

Mikrotik User Meeting

Yogyakarta, 20th October 2018



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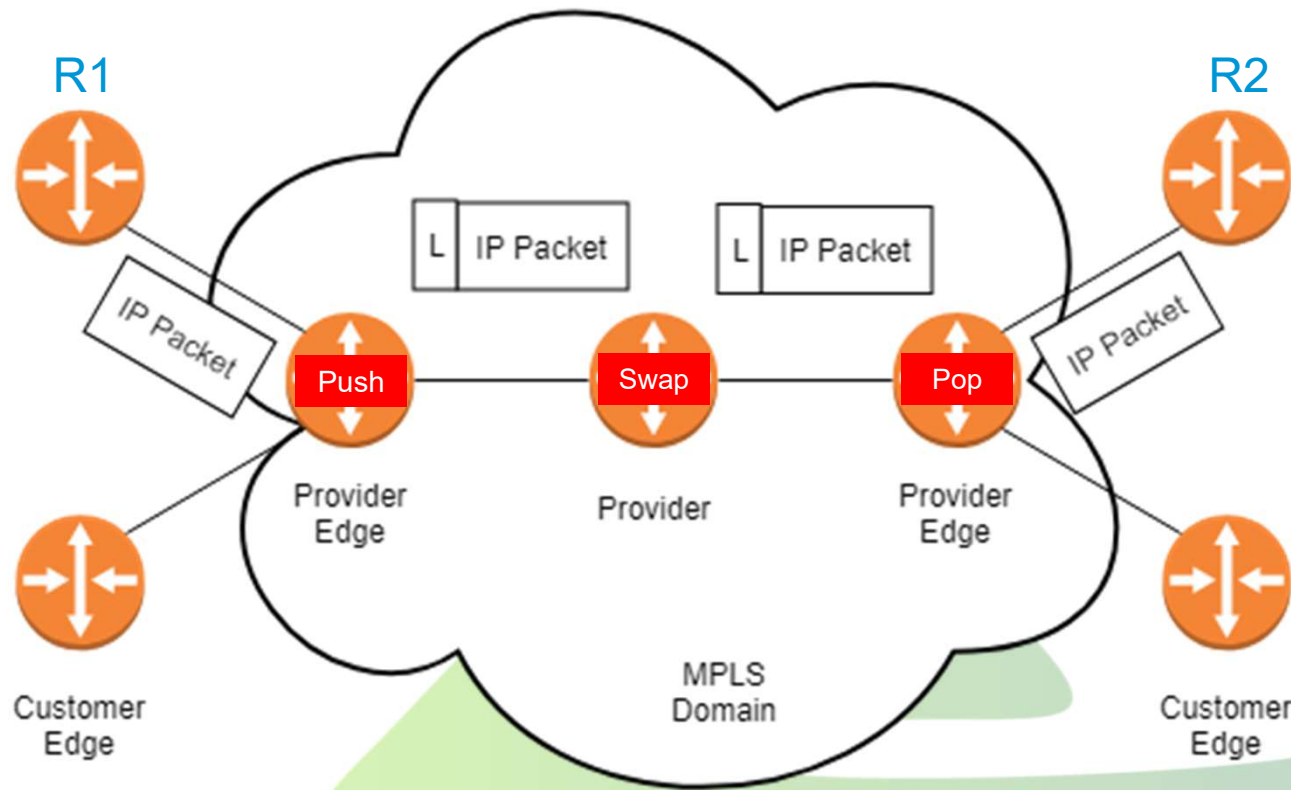


