



Basic guidelines on RouterOS
configuration and debugging

Tokyo, Japan

May 2018

RouterOS is the **same** everywhere



Management Tools

RouterOS Management tools

- CLI (Command Line Interface)

<https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/Manual:Console>

- WebFig,

<https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/Manual:Webfig>

- TikApp,

<https://forum.mikrotik.com/viewtopic.php?t=98407>

- Winbox,

<https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/Manual:Winbox>

The fastest configuration

Session: Safe Mode Session:

Quick Set

- Home AP Dual
- Quick Set
- CAP
- CPE
- Home AP Dual
- PTP Bridge
- WISP AP

2GHz 5GHz

Network Name: MikroTik-279BE1 MikroTik-279BE0

Frequency: auto auto MHz

Band: 2GHz-B/G/N 5GHz-A/N/AC

Country: no_country_set Use Access List (ACL)

WPA Password:

- Guest Wireless Network

Guest Network:

- Wireless Clients

MAC Address	In ACL	Last IP	Uptime	Signal Strength

Signal Strength:

Internet

Port: Eth1

Address Acquisition: Static Automatic PPPoE

IP Address: 172.16.1.243

Netmask: 255.255.255.0 (/24)

Gateway: 172.16.1.1

MAC Address: 6C:3B:60:27:9B:DA Firewall Router

- Local Network

IP Address: 192.168.88.1

Netmask: 255.255.255.0 (/24)

DHCP Server

DHCP Server Range: 192.168.88.10-192.168.88.254 NAT UPnP

- VPN

VPN Access

VPN Address: 6f120665c726.an.mynetname.net

- System

Password:

Confirm Password:

QuickSet

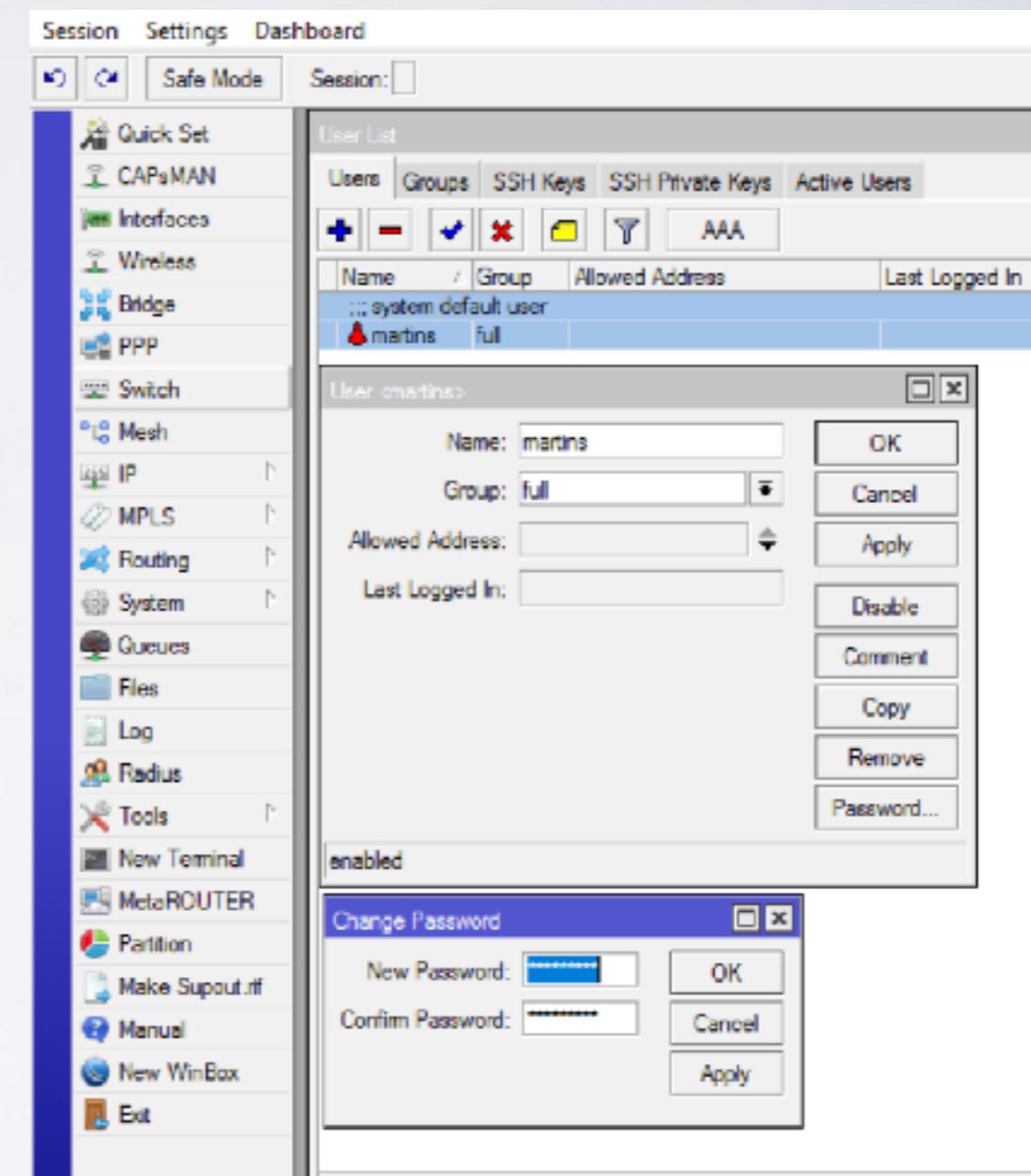
QuickSet

- Easy to use
- Contains the most commonly used features and should be enough for basic usage
- “If you use QuickSet, then use QuickSet!”

