

Prevention Login Brut eforce MikroTIK

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About ID-Networkers



Bruteforce Attack

BRUTE FORCE ATTACK

Apa itu Bruteforce ?

Brute force attack adalah sebuah metode penyerangan terhadap sebuah sistem, dengan mencoba semua kemungkinan password (kata kunci).

Brute force attack merupakan serangan yang dapat meningkatkan resource spu secara drastis, karena mencoba seluruh kemungkinan kata.

Perbedaan Dictionary attack dengan Bruteforce attack

Dictionary attack menyerang target dengan mencoba semua kata-kata yang didefinisikan dalam sebuah list (disebut juga dengan istilah kamus atau dictionary).

Berbeda dengan **Brute force attack** yang menggunakan semua kemungkinan kombinasi karakter yang lingkup katanya sangat luas

Brute force Attack

- Penyerangan brutal dengan menggunakan seluruh kemungkinan

Contoh : **aaaa s/d zzzz**

AAAAA s/d ZZZZ

aAaA s/d zZzZ

AaAa s/d ZzZz

- Serangan ini membutuhkan waktu yang sangat lama
- Persentase keberhasilan yang cukup besar

Dictionary Attack

- Penyerangan yang mencoba kemungkinan seluruh kata yang telah disusun dalam list kamus (Dictionary)

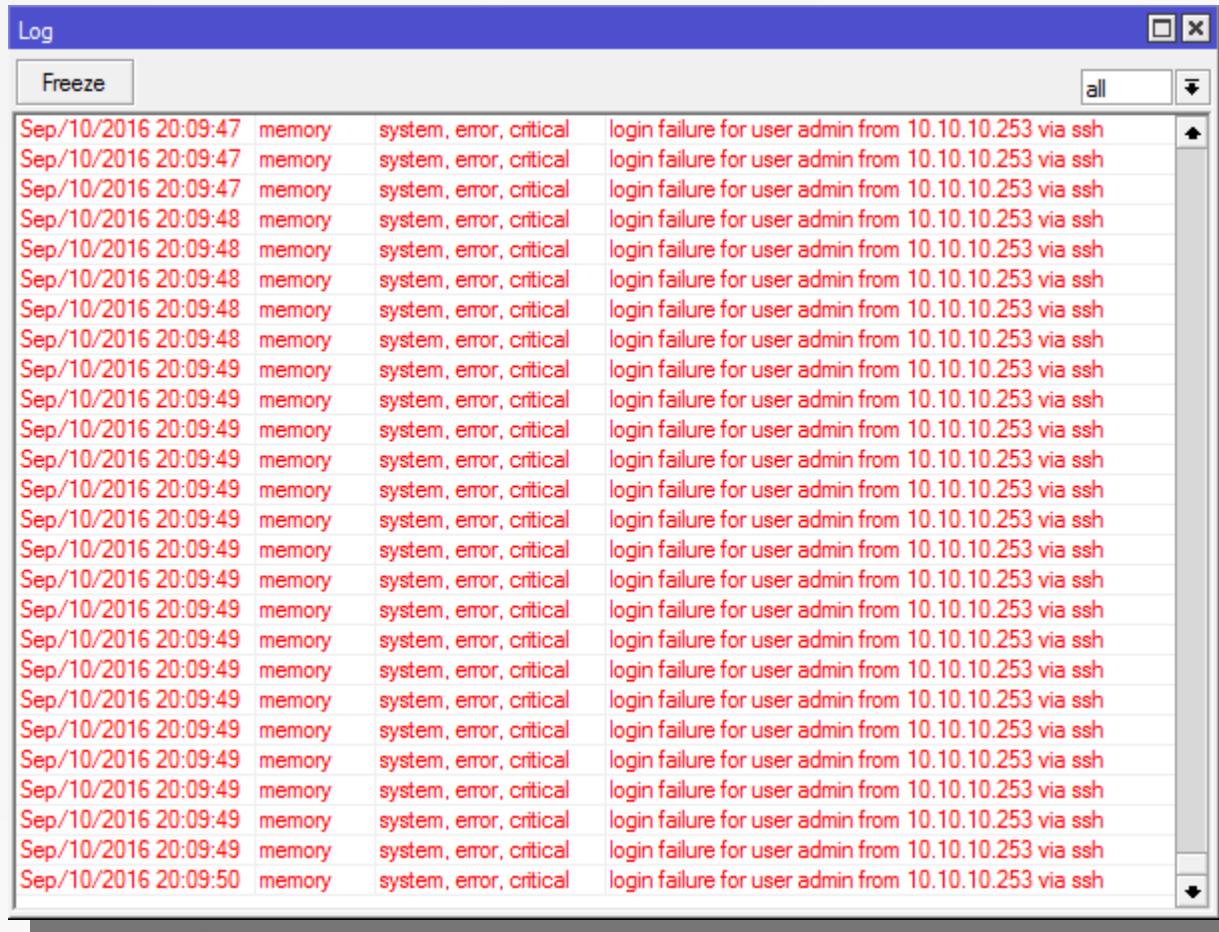
Contoh : **admin 4dm1n**

admin123 ADMIN

admin321 4DM1N

- Persentase yang didapat kurang menentu, tergantung kita memperkirakan password yang dibuat oleh adminnya
- Dapat memakan banyak waktu jika amunisinya cukup banyak dalam menebak password

Pendeteksian Bruteforce MikroTI K



Tools Bruteforce

1. Hydra

```
root@Z:/home/fajar/Documents/New Folder/exploit# hydra -l admin -P pass.txt 10.10.10.1 -t 4 ssh
Hydra v8.1 (c) 2014 by van Hauser/THC - Please do not use in military or secret service organizations, or for illegal purposes.

Hydra (http://www.thc.org/thc-hydra) starting at 2016-06-01 09:32:43
[DATA] max 4 tasks per 1 server, overall 64 tasks, 15871 login tries (l:1/p:15871), ~62 tries per task
[DATA] attacking service ssh on port 22
[22][ssh] host: 10.10.10.1 login: admin password: 1234567890
1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found
Hydra (http://www.thc.org/thc-hydra) finished at 2016-06-01 09:32:49
```

