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Morvarid. IT. Solutions Co.

MikroTik

MUM -Kathmandu, Nepal

June 2nd 2017

Wireless Fundamentals

By

Mani Raissdana



SAFE ZONE

MANI RAISSDANA

MikroTik Certified Trainer
CTO & Co-Founder of



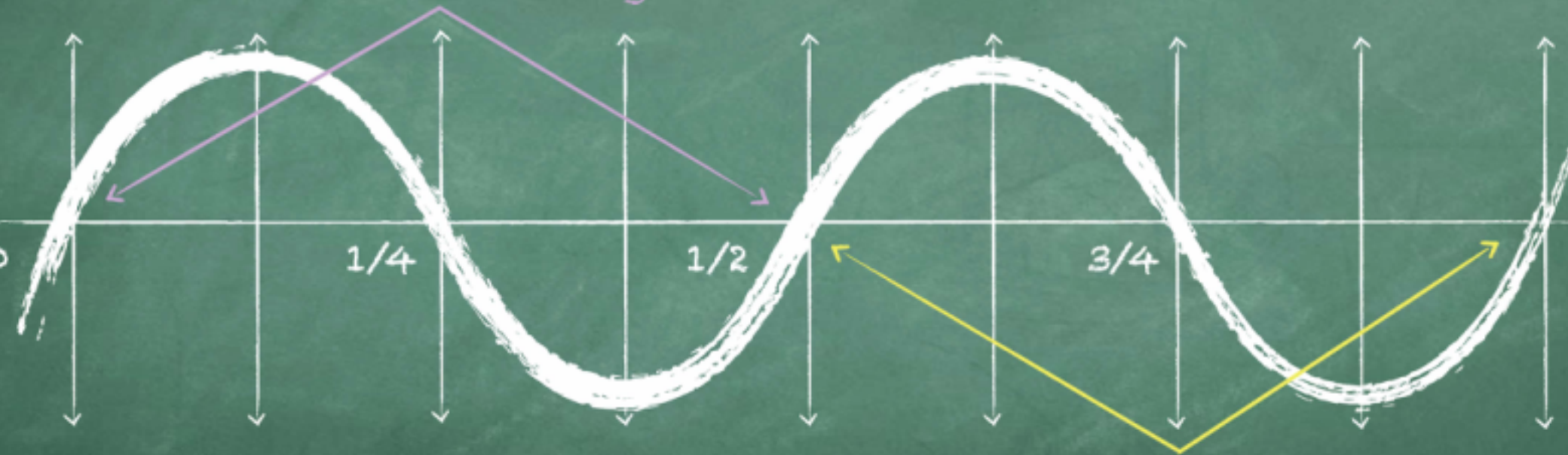
Being in IT technology business roughly around 14 years
Support & instruct Engineers more than 8 years all over the globe



Wireless, Routing, QoS, Firewall, The Dude

"2 Hertz" Waveform

One Hertz; Wavelength



One Hertz; Same Wavelength

Time Domain

(seconds)

Electromagnetic Spectrum

'Range of Frequencies from Long to Short Wavelength'

