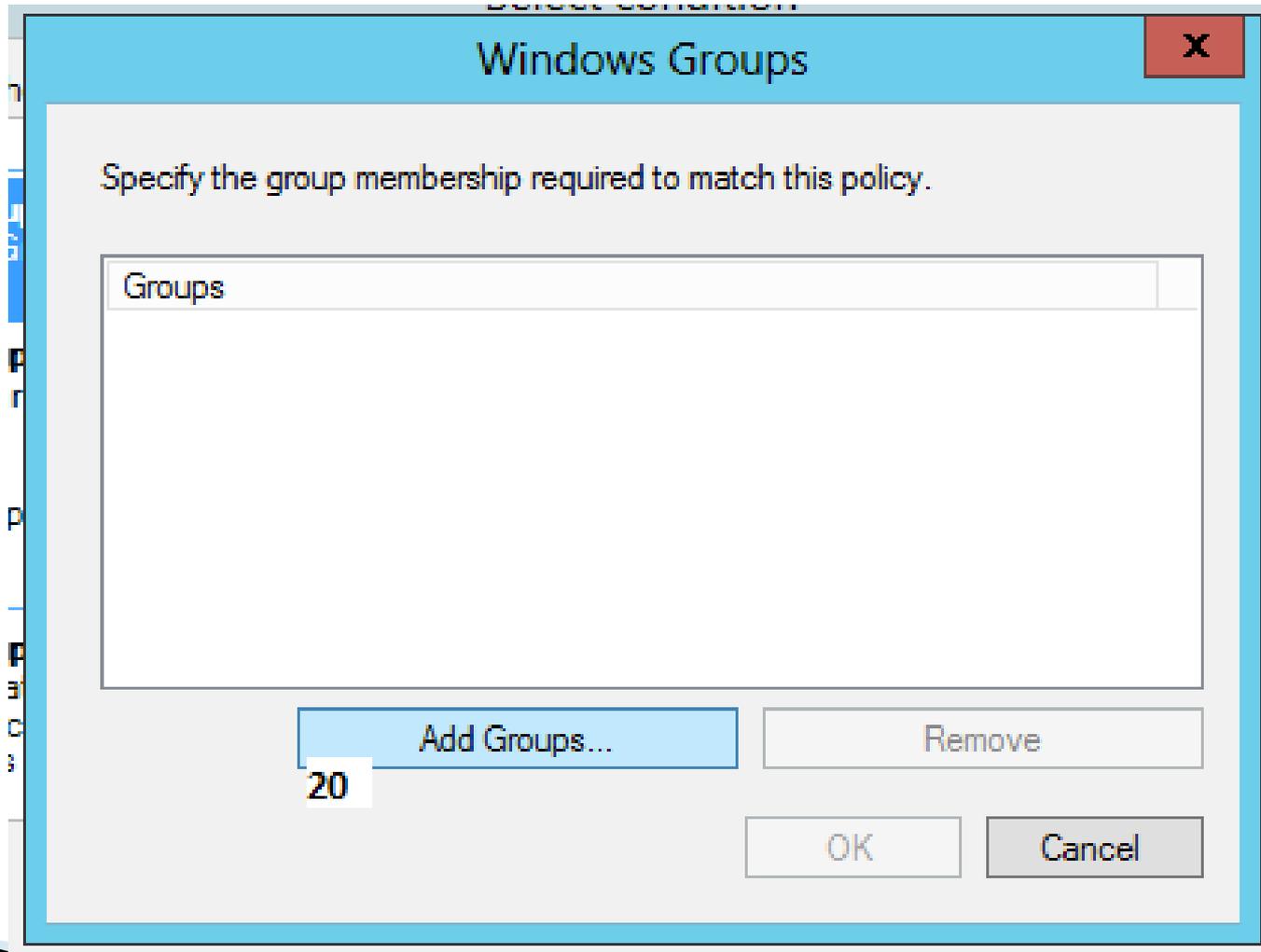
Condition description:

17

# Konfigurasi NPAS



# Konfigurasi NPAS



# Konfigurasi NPAS

Select Group

Select this object type:

Group

Object Types...

From this location:

bns.sch.id

Locations...

Enter the object name to select (examples):