2. Medusa

```
root@Z:/home/fajar/Documents/New Folder/exploit# medusa -h 10.10.10.1 -u admin -P pass.txt -M ssh
Medusa v2.1.1 [http://www.foofus.net] (C) JoMo-Kun / Foofus Networks <jmk@foofus.net>

ACCOUNT CHECK: [ssh] Host: 10.10.10.1 (1 of 1, 0 complete) User: admin (1 of 1, 0 complete) Password: 1234567890 (1 of 15870 complete)
ACCOUNT FOUND: [ssh] Host: 10.10.10.1 User: admin Password: 1234567890 [SUCCESS]
```

3. Ncrack

```
root@Z:/home/fajar/Documents/New Folder/exploit# ncrack -v --user admin -P pass.txt 10.10.10.1:22
Starting Ncrack 0.5 ( http://ncrack.org ) at 2016-06-01 09:40 WIB
Discovered credentials on ssh://10.10.10.1:22 'admin' '1234567890'
```

Penanganan Bruteforce SSH

Disable service SSH

```
[admin@MikroTik] > ip service disable ssh
```

```
root@Z:/home/fajar/Documents/New Folder/exploit# nmap 10.10.10.1

Starting Nmap 7.01 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2016-06-01 10:22 WIB
Nmap scan report for 10.10.10.1
Host is up (0.10s latency).
Not shown: 994 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE
21/tcp    open  ftp
23/tcp    open  telnet
80/tcp    open  http
81/tcp    open  hosts2-ns
2000/tcp  open  cisco-sccp
8291/tcp  open  unknown
MAC Address: 4C:5E:0C:BA:B4:0D (Routerboard.com)

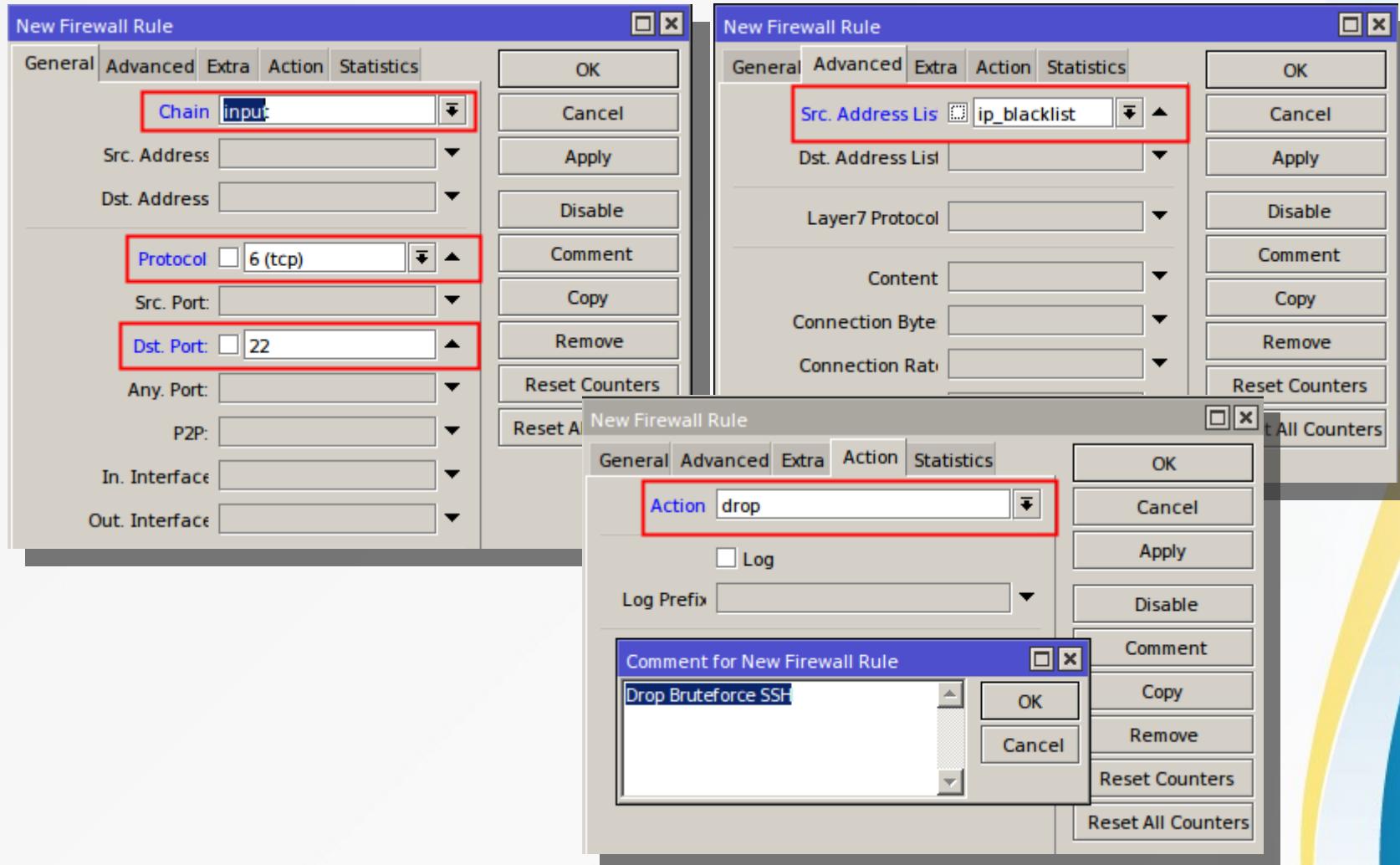
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 12.33 seconds
```

```
root@Z:/home/fajar/Documents/New Folder/exploit# medusa -h 10.10.10.1 -u admin -P pass.txt -M ssh
Medusa v2.1.1 [http://www.foofus.net] (C) JoMo-Kun / Foofus Networks <jmk@foofus.net>

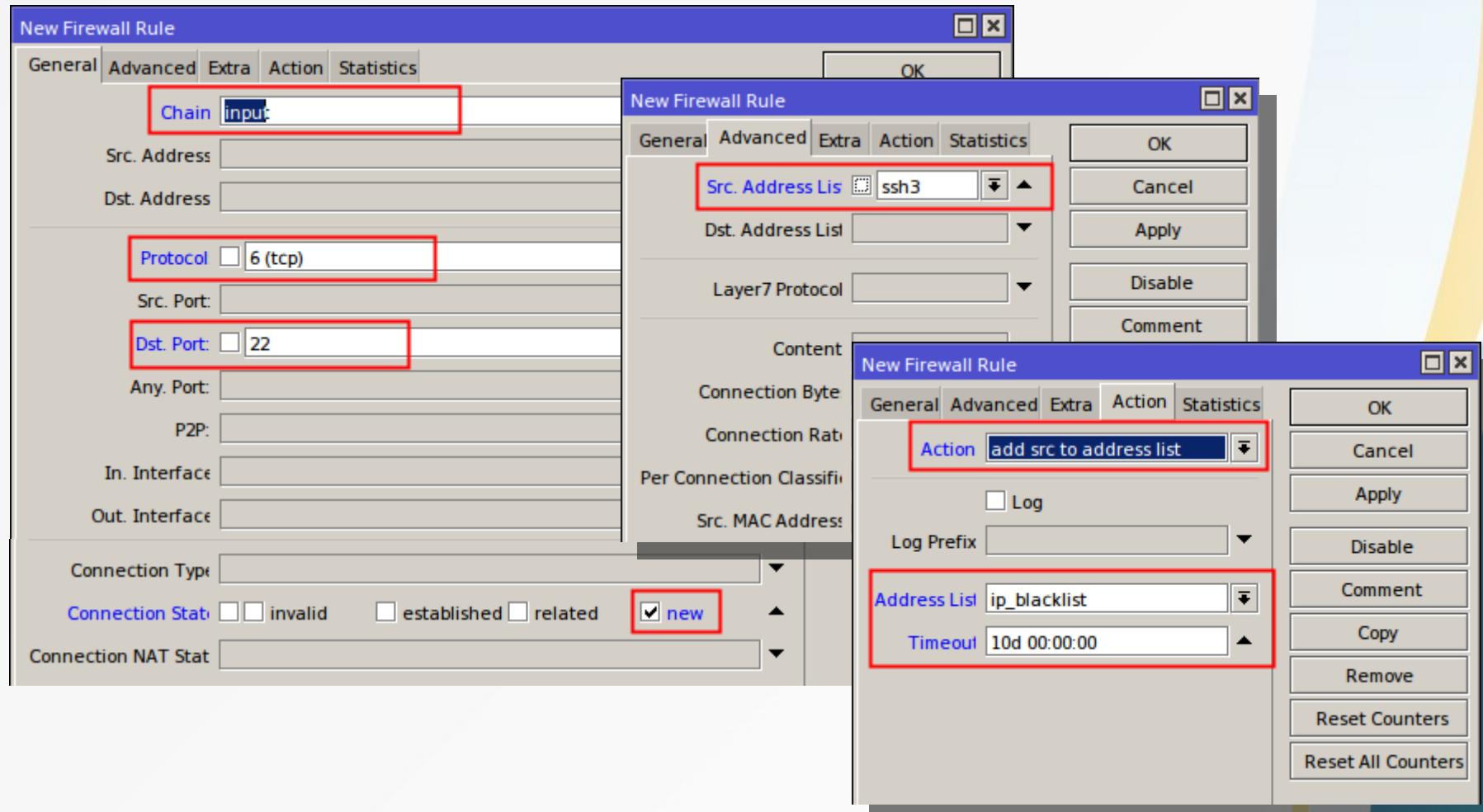
NOTICE: ssh.mod: failed to connect, port 22 was not open on 10.10.10.1
```