Security

Simple Security

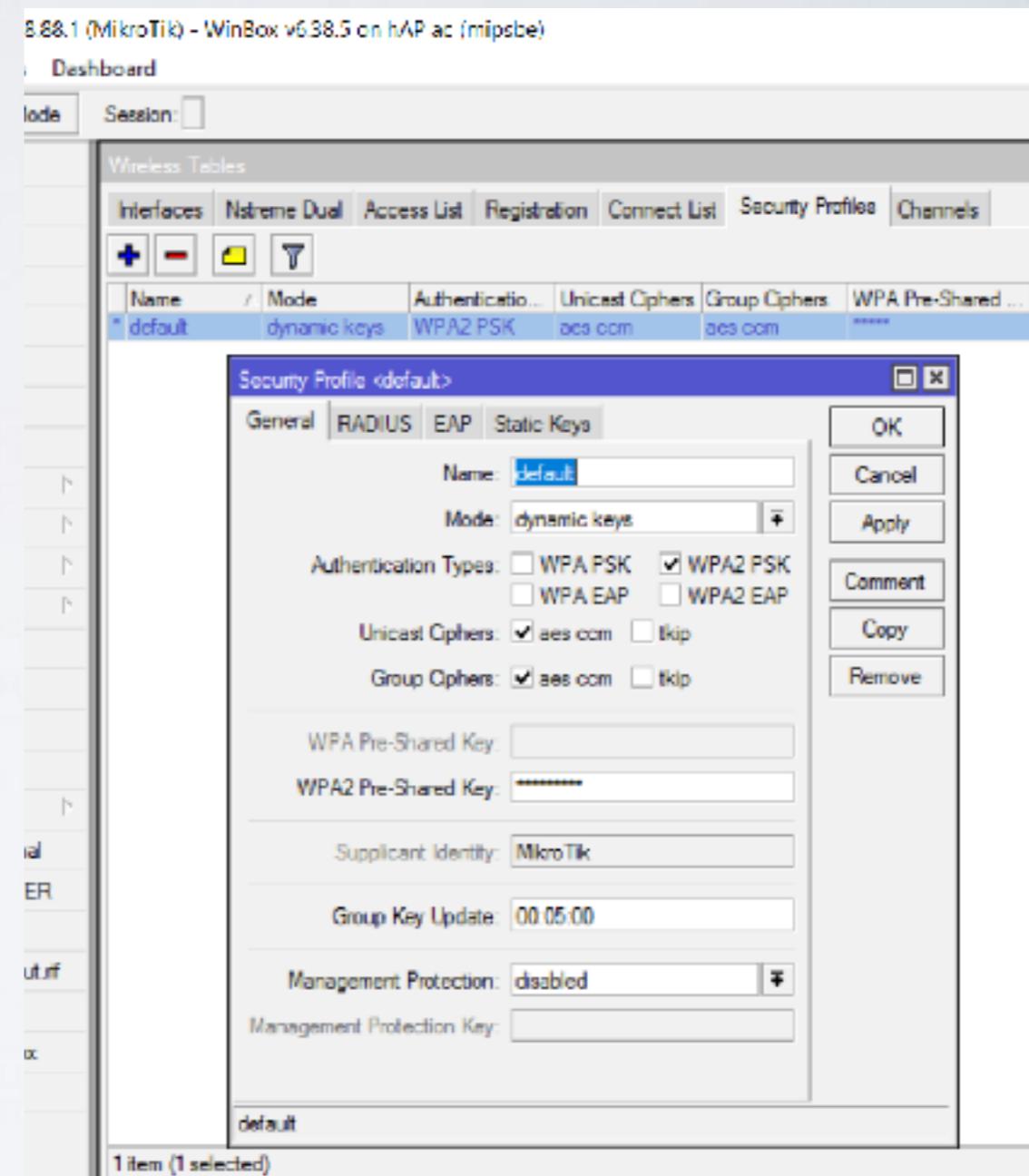
- Specify user password
/user set admin
password=***
- Use different username
/user set admin
name=martins



Simple Security

- Specify password for wireless access

```
/interface wireless security-profiles set default=authentication-types=wpa2-psk mode=dynamic-keys wpa2-pre-shared-key=*****
```



Security

- Disable unused interfaces

/interface ethernet disable
ether3,ether5,sfp1

Interface List					
	Interface	Interface List	Ethernet	EoIP Tunnel	IP Tunnel
	Name	Type		Actual MTU	L2 M
	::: defconf				
R	bridge	Bridge		1500	159
R	ether1	Ethernet		1500	159
RS	ether2-master	Ethernet		1500	159
XS	ether3	Ethernet		1500	159
RS	ether4	Ethernet		1500	159
XS	ether5	Ethernet		1500	159
XS	sfp1	Ethernet		1500	160
S	wlan1	Wireless (Atheros AR9...		1500	160
S	wlan2	Wireless (Atheros AR9...		1500	160
9 items					

Security

- Disable unused packages
(mainly IPv6)

/system package disable
hotspot, ipv6, mpls, ppp,
routing

Package List				
	Name	Version	Build Time	Scheduled
■	routeros-mipsbe	6.38.5	Mar/09/2017 11:32:49	
■	advanced4...	6.38.5	Mar/09/2017 11:32:49	
■	dhcp	6.38.5	Mar/09/2017 11:32:49	
■	hotspot	6.38.5	Mar/09/2017 11:32:49	scheduled for disable
■	ipv6	6.38.5	Mar/09/2017 11:32:49	
■	mpls	6.38.5	Mar/09/2017 11:32:49	scheduled for disable
■	ppp	6.38.5	Mar/09/2017 11:32:49	scheduled for disable
■	routing	6.38.5	Mar/09/2017 11:32:49	scheduled for disable
■	security	6.38.5	Mar/09/2017 11:32:49	
■	system	6.38.5	Mar/09/2017 11:32:49	
■	wireless	6.38.5	Mar/09/2017 11:32:49	
11 items (1 selected)				

Security

- Disable IP/Services

/ip service disable api,api-ssl,ftp,www-ssl

	Name	Port	Available From	Certificate
X	api	8728		
X	api-ssl	8729		none
X	ftp	21		
	ssh	22		
	telnet	23		
	winbox	8291		
	www	80		
X	www-ssl	443		none

8 items (1 selected)