Radio Waves

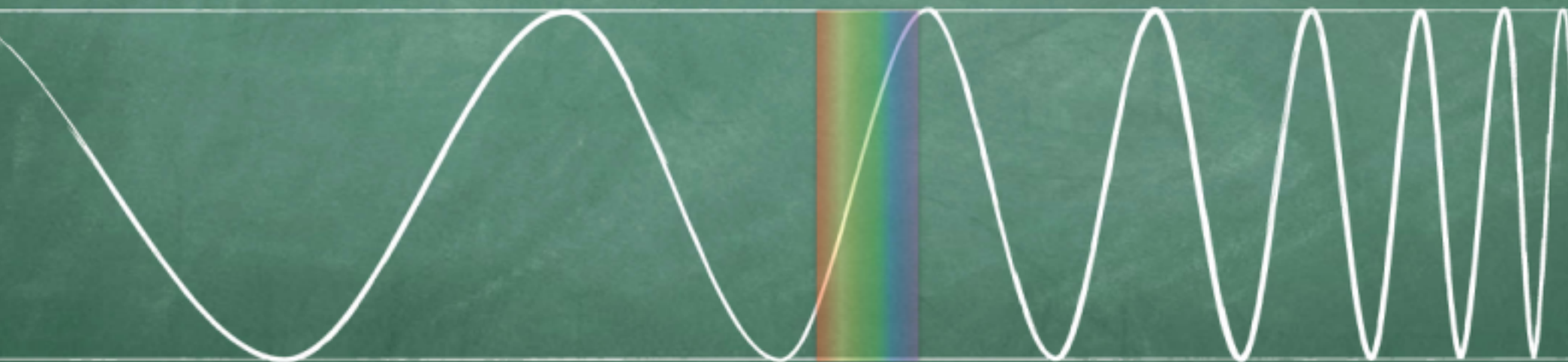
Microwaves

Infrared

Ultraviolet

X-Rays

Gamma

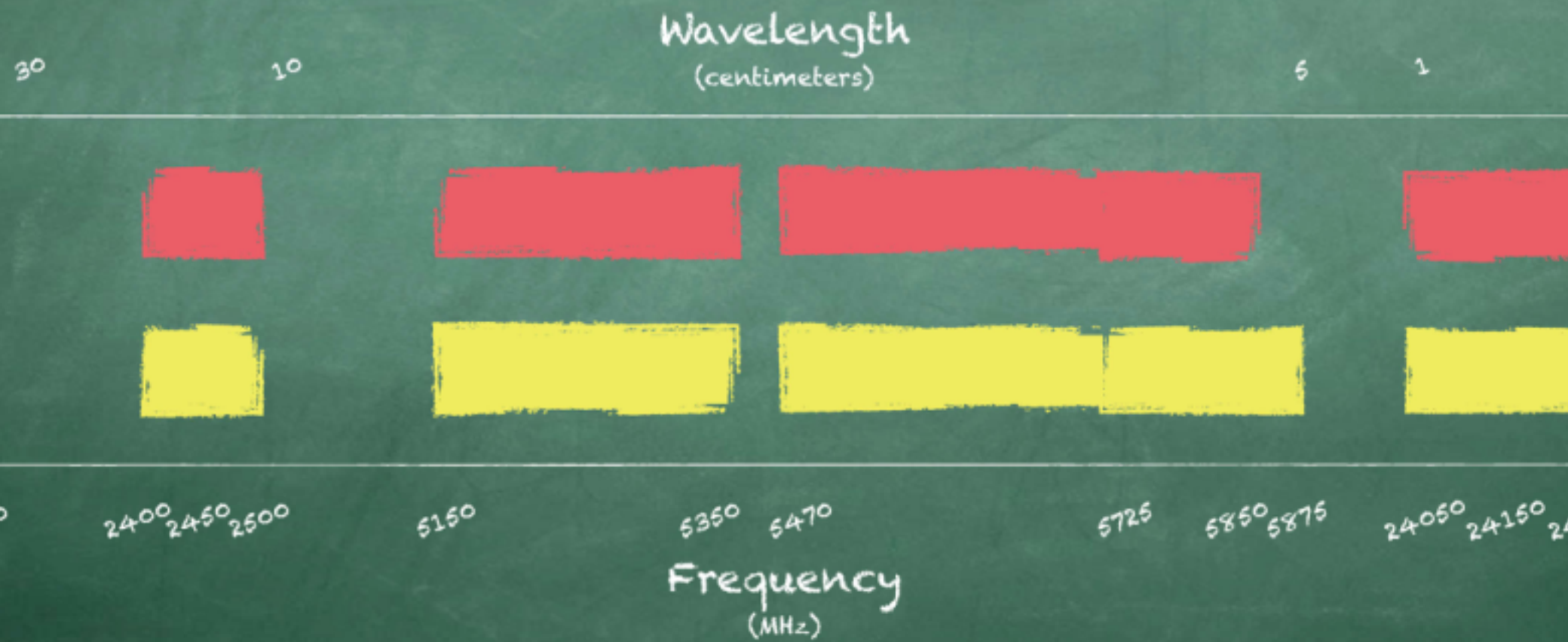


10^2 10 1 10^{-1} 10^{-2} 10^{-3} 10^{-4} 10^{-5} 10^{-6} 10^{-7} 10^{-8} 10^{-9} 10^{-10} 10^{-11} 10^{-12} 10^{-13}