Penanganan Bruteforce SSH dengan Firewall

||



Penanganan Bruteforce SSH dengan Firewall



Penanganan Bruteforce SSH dengan Firewall

The image displays three windows from a firewall configuration tool, illustrating the setup for handling SSH brute-force attacks.

Left Window: New Firewall Rule (General Tab)

- Chain:** input
- Protocol:** 6 (tcp)
- Dst. Port:** 22
- Action:** add src to address list
- Address List:** ssh3
- Timeout:** 00:01:00

Middle Window: New Firewall Rule (General Tab)

- Src. Address List:** ssh2

Right Window: New Firewall Rule (General Tab)

- Action:** add src to address list
- Address List:** ssh3
- Timeout:** 00:01:00

Penanganan Bruteforce SSH dengan Firewall

The image displays three windows from a firewall configuration tool, illustrating the setup for handling SSH brute-force attacks.

Left Window: New Firewall Rule (General Tab)

- Chain:** input
- Protocol:** 6 (tcp)
- Dst. Port:** 22
- Action:** add src to address list
- Address List:** ssh2
- Timeout:** 00:01:00

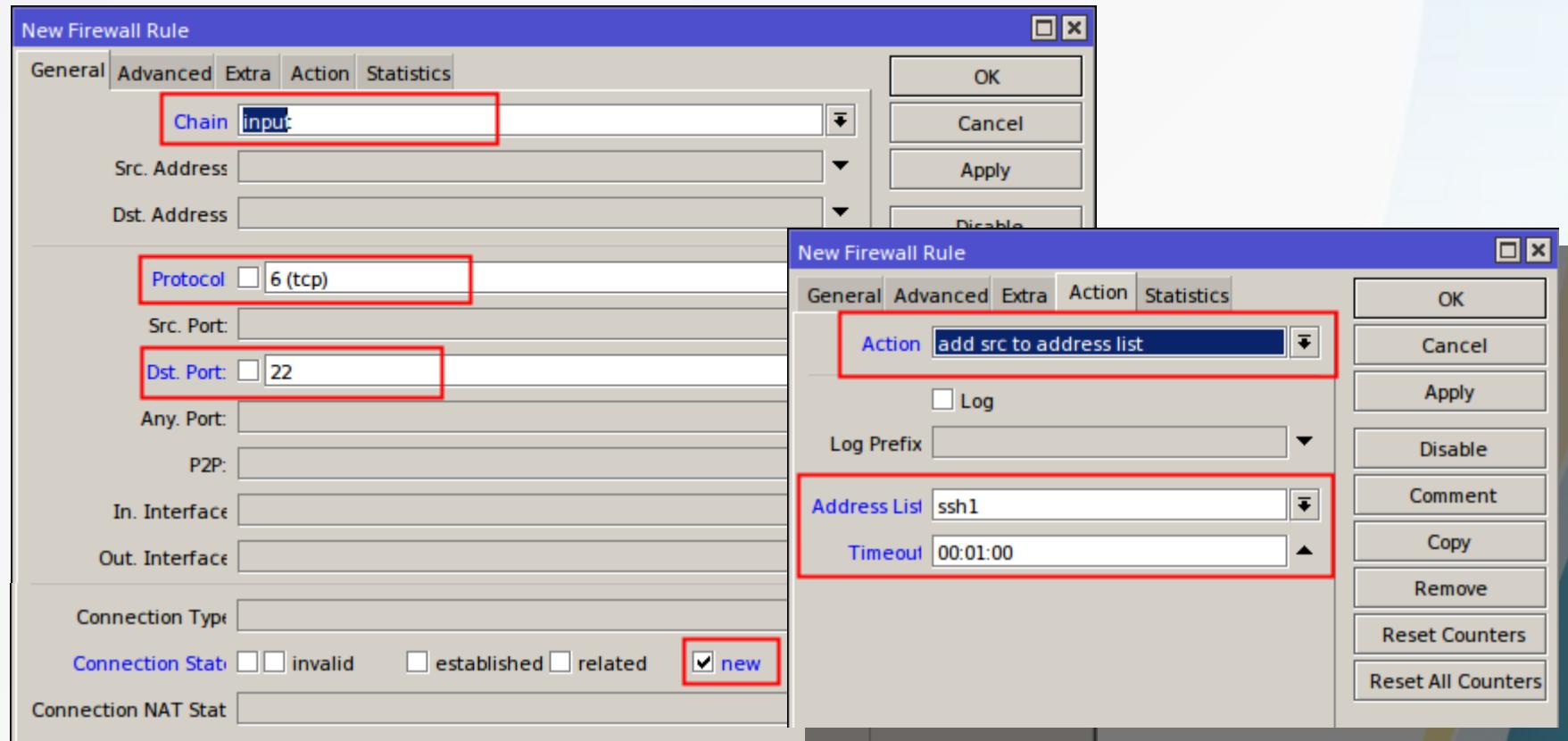
Middle Window: New Firewall Rule (General Tab)