siswa 21

Check Names

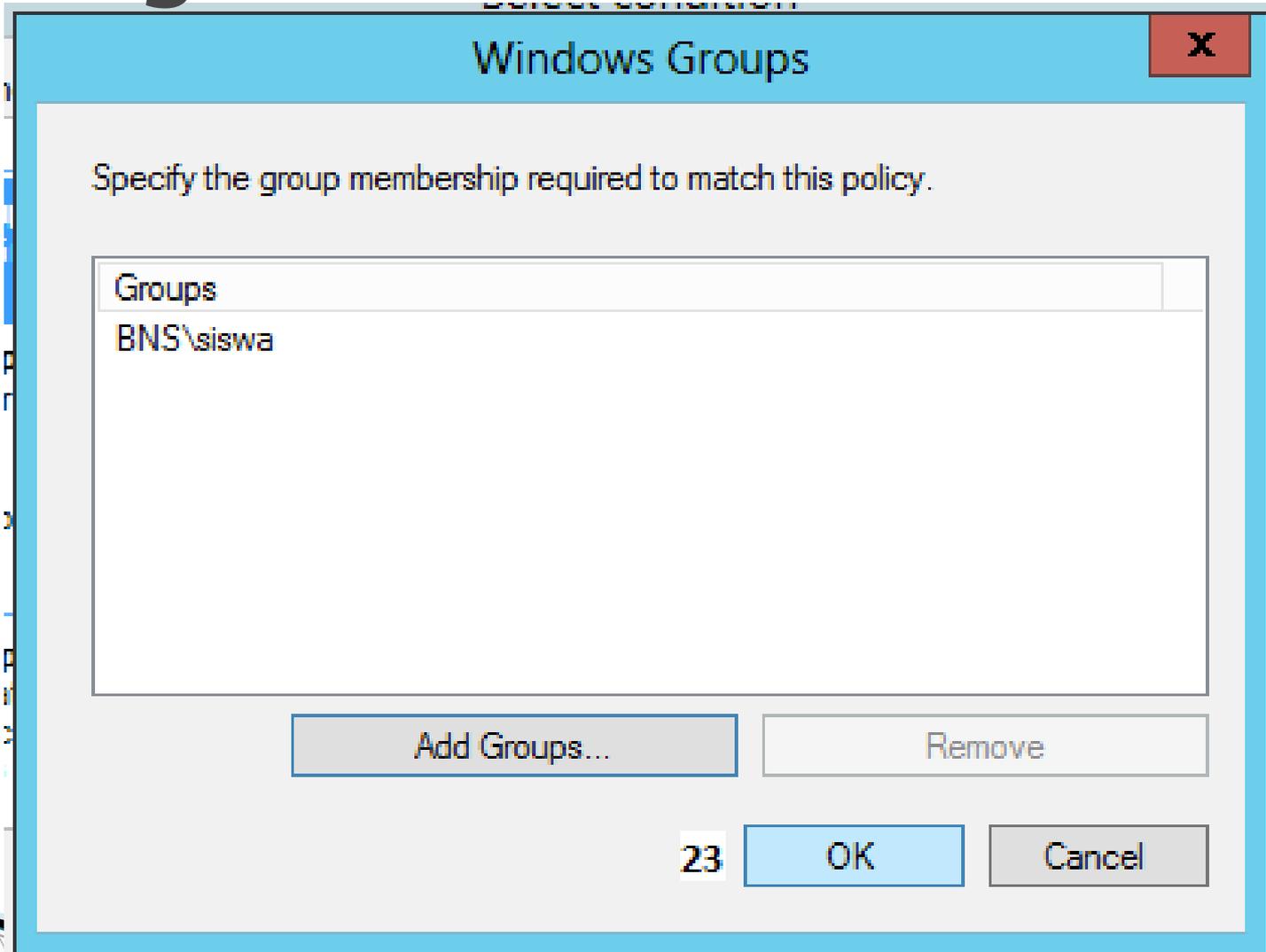
Advanced...

22

OK

Cancel

# Konfigurasi NPAS



# Konfigurasi NPAS

New Network Policy ✕

 **Specify Conditions**  
Specify the conditions that determine whether this network policy is evaluated for a connection request. A minimum of one condition is required.

**Conditions:**

Condition	Value
 Windows Groups	BNS\siswa

Condition description:  
The Windows Groups condition specifies that the connecting user or computer must belong to one of the selected groups.

Add... Edit... Remove

24

Previous Next Finish Cancel

# Konfigurasi NPAS

New Network Policy ✕

 **Specify Access Permission**  
Configure whether you want to grant network access or deny network access if the connection request matches this policy.

Access granted  
Grant access if client connection attempts match the conditions of this policy.

Access denied  
Deny access if client connection attempts match the conditions of this policy.

Access is determined by User Dial-in properties (which override NPS policy)  
Grant or deny access according to user dial-in properties if client connection attempts match the conditions of this policy.

25

# Konfigurasi NPAS

## New Network Policy

### Configure Authentication Methods

Configure one or more authentication methods required for the connection request to match this policy. For EAP authentication, you must configure an EAP type. If you deploy NAP with 802.1X or VPN, you must configure Protected EAP in connection request policy, which overrides network policy authentication settings.

EAP types are negotiated between NPS and the client in the order in which they are listed.

**EAP Types:**

**Less secure authentication methods:**

- Microsoft Encrypted Authentication version 2 (MS-CHAP-v2)
  - User can change password after it has expired
- Microsoft Encrypted Authentication (MS-CHAP)
  - User can change password after it has expired
- Encrypted authentication (CHAP) 26
- Unencrypted authentication (PAP, SPAP) 27
- Allow clients to connect without negotiating an authentication method.
- Perform machine health check only

28

# Konfigurasi NPAS

## Connection Request Policy



You selected one or more insecure authentication methods. To ensure that each protocol is correctly configured for the remote access, policy, and domain levels, follow the step-by-step procedures in Help.

View the corresponding Help topic?

29

Yes

No

# Konfigurasi NPAS

## New Network Policy

### Configure Constraints

Constraints are additional parameters of the network policy that are required to match the connection request. If a constraint is not matched by the connection request, NPS automatically rejects the request. Constraints are optional; if you do not want to configure constraints, click Next.

Configure the constraints for this network policy.  
If all constraints are not matched by the connection request, network access is denied.

**Constraints:**

- Idle Timeout
- Session Timeout
- Called Station ID
- Day and time restrictions
- NAS Port Type

Specify the maximum time in minutes that the server can remain idle before the connection is disconnected

Disconnect after the maximum idle time

1

30

Previous Next Finish Cancel

# Konfigurasi NPAS

New Network Policy

## Configure Settings

NPS applies settings to the connection request if all of the network policy conditions and constraints for the policy are matched.