Wavelength
(m)

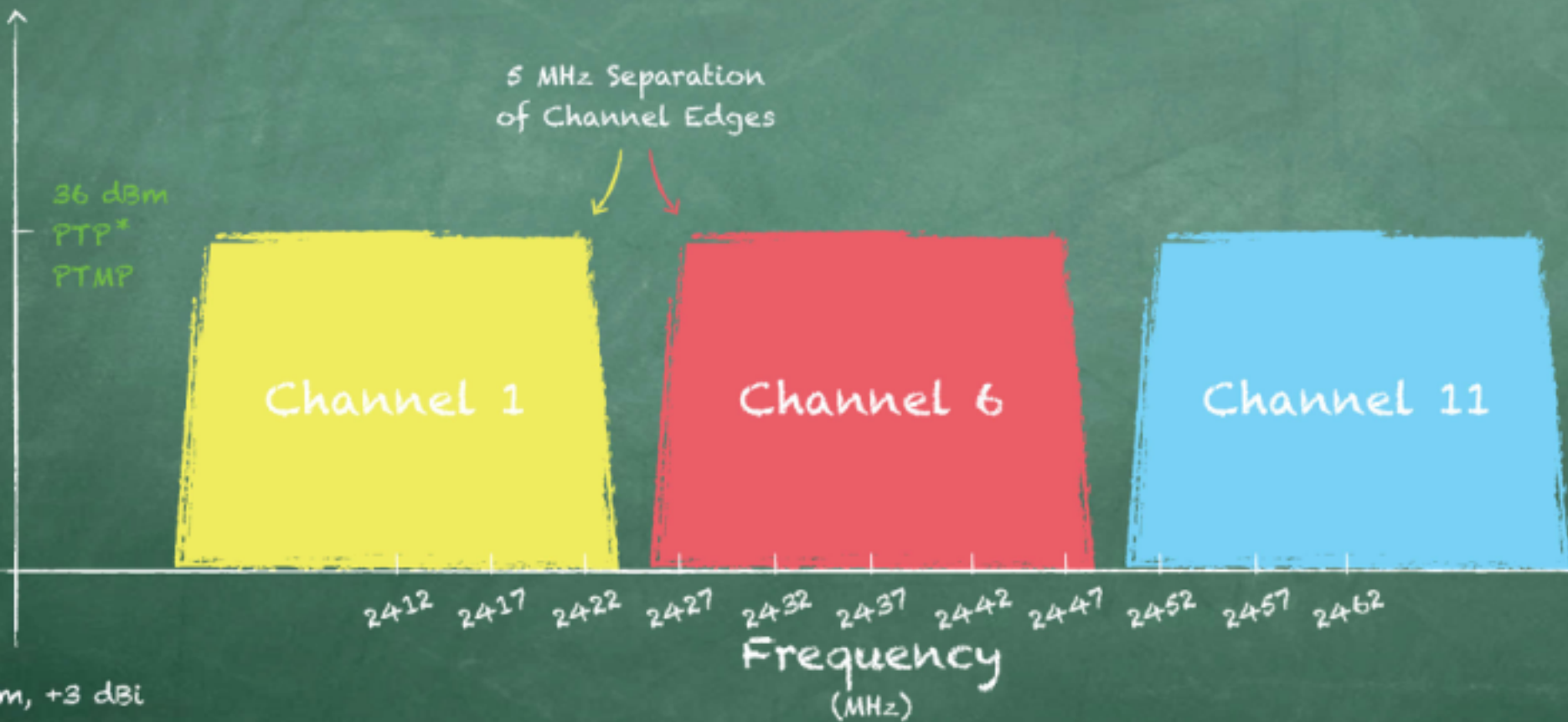
RF Spectrum

Range of FCC & CE Outdoor, Unlicensed Wireless Bands