- Src. Address List:** ssh1
- Action:** add src to address list
- Address List:** ssh2
- Timeout:** 00:01:00

Right Window: New Firewall Rule (General Tab)

- Action:** add src to address list
- Address List:** ssh2
- Timeout:** 00:01:00

Penanganan Bruteforce SSH dengan Firewall



Hasil akhir Filter Rules

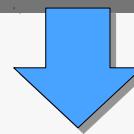
The screenshot shows a window titled "Firewall" with a tab bar containing "Filter Rules", "NAT", "Mangle", "Service Ports", "Connections", "Address Lists", and "Layer7 Protocols". The "Filter Rules" tab is selected. Below the tabs is a toolbar with icons for adding (+), deleting (-), selecting (checkmark), clearing (X), saving (disk), filtering (magnifying glass), and a "Reset Counters" button. To the right of the toolbar is a "Find" field and a dropdown menu set to "all". A "Reset All Counters" button is also present. The main area displays a table of filter rules:

#	Action	Chain	Proto...	Dst. Port	Connection State	Bytes	Packets
;;: Drop Bruteforce SSH							
0	drop	input	6 (tcp)	22		12.6 KiB	199
1	add src to address list	input	6 (tcp)	22	new	52 B	1
2	add src to address list	input	6 (tcp)	22	new	312 B	6
3	add src to address list	input	6 (tcp)	22	new	572 B	11
4	add src to address list	input	6 (tcp)	22	new	832 B	16

At the bottom left of the table area, it says "5 items".

Testing Bruteforce SSH

```
root@Z:/home/fajar/Documents/New Folder/exploit# ncrack -v --user admin -P pass.txt 10.10.10.1:22  
Starting Ncrack 0.5 ( http://ncrack.org ) at 2016-06-01 11:56 WIB
```



Firewall			
	Filter Rules	NAT	Mangle
	Service Ports	Connections	Address Lists
	Layer7 Protocols		
     			 
Name	Address	Timeout	
D ip_blacklist	10.10.10.253	9d 23:59:46	
D ssh1	10.10.10.253	00:00:45	
D ssh2	10.10.10.253	00:00:46	
D ssh3	10.10.10.253	00:00:46	

Penanganan Bruteforce FTP

Disable service FTP

```
[admin@MikroTik] > ip service disable ftp
```

```
root@Z:/home/fajar# nmap 10.10.10.1

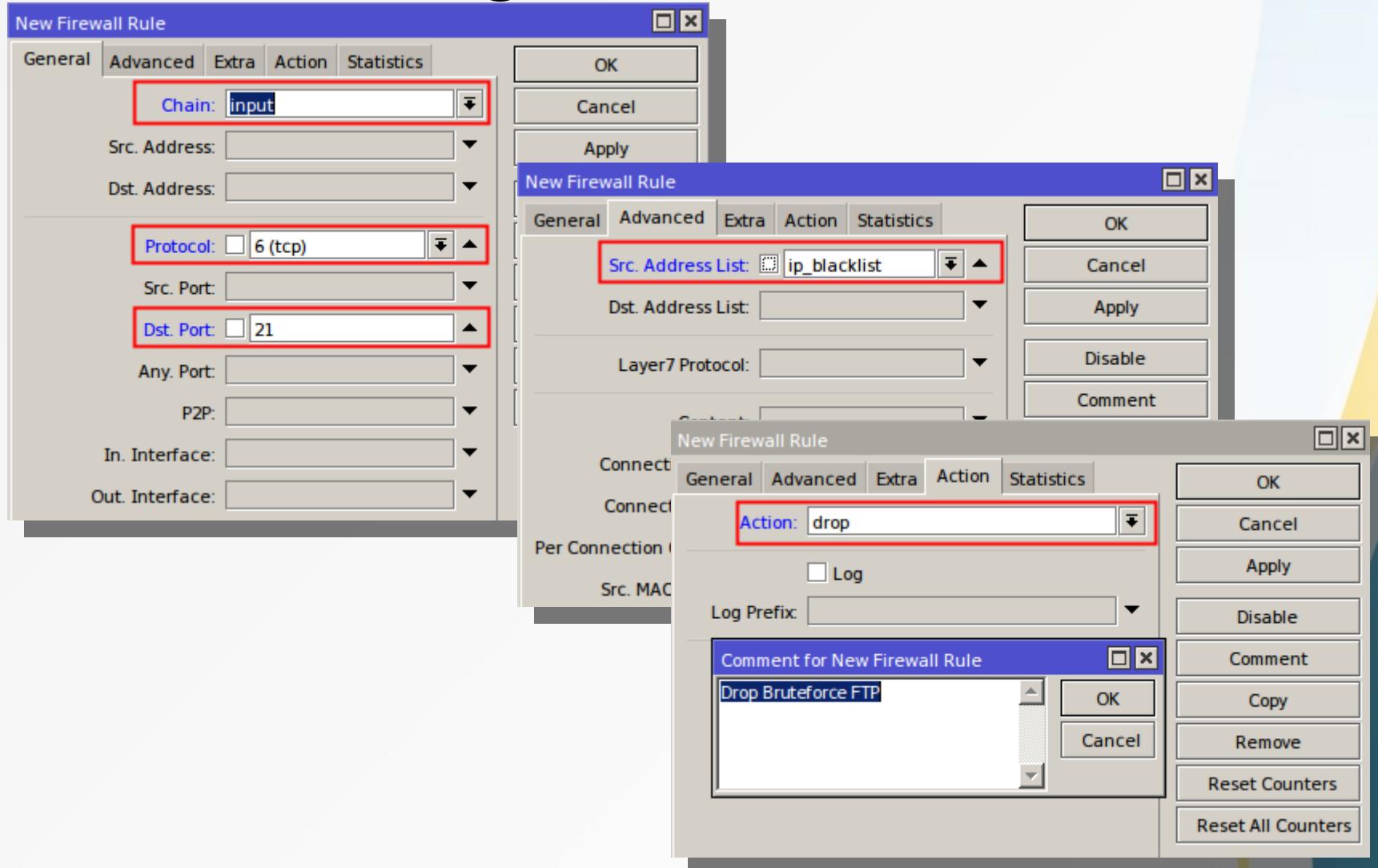
Starting Nmap 7.01 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2016-06-01 22:01 WIB
Nmap scan report for 10.10.10.1
Host is up (0.026s latency).
Not shown: 994 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE
22/tcp    open  ssh
23/tcp    open  telnet
80/tcp    open  http
81/tcp    open  hosts2-ns
2000/tcp  open  cisco-sccp
8291/tcp  open  unknown
MAC Address: 4C:5E:0C:BA:B4:0D (Routerboard.com)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 31.99 seconds
```