Configure the settings for this network policy.  
If conditions and constraints match the connection request and the policy grants access, settings are applied.

**Settings:**

- RADIUS Attributes**
  - Standard
  - Vendor Specific
- Network Access Protection**
  - NAP Enforcement
  - Extended State
- Routing and Remote Access**
  - Multilink and Bandwidth Allocation Protocol (BAP)
  - IP Filters
  - Encryption
  - IP Settings

To send additional attributes to RADIUS clients, select a RADIUS standard attribute, and then click Edit. If you do not configure an attribute, it is not sent to RADIUS clients. See your RADIUS client documentation for required attributes.

Attributes:

Name	Value	
Framed-Protocol	PPP	31
Service-Type	Framed	

32

33

# Konfigurasi NPAS

New Network Policy ✕

## Configure Settings

 NPS applies settings to the connection request if all of the network policy conditions and constraints for the policy are matched.

Configure the settings for this network policy.  
If conditions and constraints match the connection request and the policy grants access, settings are applied.

**Settings:**

- RADIUS Attributes**
  - Standard
    - Vendor Specific
- Network Access Protection**
  - NAP Enforcement
  - Extended State
- Routing and Remote Access**
  - Multilink and Bandwidth Allocation Protocol (BAP)
  - IP Filters
  - Encryption
  - IP Settings

To send additional attributes to RADIUS clients, select a RADIUS standard attribute, and then click Edit. If you do not configure an attribute, it is not sent to RADIUS clients. See your RADIUS client documentation for required attributes.

Attributes:

Name	Value
------	-------

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# Konfigurasi NPAS

New Network Policy x

 **Completing New Network Policy**

You have successfully created the following network policy:

**hotspot**

**Policy conditions:**

Condition	Value
Windows Groups	BNS\siswa

**Policy settings:**

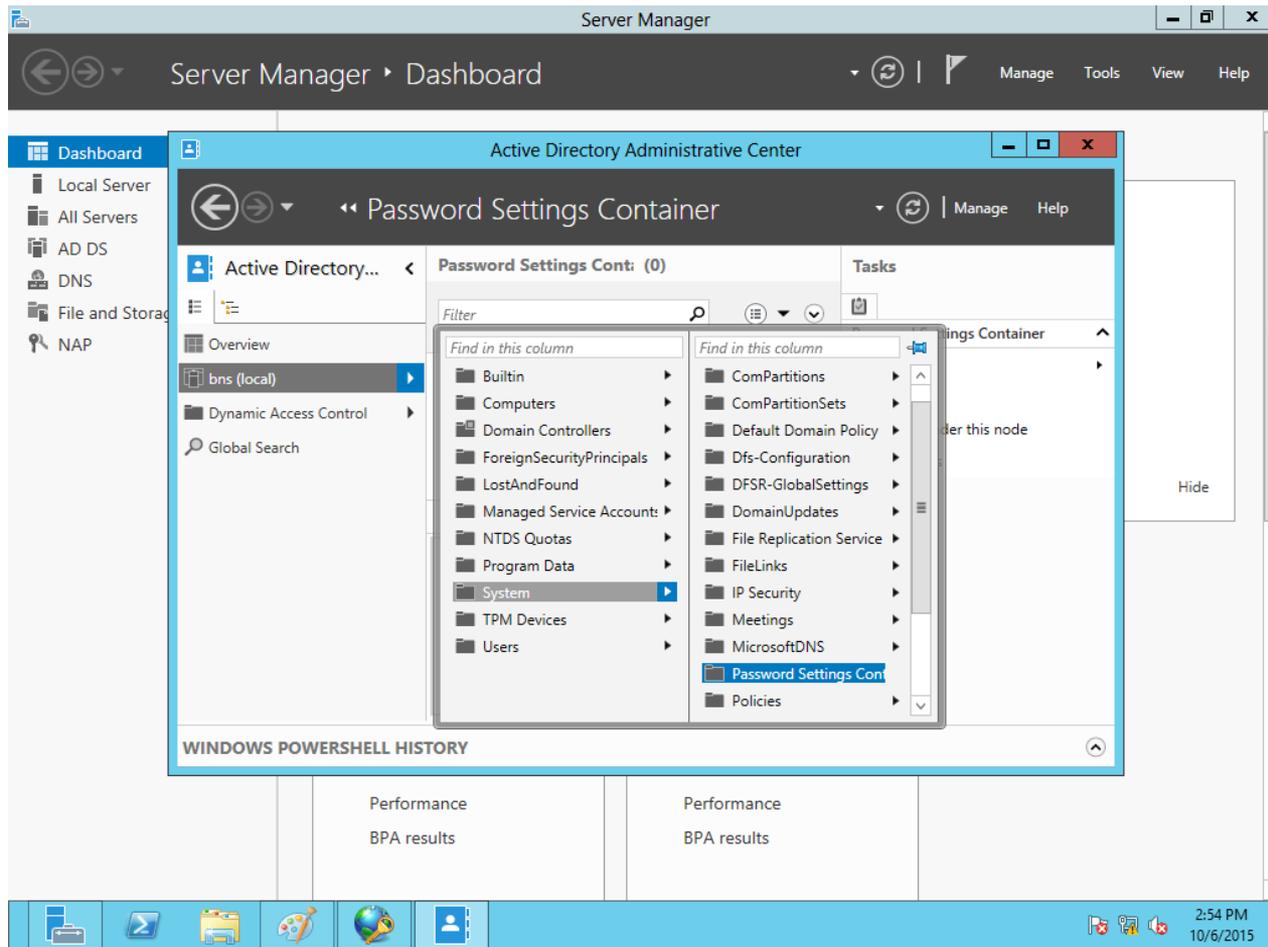
Condition	Value
Authentication Method	Unencrypted authentication (PAP, SPAP) OR Encryption authentication (CHAP) OR MS-CHAP v1 ...
Access Permission	Grant Access
Update Noncompliant Clients	True
NAP Enforcement	Allow full network access
Ignore User Dial-In Properties	False
Extended State	<Blank>

To close this wizard, click Finish.