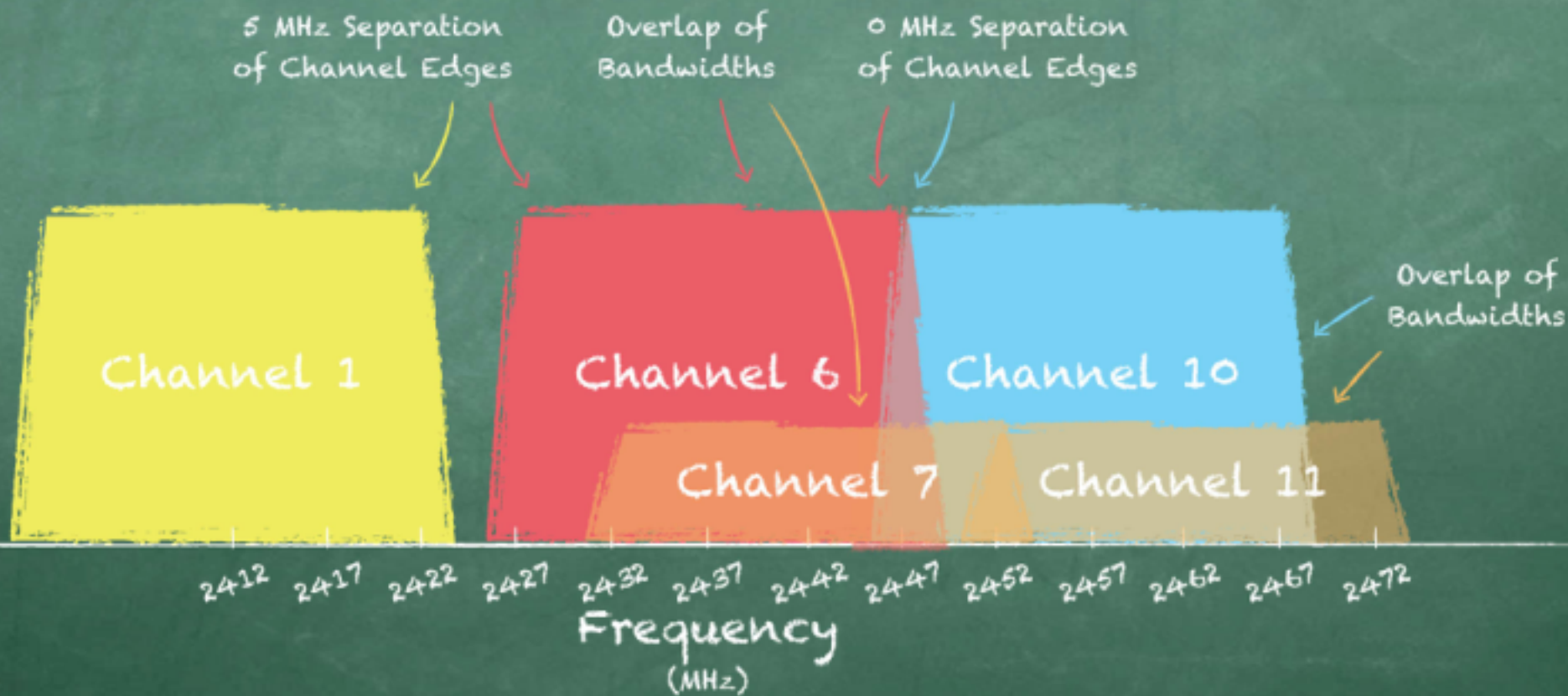
2.4 GHz Spectrum

Three Non-Overlapping 20 MHz Channels in ISM Band



2.4 GHz Spectrum

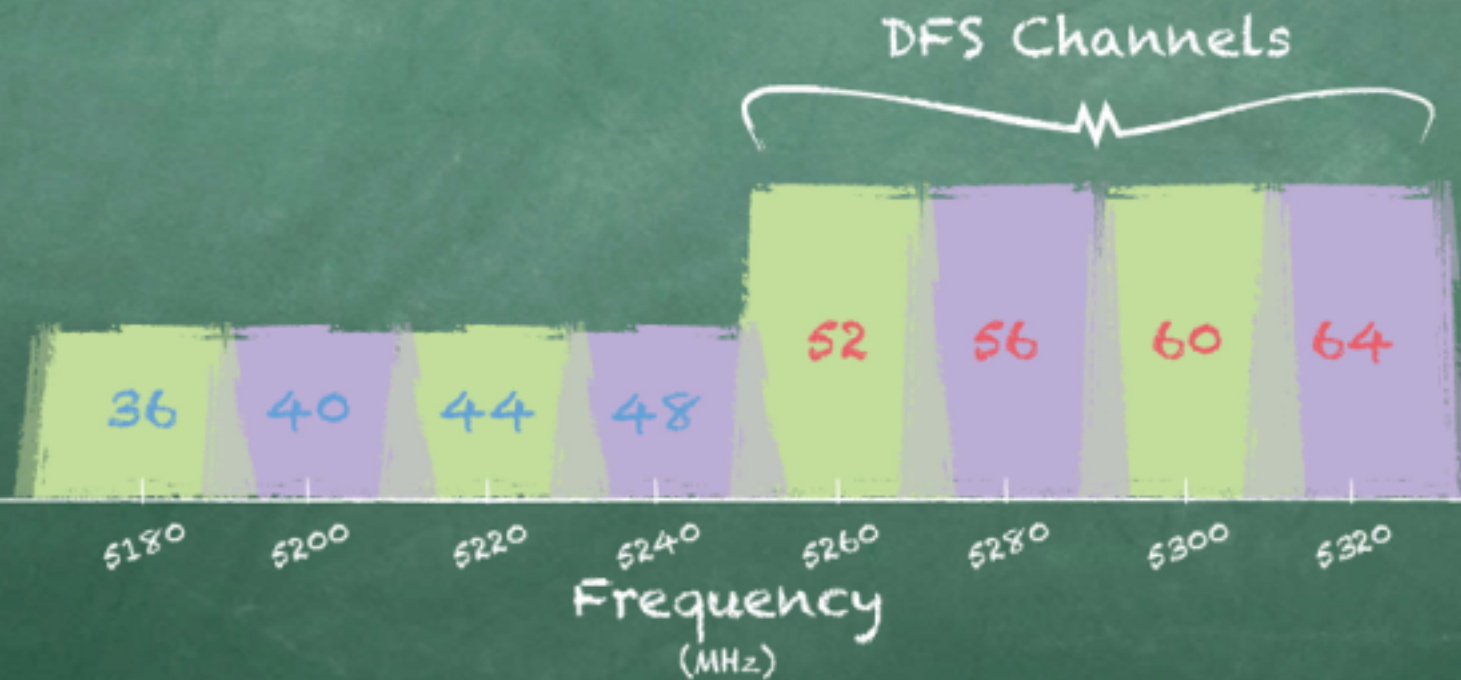