Security

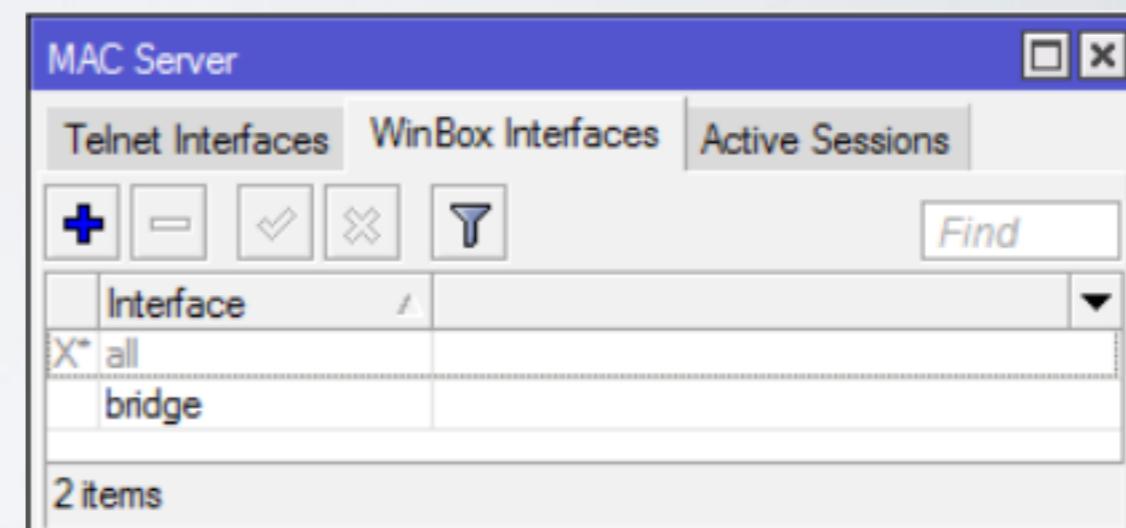
- Adjust MAC access

```
/tool mac-server set [ find  
default=yes ] disabled=yes
```

```
/tool mac-server add  
interface=bridge
```

```
/tool mac-server mac-winbox set  
[ find default=yes ] disabled=yes
```

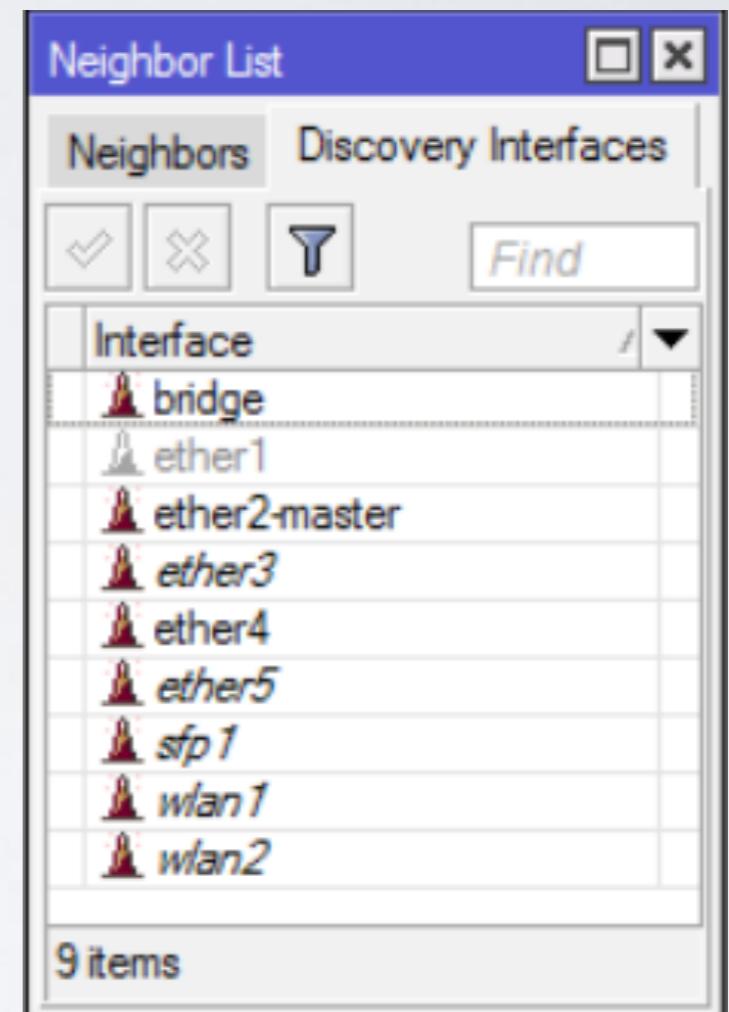
```
/tool mac-server mac-winbox  
add interface=bridge
```



Security

- Hide device in Neighbor Discovery

```
/ip neighbor discovery set  
ether1 discover=no
```