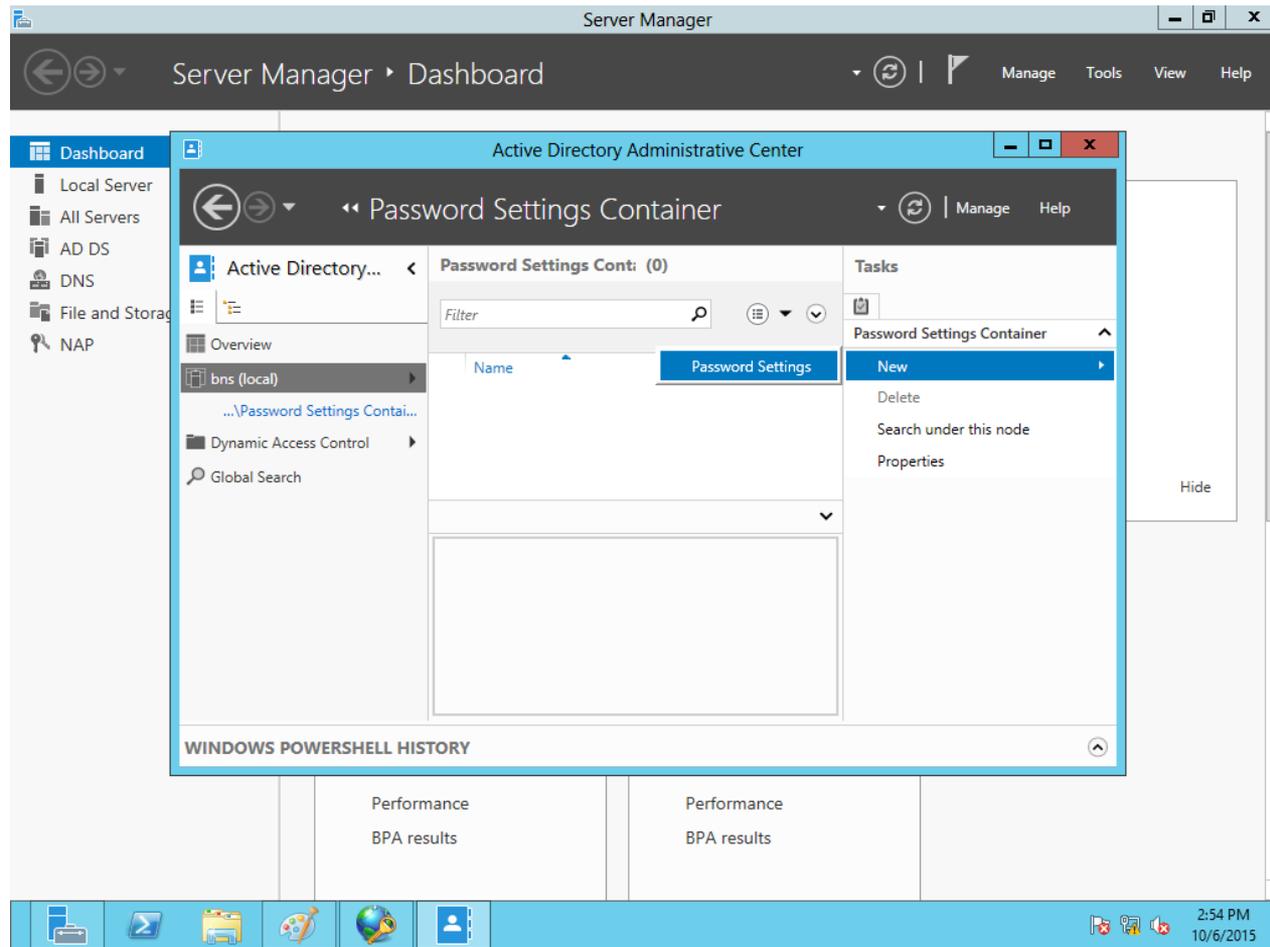
35

Previous Next Finish Cancel

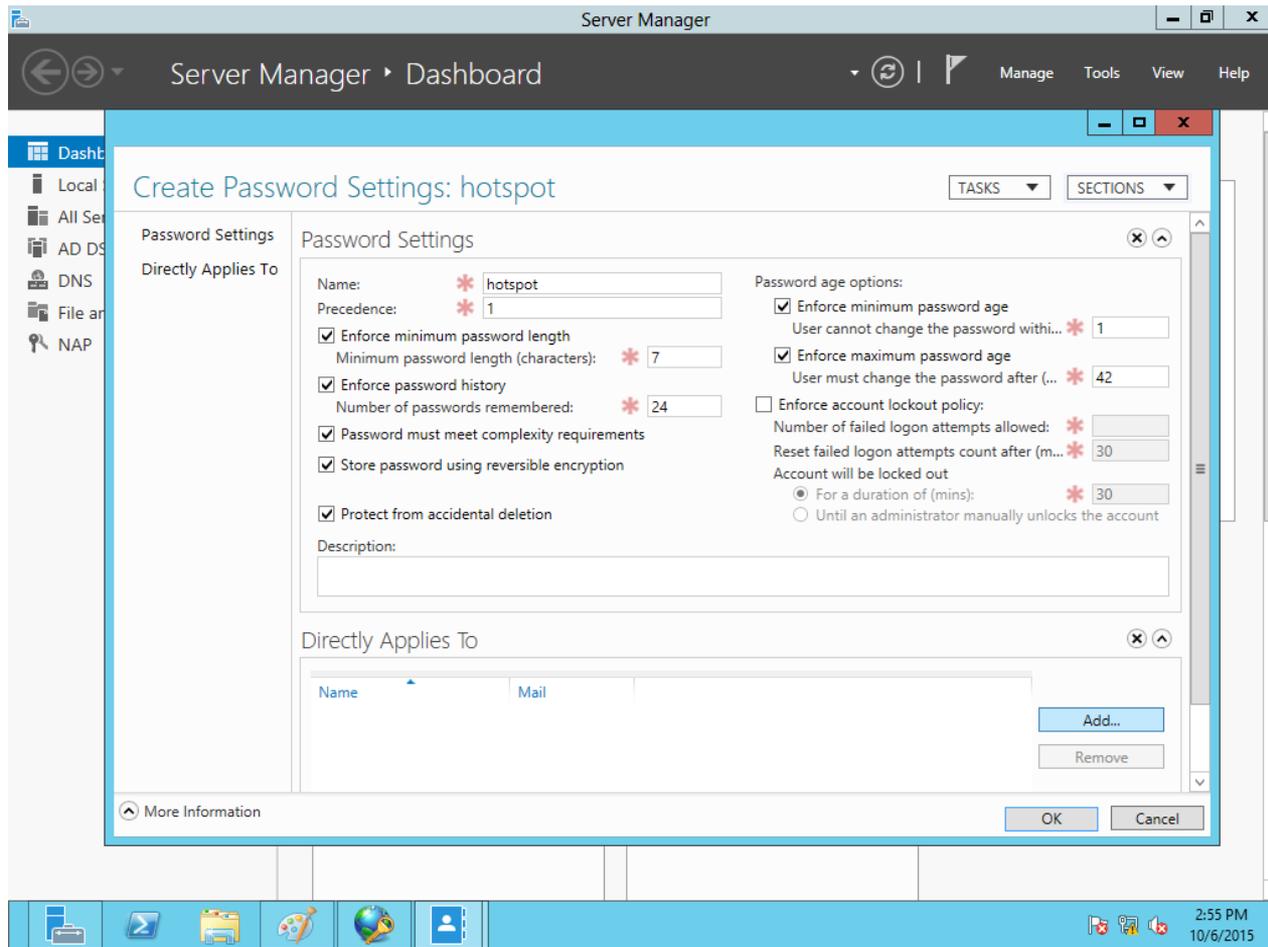
# Konfigurasi Password Container



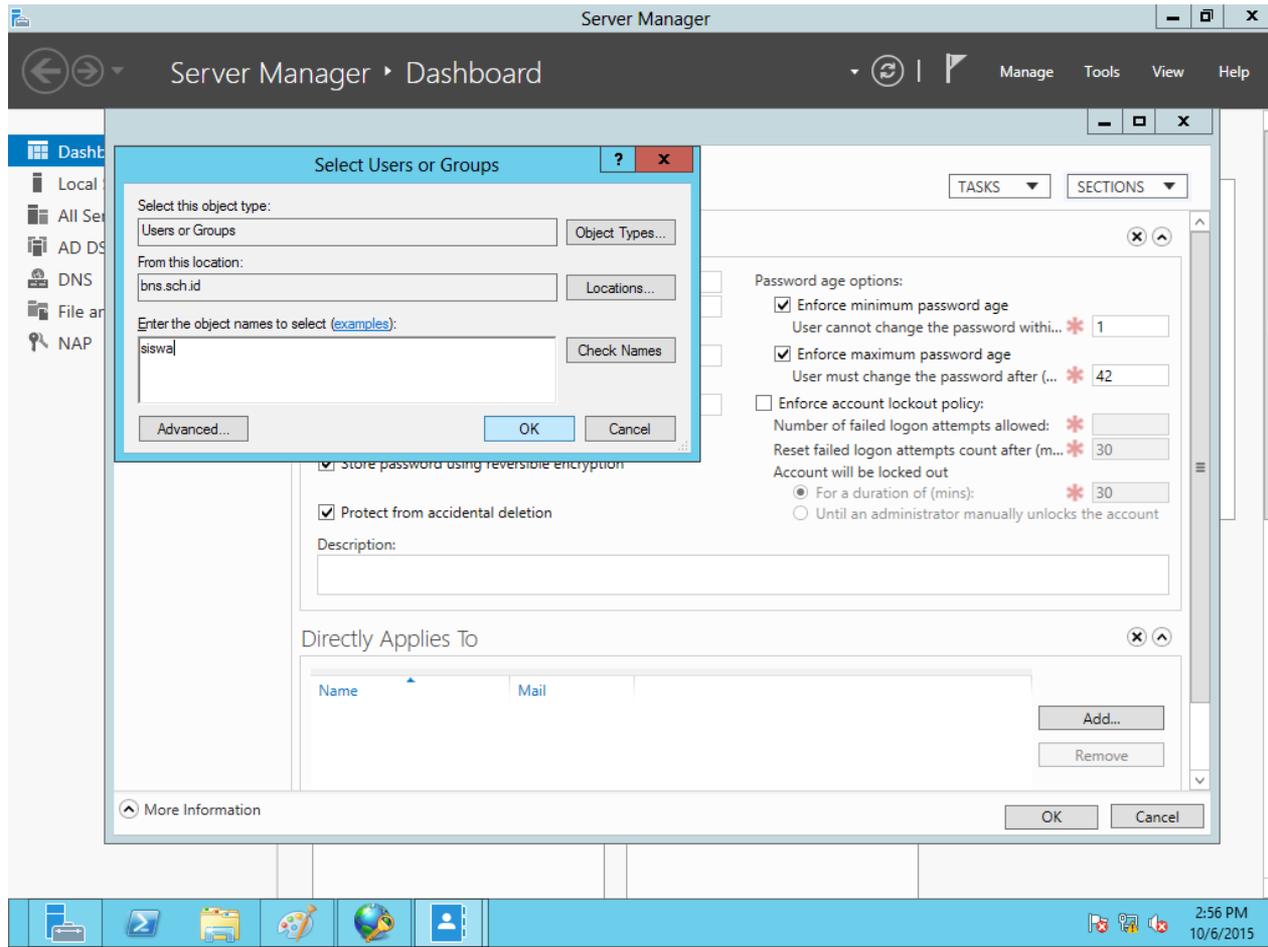
# Konfigurasi Password Container



# Konfigurasi Password Container



# Konfigurasi Password Container

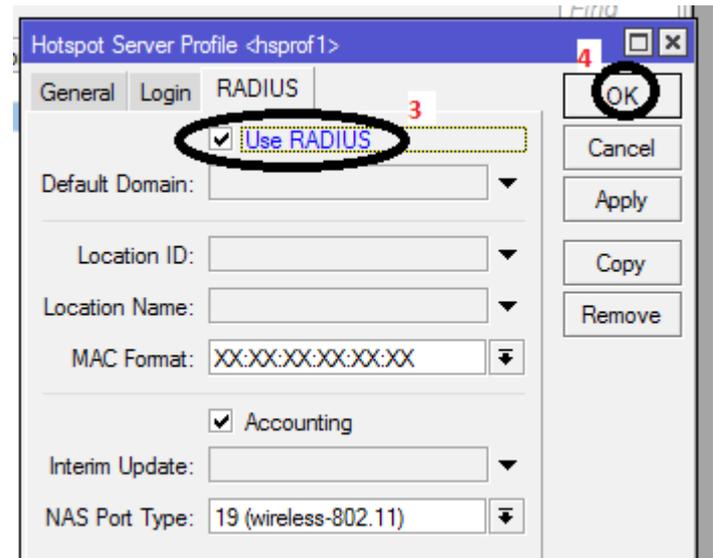
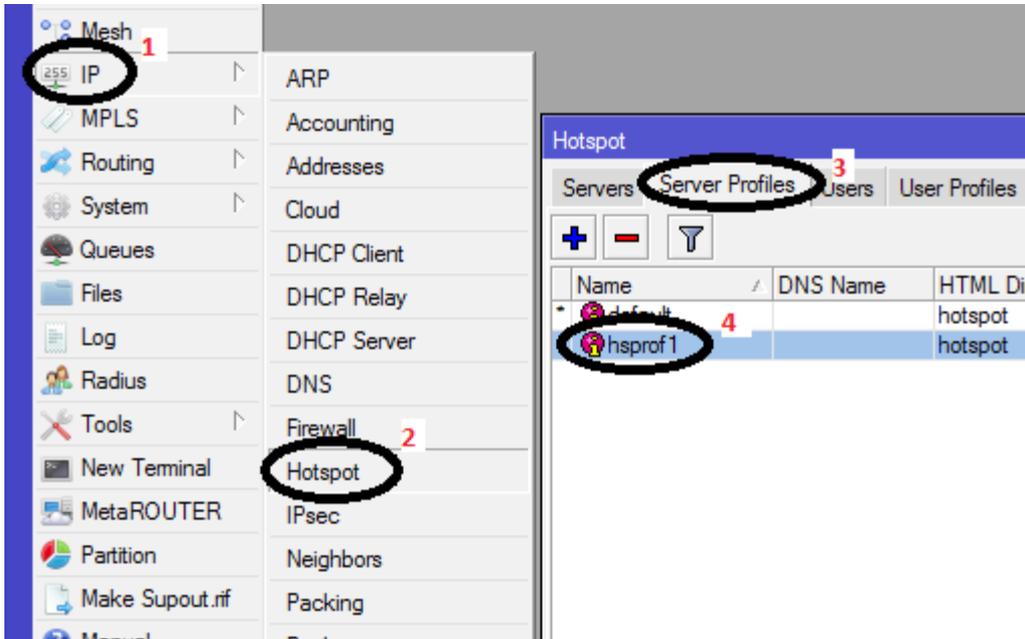


# Set Radius di MikroTik (1)

The image shows the MikroTik WinBox interface for configuring a Radius server. The following steps are indicated by red numbers and black circles:

- 1**: The **Radius** menu item in the left sidebar is selected.
- 2**: The **+** icon in the top toolbar is clicked to add a new service.
- 3**: The **New Radius Server** dialog box is shown with the following configuration:
  - General** tab selected.
  - Services** section:  hotspot,  login,  wireless,  ppp,  dhcp.
  - Called ID**: [Empty field]
  - Domain**: [Empty field]
  - Address**: 192.168.2.2
  - Secret**: [Masked with dots]
  - Authentication Port**: 1812
  - Accounting Port**: 1813
  - Timeout**: 300 ms
- 4**: The **OK** button in the dialog box is clicked to confirm the configuration.