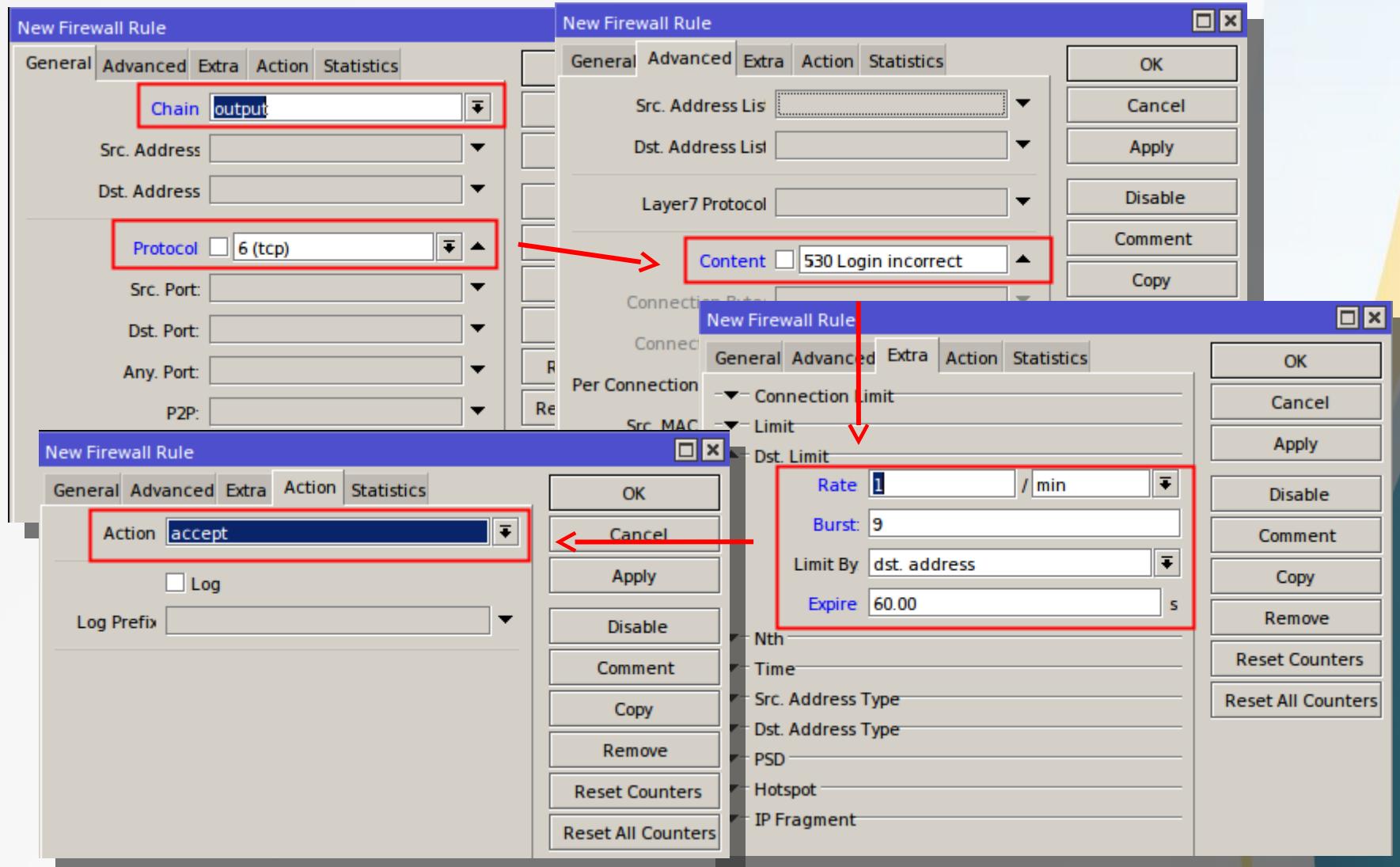
```
root@Z:/home/fajar/Documents/New Folder/exploit# medusa -h 10.10.10.1 -u admin -P pass.txt -M ftp
Medusa v2.1.1 [http://www.foofus.net] (C) JoMo-Kun / Foofus Networks <jmk@foofus.net>

NOTICE: ftp.mod: failed to connect, port 21 was not open on 10.10.10.1
```