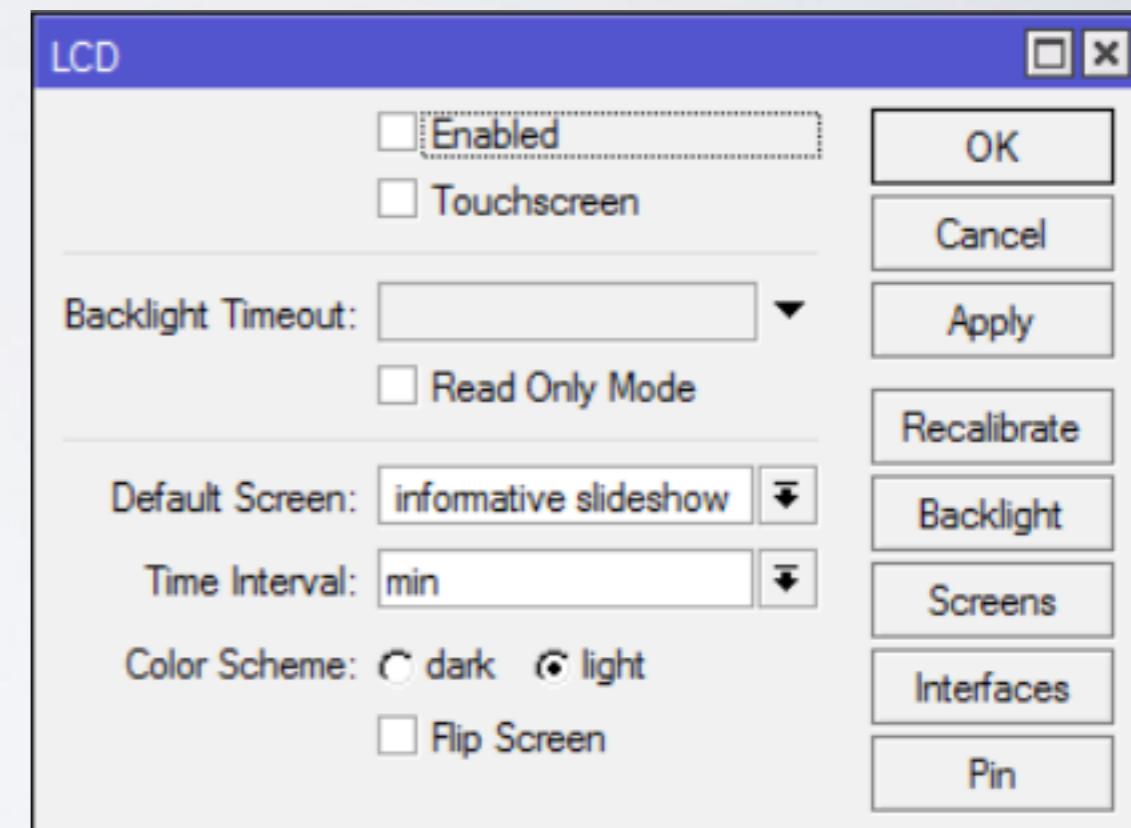
Security

- Disable serial port if not used
(and if included)

/system console disable [find
where port=serial0]

- Disable LCD

/lcd set enabled=no
/lcd set touch-screen=disabled



Security

- Place router in secure location
- Protect reset button,

/system routerboard settings set protected-routerboot=enabled reformat-hold-button=30s

<https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/>

Manual:RouterBOARD settings#Protected bootloader

Firewall

Firewall

- Two most popular approaches
 - Drop untrusted and allow remaining (default accept)
 - Allow trusted and drop remaining (default drop)

```
/ip firewall filter add chain=forward action=accept src-address=192.168.88.2 out-interface=ether1
```

```
/ip firewall filter add chain=forward action=drop src-address=192.168.88.0/24 out-interface=ether1
```

Firewall

- Secure input (traffic to a router)

```
/ip firewall filter
```

```
add chain=input action=accept protocol=icmp
```

```
add chain=input action=accept connection-  
state=established,related
```

```
add chain=input action=drop in-interface=ether1
```

Firewall

Firewall

Filter Rules NAT Mangle Raw Service Ports Connections Address Lists Layer7 Protocols

+ - ✓ ✗ ⌂ ⌂ 00 Reset Counters 00 Reset All Counters Find input ↴

#	Action	Chain	Src. Address	Dst. Address	Proto...	Src. Port	Dst. Port	In. Inter...	Out. Int...	Bytes	Packets	▼
1	✓ acc...	input			1 (c...					0 B	0	
2	✓ acc...	input								159.7 kB	1 693	
3	✗ drop	input					ether1			81.8 kB	1 090	

3 items out of 8

The screenshot shows a software interface for managing a firewall. The title bar is 'Firewall'. The menu bar includes 'Filter Rules', 'NAT', 'Mangle', 'Raw', 'Service Ports', 'Connections', 'Address Lists', and 'Layer7 Protocols'. Below the menu is a toolbar with icons for adding (+), deleting (-), enabling (✓), disabling (✗), saving (file), filtering (magnifying glass), and two buttons for 'Reset Counters' (00) and 'Reset All Counters' (00). There is also a 'Find' field and a dropdown for 'input'. The main area is a table listing firewall rules. The columns are: #, Action, Chain, Src. Address, Dst. Address, Proto..., Src. Port, Dst. Port, In. Inter..., Out. Int..., Bytes, Packets, and a dropdown arrow. Rule 1: Action '✓ acc...', Chain 'input', Proto '1 (c...', Bytes 0 B, Packets 0. Rule 2: Action '✓ acc...', Chain 'input', Proto '159.7 kB', Packets 1 693. Rule 3: Action '✗ drop', Chain 'input', Dst. Port 'ether1', Bytes 81.8 kB, Packets 1 090. A message at the bottom says '3 items out of 8'.

Firewall

- Secure forward (customers traffic through a router)

```
/ip firewall filter
```

```
add chain=forward action=accept connection-state=established,related
```

```
add chain=forward action=drop connection-state=invalid
```

```
add chain=forward action=drop connection-state=new
```

```
connection-nat-state=!dstnat in-interface=ether1
```

Firewall

Firewall

Filter Rules NAT Mangle Raw Service Ports Connections Address Lists Layer7 Protocols

+ - ✓ ✗ ⌂ ⌂ 00 Reset Counters 00 Reset All Counters Find forward ↴

#	Action	Chain	Src. Address	Dst. Address	Proto...	Src. Port	Dst. Port	In. Inter...	Out. Int...	Bytes	Packets	▼
::: defconf: accept established,related												
3	✓ acc...	forward								157.3 kB	575	
::: defconf: drop invalid												
4	✗ drop	forward								40 B	1	
::: defconf: drop all from WAN not DSTNATed												
5	✗ drop	forward						ether1		0 B	0	