# Set Radius di MikroTik (2)



# Info tambahan integrasi radius server

- ▶ password container dapat menjadi standar pengaturan password grup atau user
- ▶ Bandwidth manajemen di hotspot tetap berfungsi meskipun user berasal dari radius nya win2012



# Blokir web terjadwal (1)

## SET NTP CLIENT

- ▶ /system ntp client
- ▶ set enabled=yes primary-ntp=119.82.243.189  
secondary-ntp=203.114.224.252

## SET FIREWALL

- ▶ /ip firewall filter
- ▶ add action=drop chain=forward comment=blok  
content=facebook.com
- ▶ out-interface=ether1-internet src-  
address=192.168.2.70-192.168.3.200

# Blokir web terjadwal (2)

## SET SCRIPT

- ▶ add name=**allow**  
policy=read,write,policy,test,sniff  
source="/ip firewall filter set [/ip firewall filter find comment="**blok**"] disabled=yes"
- ▶ add name=**denied**  
policy=read,write,policy,test,sniff  
source="/ip firewall filter set [/ip firewall filter find comment="blok"] disabled=no"

# Blokir web terjadwal (3)

## SET SCHEDULER

- ▶ /system scheduler
- ▶ add interval=1d name=07.00 on-event=**denied**  
policy=ftp,reboot,read,write,policy,test,password,sniff,sensitive  
start-date=sep/17/2015 start-time=07:00:00
- ▶ add interval=1d name=12.00 on-event=**allow**  
policy=ftp,reboot,read,write,policy,test,password,sniff,sensitive  
start-date=sep/17/2015 start-time=12:00:00
- ▶ add interval=1d name=13.00 on-event=**denied**  
policy=ftp,reboot,read,write,policy,test,password,sniff,sensitive  
start-date=sep/17/2015 start-time=13:00:00
- ▶ add interval=1d name=15.45 on-event=**allow**  
policy=ftp,reboot,read,write,policy,test,password,sniff,sensitive  
start-date=sep/17/2015 start-time=15:45:00



# Force DHCP (1)

Hotspot

Servers Server Profiles Users User Profiles Active Hosts IP Bindings Service Ports Walled Garden ...

+ - ✓ ✗ Filter Reset HTML Hotspot Setup Find

Name	Interface	Address Pool	Profile	Addresses ...
hotspot1	ether2-lokal	none	hsprof1	

Hotspot Server <hotspot1>

Name: hotspot1

Interface: ether2-lokal

Address Pool: none

Profile: hsprof1

Idle Timeout: 00:05:00

Keypalive Timeout:

Addresses Per MAC:

IP of DNS Name: 0.0.0.0

Proxy Status: running

enabled HTTPS

OK

Cancel

Apply

Disable

Copy

Remove

Reset HTML

# Force DHCP (2)

The screenshot displays the DHCP Server configuration interface. On the left, a table lists the DHCP servers. The 'dhcp1' server is selected, and its name is circled in black. A red '1' is next to it. The table has columns for Name, Interface, and Relay.

Name	Interface	Relay
dhcp1	ether2-lokal	

Below the table, it says "1 item (1 selected)".

On the right, the DHCP Server configuration dialog for 'dhcp1' is open. The dialog has a title bar "DHCP Server <dhcp1>" with a red '3' in the top right corner. The 'OK' button is circled in black. The configuration fields are:

- Name: dhcp1
- Interface: ether2-lokal
- Relay: (empty)
- Lease Time: 01:00:00
- Bootp Lease Time: forever
- Address Pool: hs-pool-2
- Src. Address: (empty)
- Delay Threshold: (empty)
- Authoritative: after 2s delay
- Bootp Support: static
- Lease Script: (empty text area)

At the bottom of the dialog, there are three checkboxes: "Add ARP For leases" (checked, circled in black with a red '2'), "Always Broadcast" (unchecked), and "Use RADIUS" (unchecked). The status "enabled" is shown at the bottom left of the dialog.

# Force DHCP (3)

The screenshot shows a network configuration window titled "Interface <ether2-lokal>". The window has a blue title bar with a red "3" in the top right corner. The main area is divided into tabs: "General", "Ethernet", "Status", "Overall Stats", "Rx Stats", and "...". The "Ethernet" tab is selected.

On the left, there is an "Interface List" table with columns "Interface", "Ethernet", and "EoIP Tun". The table contains the following entries:

Interface	Ethernet	EoIP Tun
R	ether1-internet	
R	ether2-lokal	
	ether3	1
	ether4	
	ether5	

The "ether2-lokal" entry is highlighted with a black oval. A red "1" is next to the "ether3" entry.