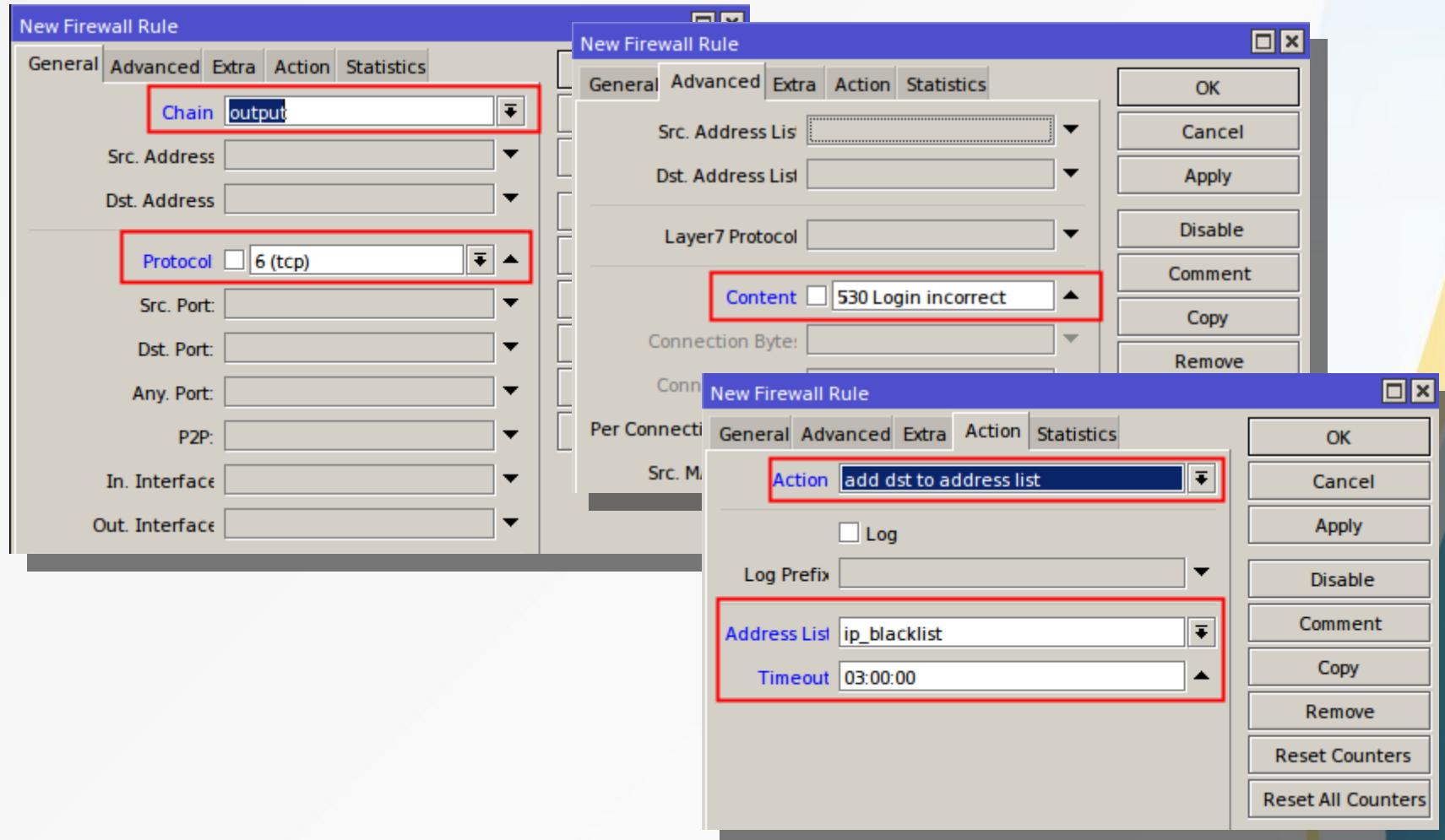
Penanganan Bruteforce FTP dengan Firewall



Penanganan Bruteforce FTP dengan Firewall



Penanganan Bruteforce FTP dengan Firewall



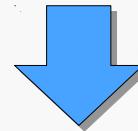
Hasil akhir Filter Rules

The screenshot shows a Windows-style application window titled "Firewall". The tab bar at the top has "Filter Rules" selected, along with other tabs: NAT, Mangle, Service Ports, Connections, Address Lists, and Layer7 Protocols. Below the tabs is a toolbar with icons for adding (+), deleting (-), filtering (checkmark), clearing (X), saving (disk), and filtering (magnifying glass). There are also buttons for "Reset Counters" and "Reset All Counters". To the right of the toolbar are search fields for "Find" and "all", and a dropdown arrow. The main area is a table with the following columns: #, Action, Chain, Proto..., Dst. Port, Bytes, Packets, and a dropdown arrow. The table contains the following data:

#	Action	Chain	Proto...	Dst. Port	Bytes	Packets	
;; Drop Bruteforce FTP							
0	✗ drop	input	6 (tcp)	21	1156 B	25	
1	✓ accept	output	6 (tcp)		305 B	5	
2	✗ add dst to address list	output	6 (tcp)		366 B	6	

Testing Bruteforce FTP

```
root@Z:/home/fajar/Documents/New Folder/exploit# medusa -h 10.10.10.1 -u admin -P pass.txt -M ftp  
Medusa v2.1.1 [http://www.foofus.net] (C) JoMo-Kun / Foofus Networks <jmk@foofus.net>  
  
ACCOUNT CHECK: [ftp] Host: 10.10.10.1 (1 of 1, 0 complete) User: admin (1 of 1, 0 complete) Password: 4manah4dmin (1 of 15870 complete)  
ACCOUNT CHECK: [ftp] Host: 10.10.10.1 (1 of 1, 0 complete) User: admin (1 of 1, 0 complete) Password: house69 (2 of 15870 complete)  
ERROR: Thread B69FFB40: Host: 10.10.10.1 Cannot connect [unreachable], retrying (1 of 3 retries)  
ERROR: Thread B69FFB40: Host: 10.10.10.1 Cannot connect [unreachable], retrying (2 of 3 retries)  
ERROR: Thread B69FFB40: Host: 10.10.10.1 Cannot connect [unreachable], retrying (3 of 3 retries)  
NOTICE: ftp.mod: failed to connect, port 21 was not open on 10.10.10.1
```