Multi Protocol Label Switching

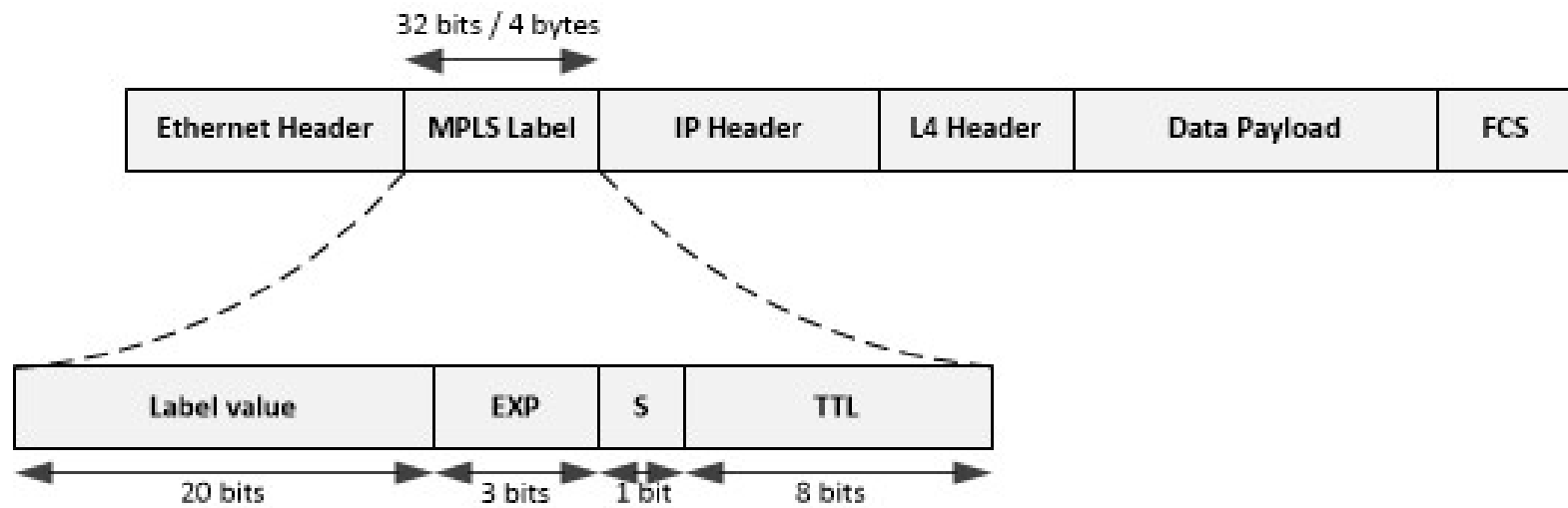
What is MPLS?

- MPLS is type of data carrying technique for high performance telecommunication network
- MPLS is a new forwarding mechanism in which packets are forwarded based on labels.
- Labels can also correspond to other parameters, such as quality of service (QoS) or source address.

How MPLS work?