The main configuration area shows the following settings:

- Name: ether2-lokal
- Type: Ethernet
- MTU: 1500
- L2 MTU: 1520
- Max L2 MTU: 1520
- MAC Address: 4C:5E:0C:D7:EE:B7
- ARP: reply-only (circled in black with a red "2" next to it)
- Master Port: none
- Bandwidth (Rx/Tx): unlimited / unlimited
- Switch: switch1

On the right side of the window, there is a vertical stack of buttons: "OK" (circled in black), "Cancel", "Apply", "Disable", "Comment", "Torch", "Cable Test", "Blink", "Reset MAC Address", and "Reset Counters".

# Force DHCP

- ▶ `/ip hotspot set hotspot1 address-pool=none`
- ▶ `/ip dhcp-server set add-arp=yes  
numbers=dhcp1`
- ▶ `/interface ethernet set ether2-lokal  
arp=reply-only`



# Force DNS (1)

The screenshot displays the Mikrotik WinBox Firewall configuration interface. The 'NAT' tab is selected in the top menu. A 'New NAT Rule' dialog box is open, showing the configuration for a rule named 'dstnat'. The configuration is as follows:

- Chain:** dstnat
- Src. Address:** (empty)
- Dst. Address:** (empty)
- Protocol:** tcp
- Src. Port:** (empty)
- Dst. Port:** 53
- Any. Port:** (empty)
- In. Interface:** (empty)
- Out. Interface:** (empty)
- Action:** dst-nat
- Log:** (unchecked)
- Log Prefix:** (empty)
- To Addresses:** 192.168.2.1
- To Ports:** 53

The 'OK' button is highlighted in the bottom right corner of the dialog box. The background shows a list of firewall rules with 17 items.

# Force DNS (2)

The screenshot displays the Mikrotik WinBox interface for configuring a NAT rule. The main window is titled "New NAT Rule" and is divided into several tabs: General, Advanced, Extra, Action, and Statistics. The "General" tab is active, showing the following configuration:

- Chain:** dstnat (labeled 3)
- Protocol:** udp (labeled 4)
- Src. Port:** (empty)
- Dst. Port:** 53 (labeled 5)
- In. Interface:** (empty)
- Out. Interface:** (empty)

The "Action" tab is also visible, showing the following configuration:

- Action:** dst-nat (labeled 7)
- Log:**
- Log Prefix:** (empty)
- To Addresses:** 192.168.2.1 (labeled 8)
- To Ports:** 53 (labeled 9)

The "Extra" tab is empty. The "Statistics" tab is also empty. The "Action" tab has a "Reset All Counters" button. The "General" tab has a "Reset All Counters" button. The "Action" tab has a "Reset All Counters" button. The "Statistics" tab has a "Reset All Counters" button.

The interface includes a "Filter Rules" list on the left, a "NAT" tab selected in the top menu, and a "New NAT Rule" dialog box. The "OK" button is circled in red and labeled 10.

# Force DNS

- ▶ /ip firewall nat
- ▶ add chain=dstnat protocol=**tcp** dst-port=53  
action=dst-nat to-addresses=192.168.2.1  
to-ports=53
- ▶ add chain=dstnat protocol=**udp** dst-port=53  
action=dst-nat to-addresses=192.168.2.1  
to-ports=53



# Port knocking (1)

1 IP

2 Firewall

3 Filter Rules

4 +

#	Action	Chain	Src. Address	Dst. Address	Proto...	Src. Port
0	D jump	forward				
1	D jump	forward				
2	D jump	input				
3	D drop	input			6 (tcp)	
4	D jump	hs-input				
5	D acc...	hs-input			17 (u...	
6	D acc...	hs-input			6 (tcp)	
7	D jump	hs-input				
8	D reject	hs-unauth			6 (tcp)	
9	D reject	hs-unauth				
10	D reject	hs-unauth-to				

1 General

2 Src. Address

3 Protocol: 6 (tcp)

4 Dst. Port: 123

5 Action

6 Action: add src to address list

7 Address List: boleh

8 Timeout: 00:01:00

9 OK

# Port knocking (2)

Firewall configuration page showing Filter Rules. The table below lists the rules:

#	Action	Chain	Src. Address	Dst. Address	Proto...	Src. Port
0	D	jump	forward			
1	D	jump	forward			
2	D	jump	input			
3	D	drop	input		6 (tcp)	
4	D	jump	hs-input			
5	D	acc...	hs-input		17 (u...	
6	D	acc...	hs-input		6 (tcp)	
7	D	jump	hs-input			
8	D	reject	hs-auth		6 (tcp)	

New Firewall Rule dialog box, General tab. Chain: input

New Firewall Rule dialog box, Action tab. Action: drop. Src. Address List: boleh

New Firewall Rule dialog box, Action tab. Action: drop. Log:  Log. OK button highlighted.

# Port knocking

- ▶ `/ip firewall filter`
- ▶ `add chain=input protocol=tcp dst-port=123  
action=add-src-to-address-list address-  
list=boleh address-list-timeout=10m`
- ▶ `add chain=input src-address-list=!boleh  
action=drop`



1. ID-networkers, Mas Dedi khususnya (training gratis untuk guru SMK)
2. Pak Ziad Sobri (proses menjadi mikrotik academy)
3. Mas Supono (Materi mikrotiknya)
4. [www.forummikrotik.com](http://www.forummikrotik.com) (materi mikrotiknya)
5. [Wiki.mikrotik.com](http://Wiki.mikrotik.com) (panduannya)
6. SMK Bintang Nusantara School, (menyediakan tempat dan perangkat untuk latihan)



TERIMA KASIH