"Three 20 MHz & One 40 MHz Channel (Overlapping)"



5 GHz Spectrum

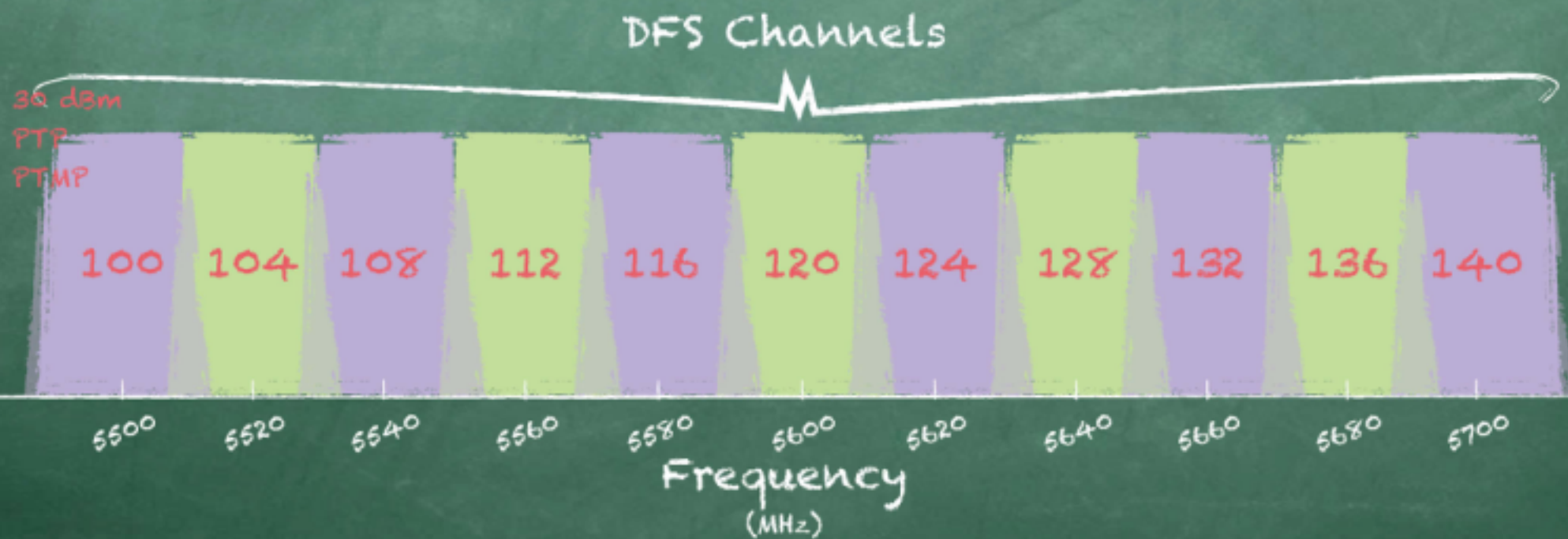
"U-NII-1 & U-NII-2a Bands"