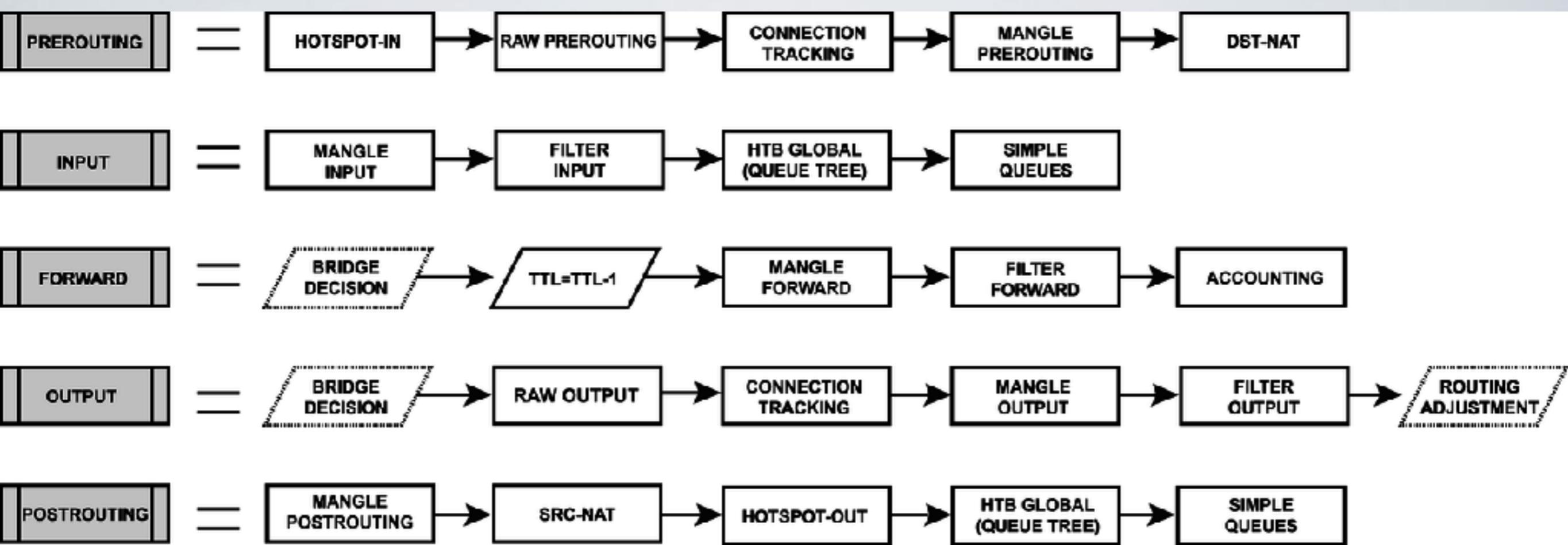
3 items out of 6

Firewall

- NAT to outside (if you can, use src-nat instead of masquerade)

```
/ip firewall nat add chain=srcnat out-interface=ether1 action=masquerade
```

- <https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/Manual:IP/Firewall/NAT#Masquerade>



Firewall

https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/Manual:Packet_Flow_v6

Firewall

- NAT to LAN
`/ip firewall nat add chain=dstnat in-interface=ether1 protocol=tcp dst-port=22 action=dst-nat dst-address=172.16.1.243 to-address=192.168.88.23`
- Note: In order to make port forwarding work you have to:
configure dst-nat
configure src-nat
- Accept traffic in forward chain (example in previous slides)

Firewall

Firewall

Filter Rules NAT Mangle Raw Service Ports Connections Address Lists Layer7 Protocols

+ - ✓ ✎ 🔍 ⚡ Reset Counters ⚡ Reset All Counters Find all ▾

#	Action	Chain	Dst. Address	Proto...	Dst. Port	In. Inter...	Out. Int...	To Addresses	Bytes	Packets
0	mas...	srcnat					ether1		46.1 kB	279
1	- *dst...	dstnat	172.16.1.243	6 (tcp)	22	ether1		192.168.88.23	0 B	0

2 items

Firewall

- Block specific traffic

```
/ip firewall address-list add list=blocked  
address=www.facebook.com
```

```
/ip firewall filter add chain=forward action=drop  
dst-address-list=blocked out-interface=etherl
```

Firewall

Firewall

Filter Rules NAT Mangle Raw Service Ports Connections Address Lists Layer7 Protocols

+ - ✓ ✗ ⌂ ⌂

Name / Address Timeout Creation Time

blocked www.facebook.com Apr/17/2017 12:3...
::: www.facebook.com
D blocked 31.13.72.36 Apr/17/2017 12:3...

2 items

Firewall

Filter Rules NAT Mangle Raw Service Ports Connections Address Lists Layer7 Protocols

+ - ✓ ✗ ⌂ ⌂ 00 Reset Counters 00 Reset All Counters Find forward

Action Chain In. Inter... Out. Int... Dst. Address List Bytes Packets

... defconf: accept established,related
3 acc... forward 3711.1 kB 4 667
4 drop forward ether1 blocked 0 B 0
... defconf: drop invalid
5 drop forward 80 B 2
... defconf: drop all from WAN not DSTNATed
6 drop forward ether1 0 B 0

4 items out of 7 (1 selected)

Firewall

- Protect device against attacks if you allow particular access

```
/ip firewall filter
```

```
add chain=input protocol=tcp dst-port=22 src-address-list=ssh_blacklist action=drop
```

```
add chain=input protocol=tcp dst-port=22 connection-state=new src-address-list=ssh_stage2  
action=add-src-to-address-list address-list=ssh_blacklist address-list-timeout=10d
```

```
add chain=input protocol=tcp dst-port=22 connection-state=new src-address-list=ssh_stage1  
action=add-src-to-address-list address-list=ssh_stage2 address-list-timeout=1m
```

```
add chain=input protocol=tcp dst-port=22 connection-state=new action=add-src-to-address-  
list address-list=ssh_stage1 address-list-timeout=1m
```

Firewall

Firewall											
Filter Rules		NAT	Mangle	Raw	Service Ports	Connections	Address Lists	Layer7 Protocols			
#	Action	Chain	Proto...	Dst. Port	In. Inter...	Connection State	Src. Address List	Address List	Timeout	Bytes	Packets
<code>:: defconf: accept ICMP</code>											
0	✓ acc...	input	1 (ic...							616 B	11 0
<code>:: defconf: accept established,related</code>											
1	✓ acc...	input				established related				573.1 KB	6 724 2
6	✗ drop	input	6 (tcp)	23			ssh_blacklist			180 B	3 0
7	✗ add...	input	6 (tcp)	23		new	ssh_stage2	ssh_blacklist	10d 00:00:00	60 B	1 0
8	✗ add...	input	6 (tcp)	23		new	ssh_stage1	ssh_stage2	00:01:00	120 B	2 0
9	✗ add...	input	6 (tcp)	23		new		ssh_stage1	00:01:00	180 B	3 0
<code>:: defconf: drop all from WAN</code>											
10	✗ drop	input			ether1					68.7 KB	867 2

Bandwidth Control

FastTrack

- Remember this rule?

```
/ip firewall filter
```

```
add chain=forward action=accept connection-  
state=established,related
```