MPLS Label

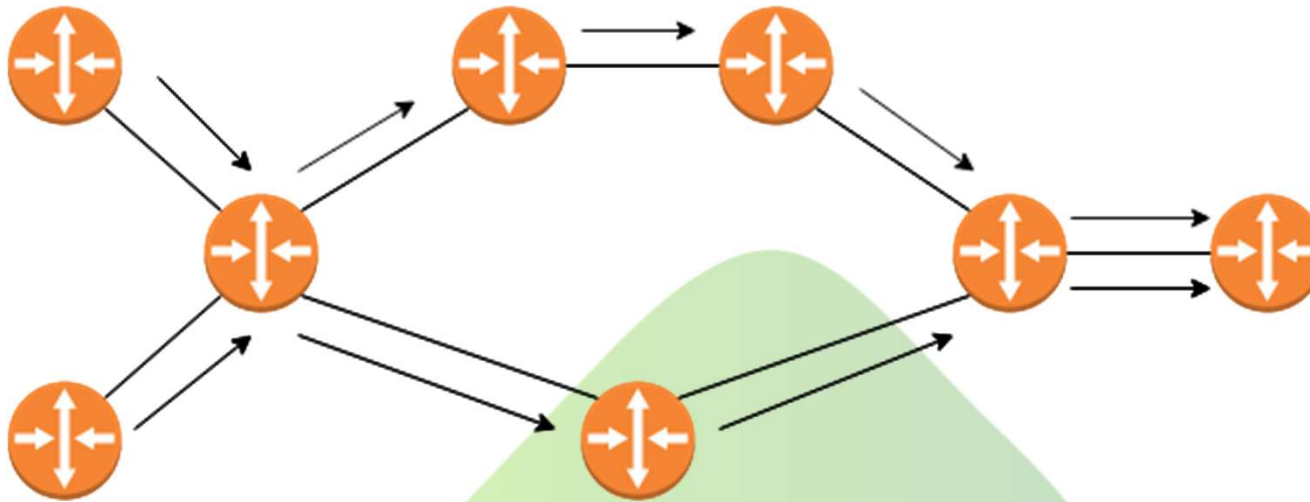


MPLS Traffic Engineering

What is MPLS Traffic Engineering?

- Traffic Engineering is one of many services that we can use in MPLS.
- Traffic Engineering refers to the process of selecting the path which traffic will be sent through that network.
- MPLS traffic engineering requires OSPF or ISIS with extensions for MPLS TE as the IGP.
- RSVP or CR-LDP is used to establish traffic engineering tunnels (TE tunnels) and propagate labels.

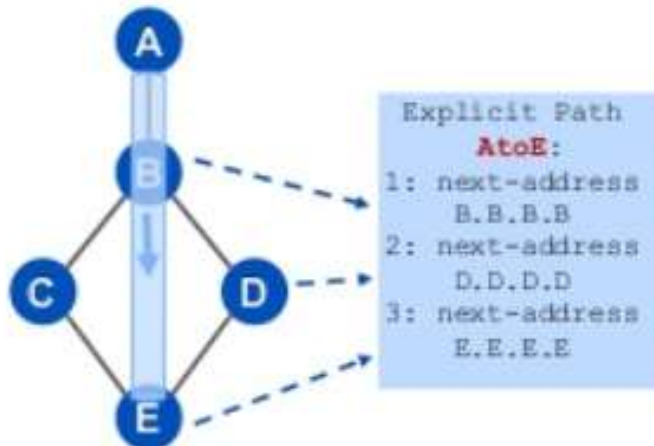
How MPLS Traffic Engineering work?



Path Selection

Strict Path

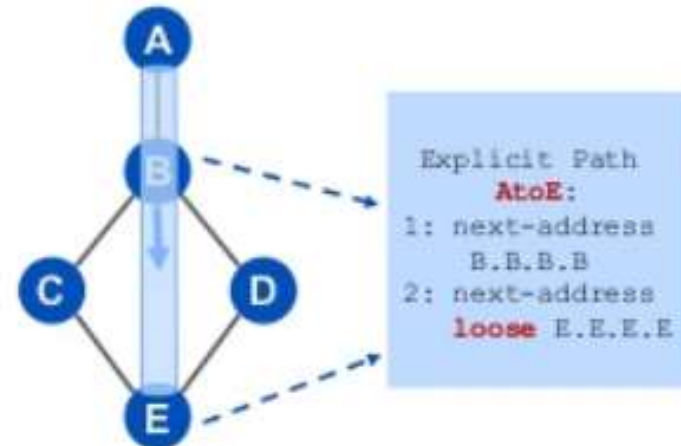
A network node and its preceding node in the path must be adjacent and directly connected.



Explicit Path
AtoE:
1: next-address
B.B.B.B
2: next-address
D.D.D.D
3: next-address
E.E.E.E

Loose Path

A network node must be in the path but is not required to be directly connected to its preceding node.



Explicit Path
AtoE:
1: next-address
B.B.B.B
2: next-address
loose E.E.E.E

MPLS TE Services

- TE Fast Re-Route
- TE Path Protection



Why MPLS Traffic Engineering?

- Handling unexpected congestion
- Better utilization of available bandwidth
- Route around failed links/nodes
- Capacity planning



Thank you😊

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