Firewall

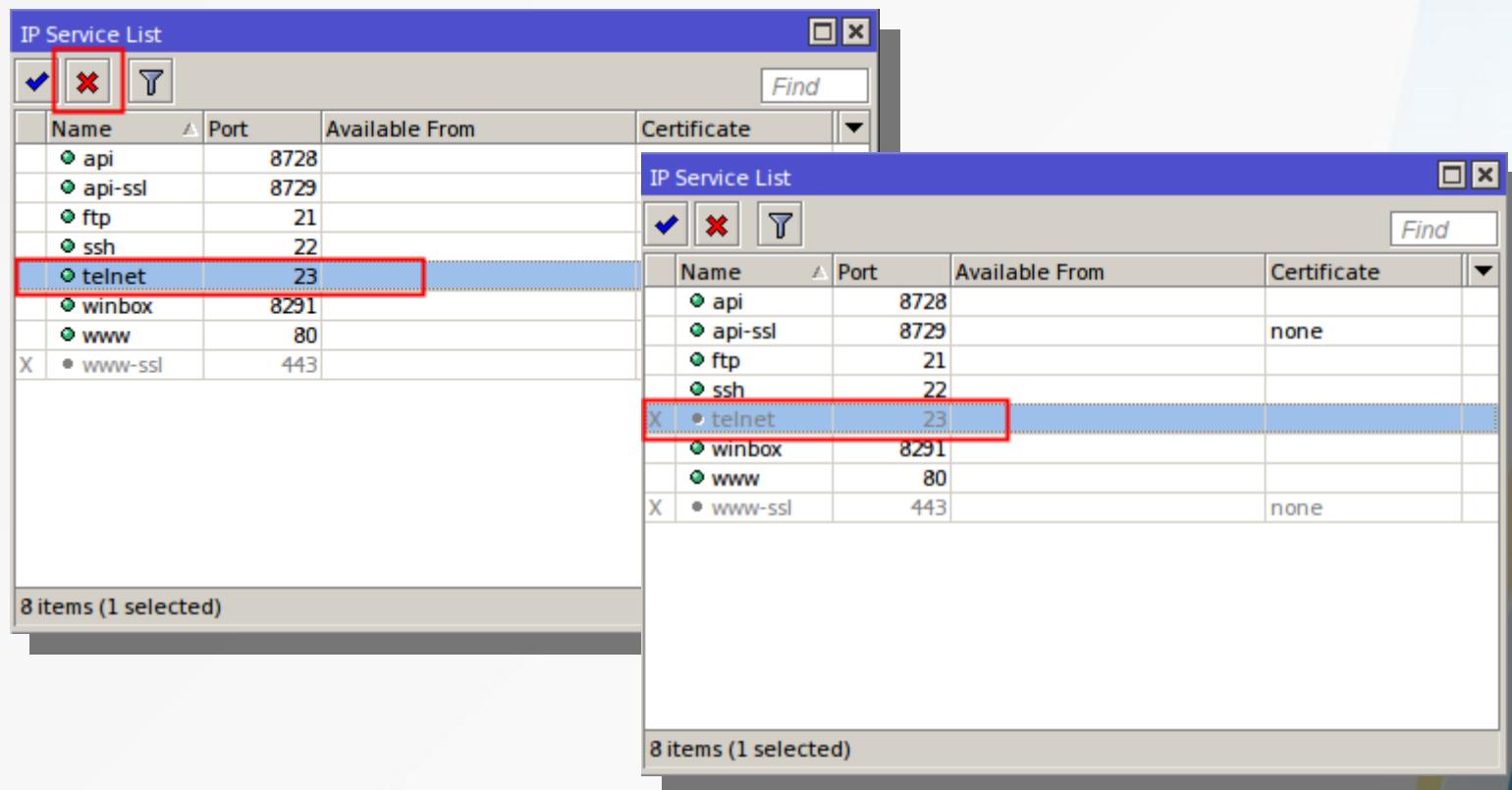
Filter Rules NAT Mangle Service Ports Connections Address Lists Layer7 Protocols

+ - ✓ ✘ ⌂ ⌂ Find

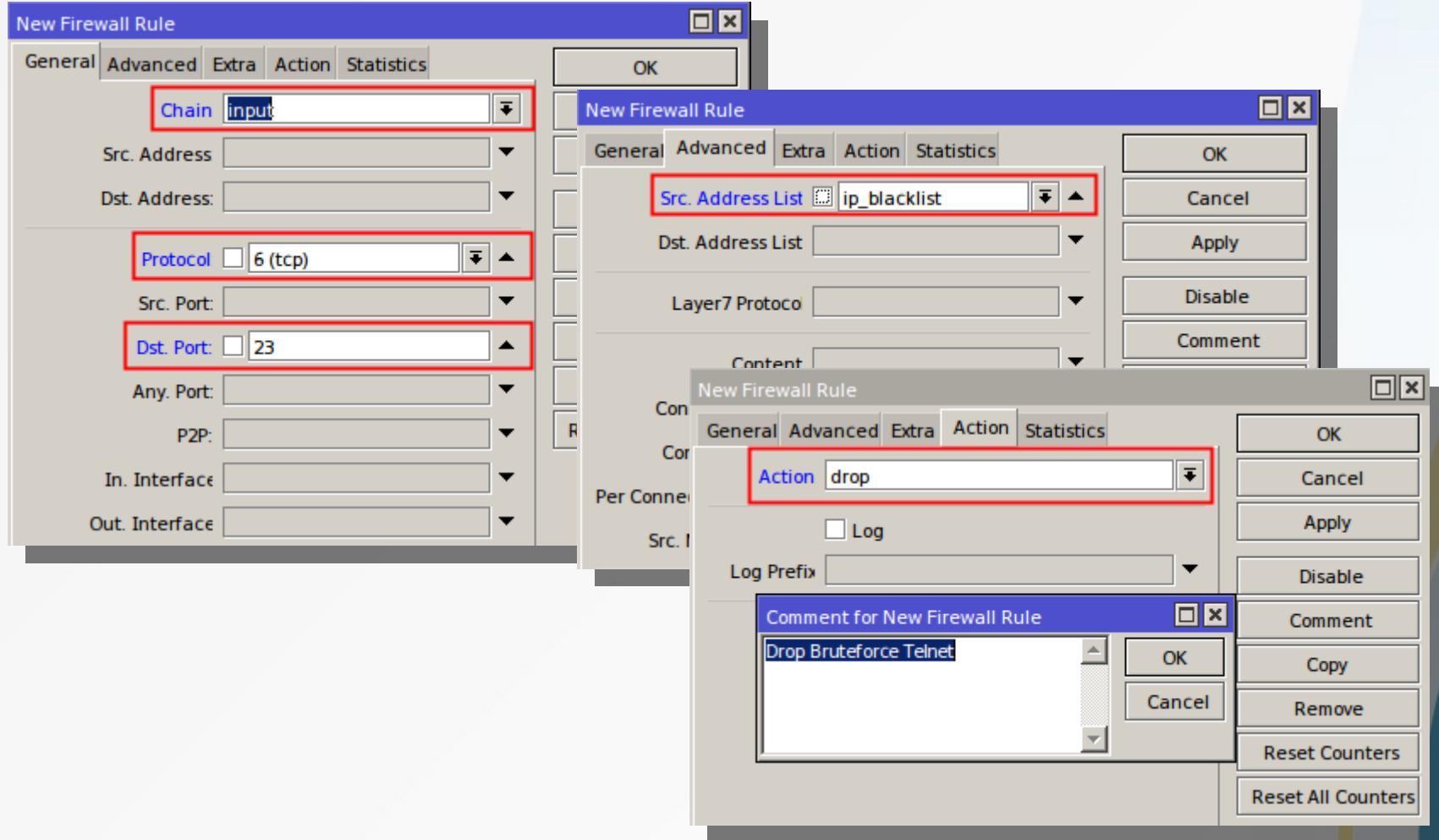
Name	Address	Timeout
D ip_blacklist	10.10.10.253	02:58:27