- Add FastTrack rule before previous one

```
/ip firewall filter
```

```
add chain=forward action=fasttrack-connection  
connection-state=established,related
```

FastTrack

Firewall												
Filter Rules		NAT	Mangle	Raw	Service Ports	Connections	Address Lists	Layer7 Protocols				
#	Action	Chain	Proto...	Dst. Port	In. Inter...	Connection State	Src. Address List	Address List	Timeout	Bytes	Packets	▼
... special dummy rule to show fasttrack counters												
0	D	pas...	forward							1570 B	3	
... defconf: accept established,related												
3		fastt...	forward			established related				675 B	6	
... defconf: accept established,related												
4		acc...	forward			established related				675 B	6	
... defconf: drop invalid												
5		drop	forward			invalid				0 B	0	
... defconf: drop all from WAN not DSTNATED												
6		drop	forward		ether1	new				0 B	0	

Queues

- Add queues to limit traffic for specific resources

```
/queue simple add name=private  
target=192.168.88.243 max-limit=5M/5M
```

The screenshot shows a software interface titled "Queue List". At the top, there are four tabs: "Simple Queues" (selected), "Interface Queues", "Queue Tree", and "Queue Types". Below the tabs are several control buttons: a blue plus sign (+), a minus sign (-), a checkmark, a delete icon (X), a folder icon, and a filter icon. There are also two "Reset Counters" buttons ("00 Reset Counters" and "00 Reset All Counters") and a "Find" button. The main area is a table with the following data:

#	Name	Target	Upload Max Limit	Download Max Limit
0	queue1	192.168.88.243	5M	5M

At the bottom of the window, there are three status indicators: "1 item", "0 B queued", and "0 packets queued".

Queues

- Add queues to limit traffic equally (PCQ)

/queue simple add target-addresses=192.168.88.0/24 queue=pcq-upload-default/pcq-download-default

The screenshot shows the 'Queue List' window with the 'Simple Queues' tab selected. The window includes buttons for adding (-), deleting (X), and filtering (T), along with 'Reset Counters' and 'Reset All Counters' buttons. A 'Find' input field is also present. The main table displays one queue entry:

#	Name	Target	Upload Max Limit	Download Max Limit	Upload Queue Type	Download Queue ...
0	queue1	192.168.88.0/24	unlimited	unlimited	pcq-upload-default	pcq-download-def...

At the bottom, status indicators show '1 item (1 selected)', '0 B queued', and '0 packets queued'.

- Few advices about queues

<https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/>

[Tips_and_Tricks_for_Beginners_and_Experienced_Users_of_RouterOS#Queues](#)

Debugging tools

Logs

- Use logging for firewall
`/ip firewall filter set [find where src-address-list=ssh_blacklist]
log=yes log-prefix=BLACKLISTED:`
- Use logging for debug topics
`/system logging add topics=l2tp,debug action=memory`
- Logging to disk or remote server
`/system logging action set disk disk-file-name=l2tp_logs disk-file-count=5 disk-lines-per-file=1000
/system logging action set remote remote=192.168.88.3`

Logs

Debugging Tools

- Torch
- Analyse processed traffic
- [https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/
Manual:Troubleshooting_tools#Torch](https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/Manual:Troubleshooting_tools#Torch)
28.2Ftool_torch.29

Debugging Tools

Torch

Start

Stop

Close

New Window

Basic

Interface: bridge-local

Entry Timeout: 00:00:03

Collect

Src. Address Src. Address6

Dst. Address Dst. Address6

MAC Protocol Port

Protocol VLAN Id

DSCP

Filters

Src. Address: 0.0.0.0/0

Dst. Address: 0.0.0.0/0

Src. Address6: ::/0

Dst. Address6: ::/0

MAC Protocol: all

Protocol: any

Port: any

VLAN Id: any

DSCP: any

Eth... / Prot...	Src.	Dst.	VLAN Id	DSCP	Tx Rate	Rx Rate	Tx Pack...	Rx Pack...	...
800 (ip) 6 (tcp)	172.16.1.243:55392	172.16.1.1:8291 (winbox)			156.3 k...	4.9 kbps	14	7	
800 (ip) 17 (...)	172.16.1.251:20148	85.234.190.33:17943			34.3 kbps	2.0 Mbps	68	178	
800 (ip) 17 (...)	172.16.1.251:137 (netbios...)	172.16.1.255:137 (netbios...)			0 bps	0 bps	0	0	
800 (ip) 17 (...)	172.16.1.251:20148	78.84.230.93:59480			0 bps	11.8 kbps	0	1	
800 (ip) 17 (...)	255.255.255.255:5246	172.16.1.1:57768			0 bps	0 bps	0	0	
800 (ip) 17 (...)	255.255.255.255:5678 (di...)	172.16.1.1:55572			0 bps	0 bps	0	0	
800 (ip) 17 (...)	172.16.1.251:49541	239.255.255.250:1900			0 bps	0 bps	0	0	
800 (ip) 17 (...)	172.16.1.251:49541	172.16.1.1:1900			0 bps	0 bps	0	0	