30 dBm
PTP
PTMP
23 dBm
Indoor Only



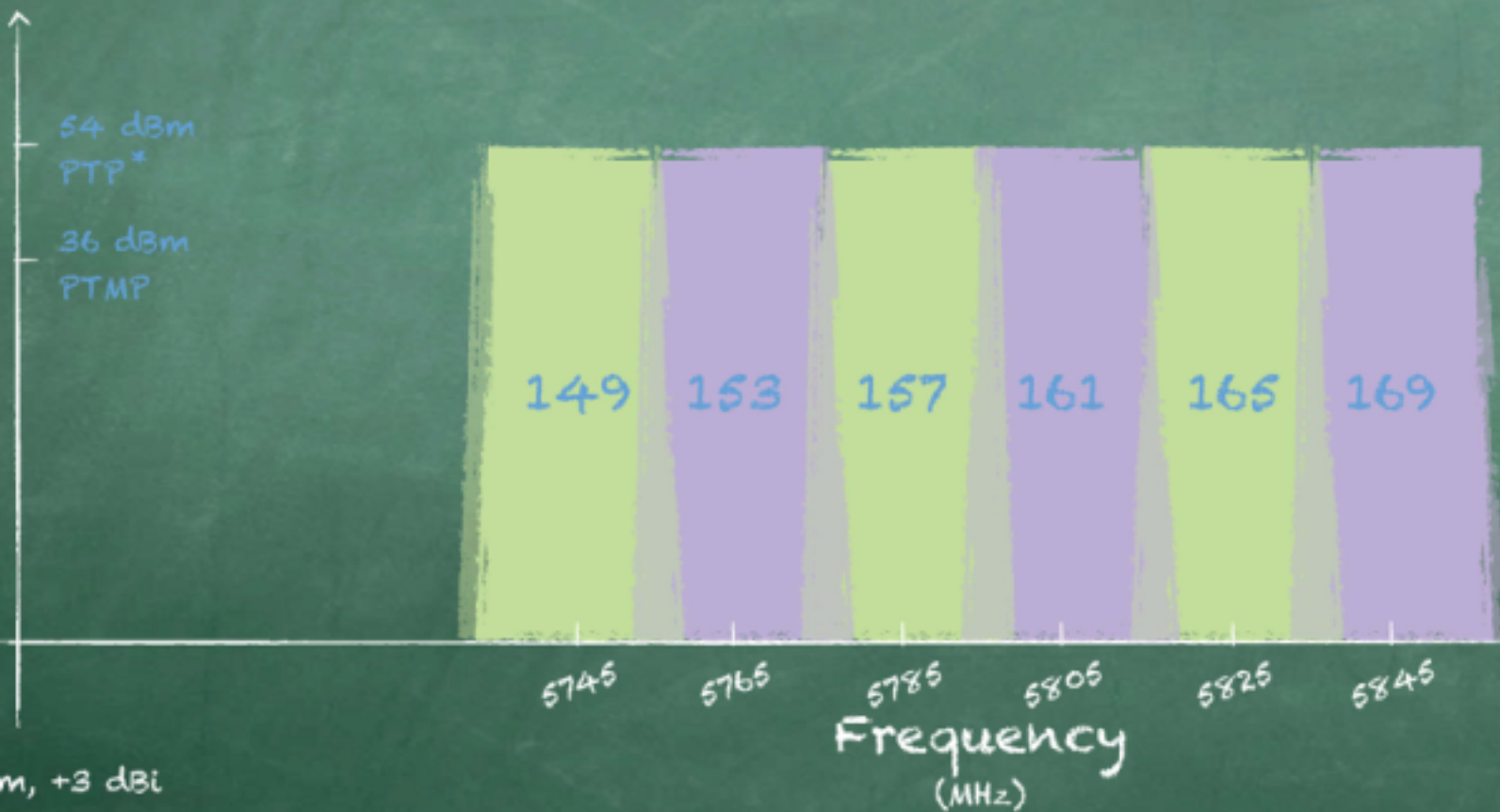
5 GHz Spectrum

"U-NII-2c Band"