Penanganan Bruteforce Telnet

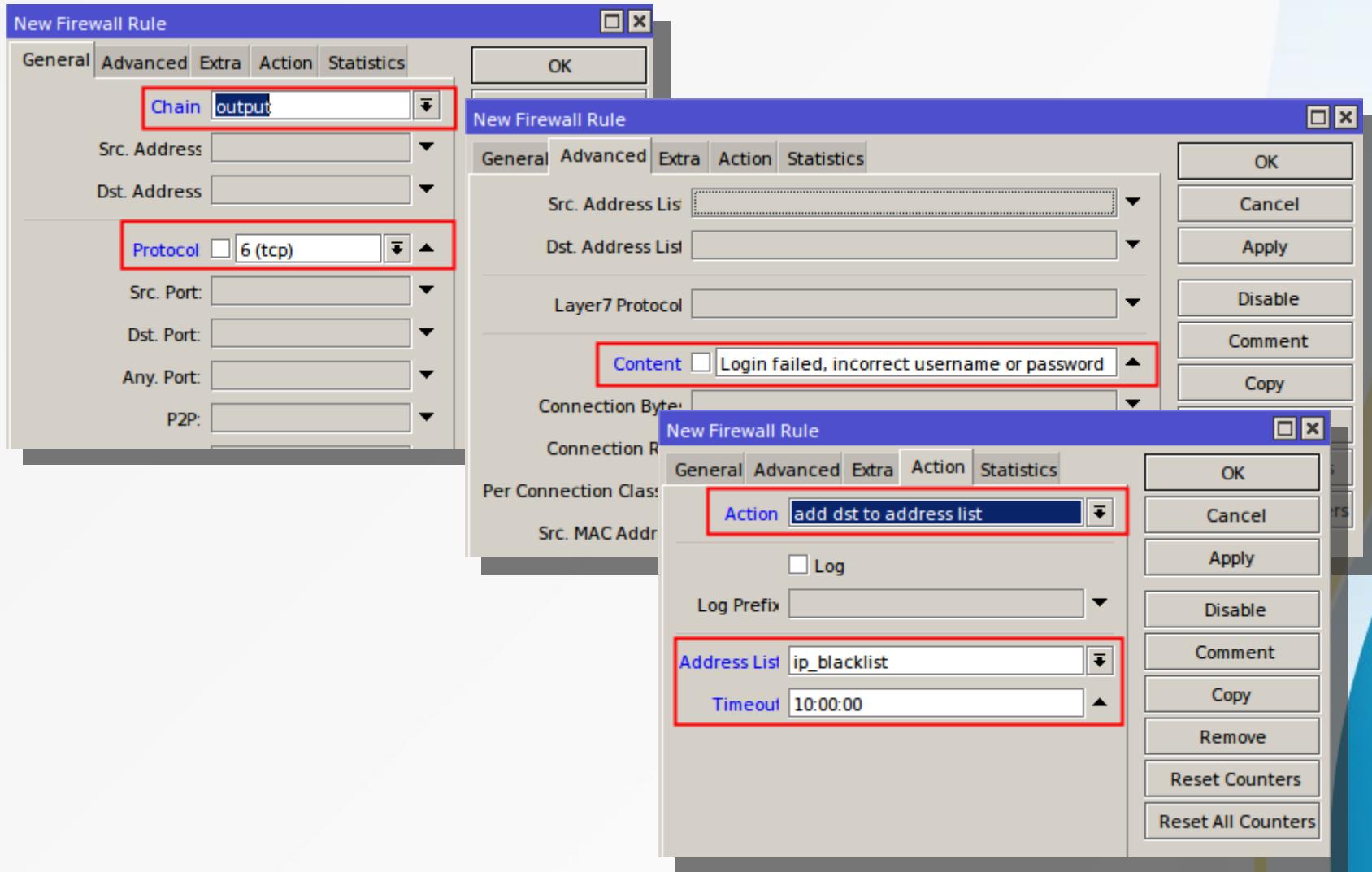
Disable service Telnet



Penanganan Bruteforce Telnet dengan Firewall



Penanganan Bruteforce Telnet dengan Firewall



Hasil akhir Filter Rules

The screenshot shows a 'Firewall' application window with a blue header bar. The 'Filter Rules' tab is selected, and the interface includes tabs for NAT, Mangle, Service Ports, Connections, Address Lists, and Layer7 Protocols. Below the tabs are several icons: a plus sign (+), minus (-), checkmark (✓), X, file, and a filter icon. There are also buttons for 'Reset Counters' and 'Reset All Counters'. A search bar with 'Find' and 'all' dropdown options is present. The main table has columns for #, Action, Chain, Proto..., Dst. Port, Bytes, and Packets. The first rule, 'Drop Bruteforce Telnet', has an action of 'drop' (marked with a red X) and is applied to the 'input' chain on port 23. The second rule, 'add dst to address list', has an action of 'add dst to address list' (marked with a red X) and is applied to the 'output' chain on port 6 (tcp). Both rules have 0 bytes and 0 packets processed.

#	Action	Chain	Proto...	Dst. Port	Bytes	Packets
;;: Drop Bruteforce Telnet						
0	drop	input	6 (tcp)	23	0 B	0
1	add dst to address list	output	6 (tcp)		0 B	0

Terima Kasih