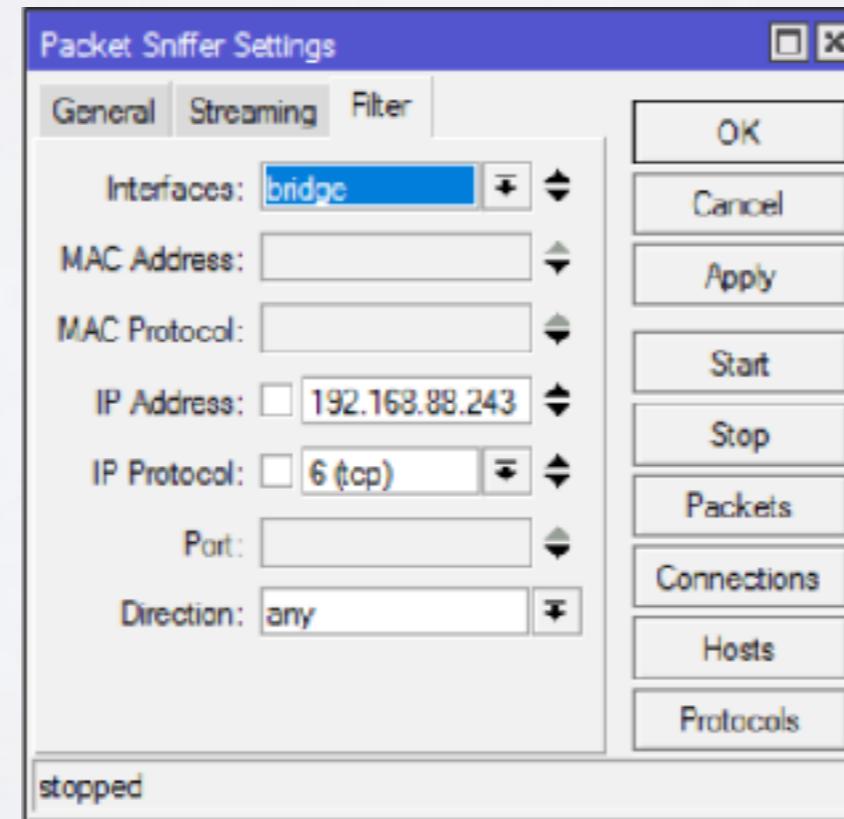
8 items Total Tx: 190.6 kbps Total Rx: 2.1 Mbps Total Tx Packet: 82 Total Rx Packet: 186

Debugging Tools

- Sniffer
- Analyse processed packets

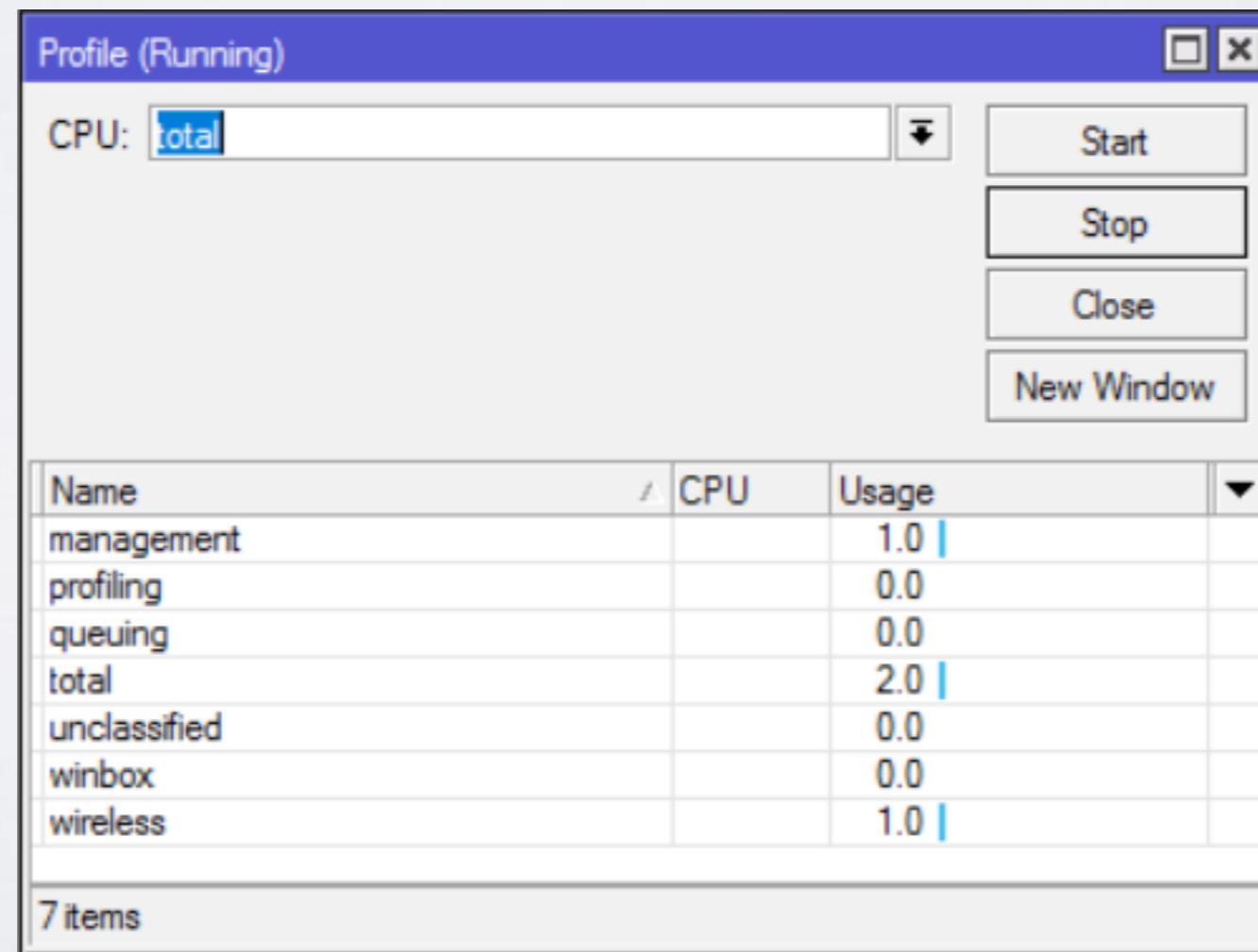
<https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/>

Manual:Troubleshooting tools#Packet Sniffer .28.2Ftool_sniffer.29



Debugging Tools

- Profiler
- Find out current CPU usage
<https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/Manual:Tools/Profiler>



The screenshot shows a Windows-style application window titled "Profile (Running)". The window has a blue header bar with standard window controls (minimize, maximize, close) on the right. Below the title is a dropdown menu labeled "CPU: total". To the right of the menu are four buttons: "Start", "Stop", "Close", and "New Window". The main area of the window is a table displaying CPU usage statistics. The table has columns for "Name", "CPU", and "Usage". The data is as follows:

Name	CPU	Usage
management		1.0
profiling		0.0
queuing		0.0
total		2.0
unclassified		0.0
winbox		0.0
wireless		1.0

At the bottom left of the table, it says "7 items".

Debugging Tools

- Graphing
- Find out information about Interfaces/Queues/Resources per interval:

[https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/Manual:Tools/
Graphing](https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/Manual:Tools/Graphing)

Debugging Tools

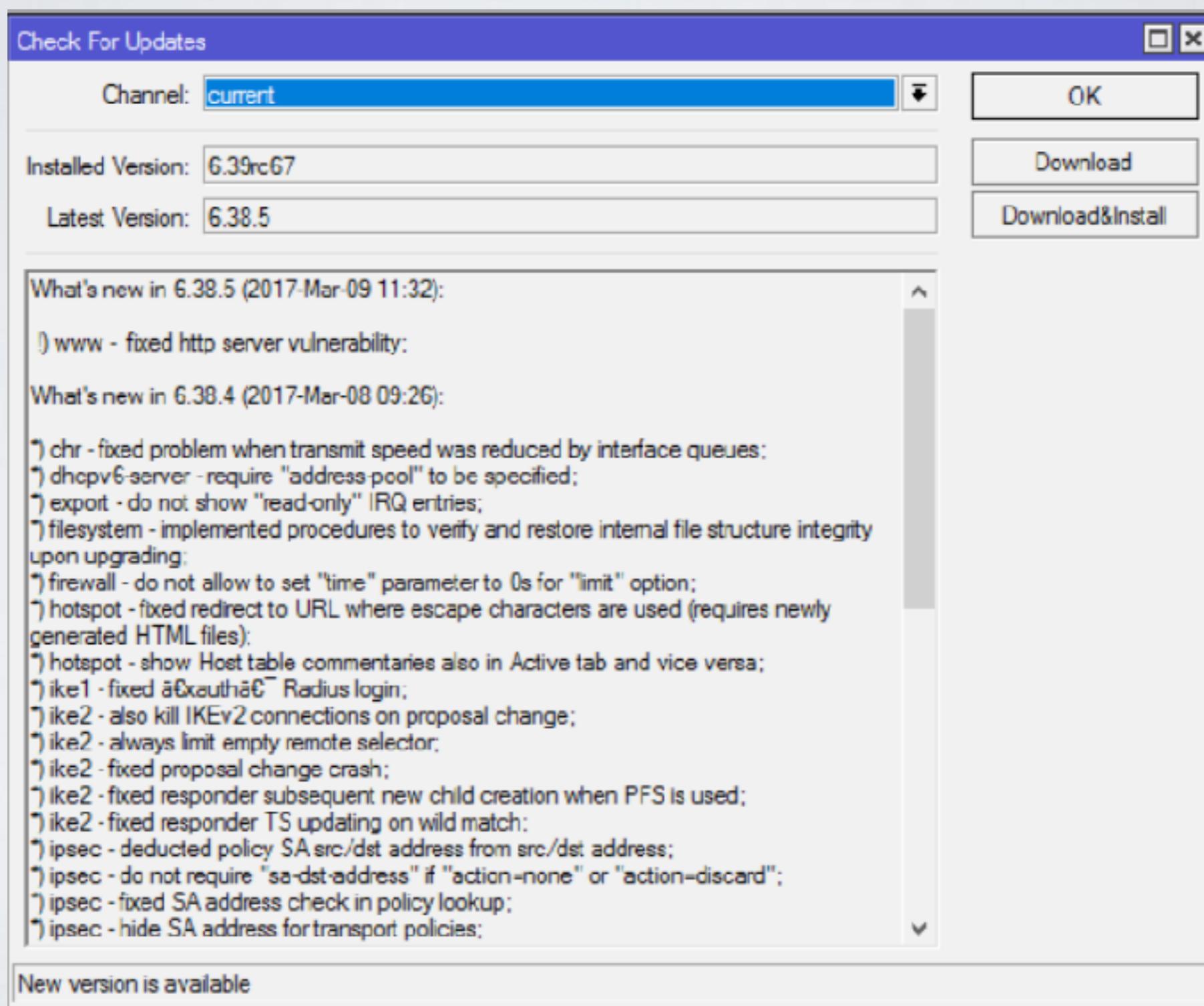
- The Dude
- Powerful network monitor tool:
https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/Manual:The_Dude

Keep everything up-to-date

Upgrade Device

- Current
Latest full release (tested on many different scenarios for a long time) with all fully implemented features
- Bugfix
Latest full release (tested on many different scenarios for a long time and admitted as trustworthy) with all safe fixes

Upgrade Device



When software stops working?

Troubleshoot issue

- Backup RouterBOOT
 - 1) Power device off, press and hold reset button
 - 2) Power device on and after 1-2 seconds release button
- Netinstall
 - 1) Test Netinstall
<https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/Manual:Netinstall>
 - 2) Try to re-install any other router
- Reset device
<https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/Manual:Reset>

Troubleshoot issue

- Serial port
 - 1) Shows all available information (also booting)
 - 2) Will work if problem is related to Layer2/Layer3 connectivity and/or interfaces themselves
- Exchange device
- Choose more powerful device (or multiple devices)

I can not figure it out by myself

Configuration issue

- Consultants/Distributors:

<https://mikrotik.com/consultants>

<https://mikrotik.com/buy>

- Ask for help in forum:

<https://forum.mikrotik.com>

- Look for an answer in manual

https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/Main_Page

Hardware Troubleshooting

Hardware Troubleshooting

- Replace involved accessories:
 - Power adapter
 - PoE
 - Cables
 - Interfaces (SFP modules, wireless cards, etc.)
 - Power source

MikroTik Support

Software Issues

- Configuration is not working properly
Logs and supout file;
https://wiki.mikrotik.com/wiki/Manual:Support_Output_File
- Out of memory
 - 1) Upgrade device (mandatory)
 - 2) Reboot device and generate supout file (normal situation)
 - 3) When RAM is almost full generate another supout file (problematic situation)

Software Issues

- Device freezes
 - 1) Upgrade device (mandatory)
 - 2) Connect serial console and monitor device
 - 3) Generate supout file (problematic situation)
 - 4) Copy serial output to text file
- Any other kind of issue (for example reboot)
 - 1) Upgrade device (mandatory)
 - 2) Reproduce problem or wait for it to appear
 - 3) Generate supout file (problematic situation)

Support

- Briefly explain your problem
- Send all files (mentioned in previous slides depending on problem)
- Make notes and document results (even if problem persists)
- Make new files after configuration changes
- Reply within same ticket and provide new information