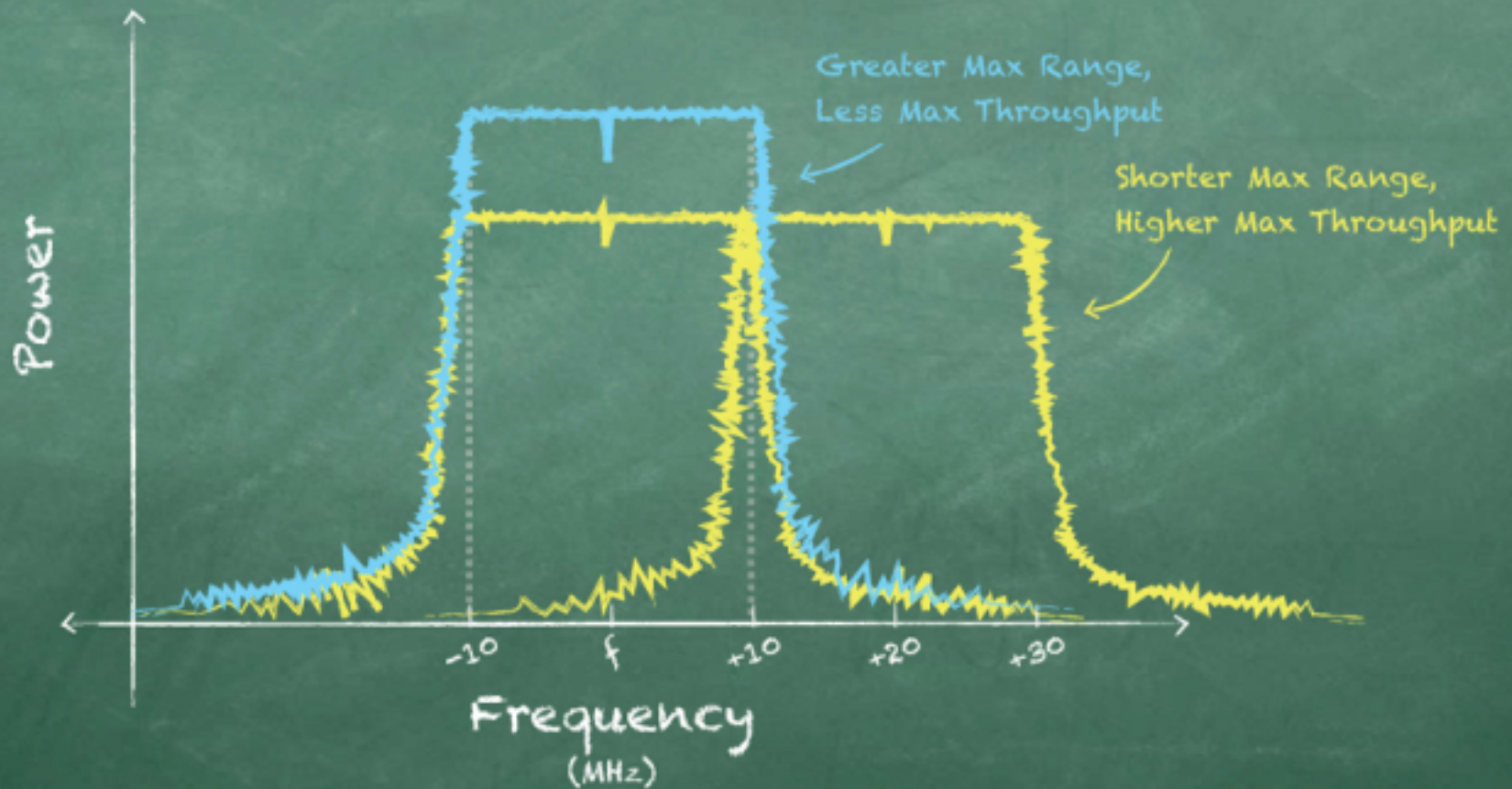
5 GHz Spectrum

"U-NII-3 Band"



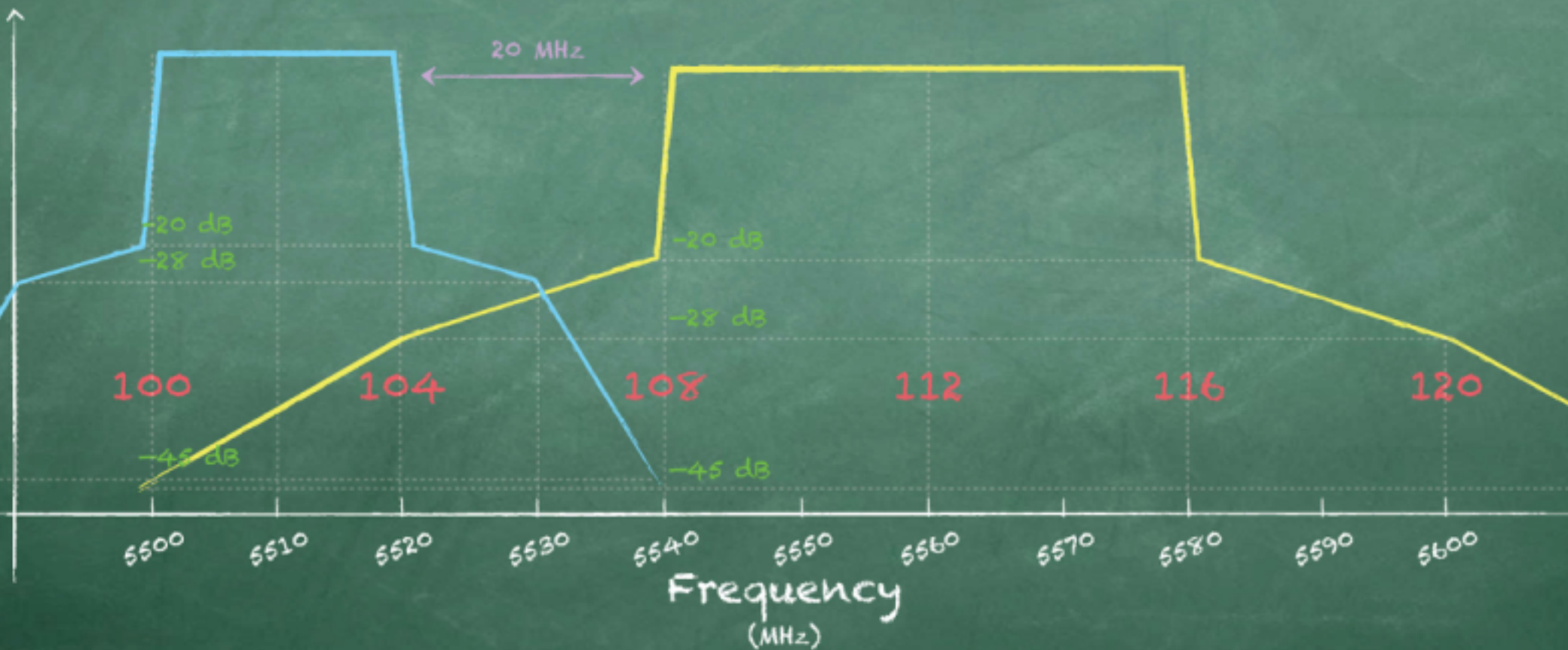
OFDM Spectral Masks

Power Spectral Density of 20 & 40 MHz Bonded Channels



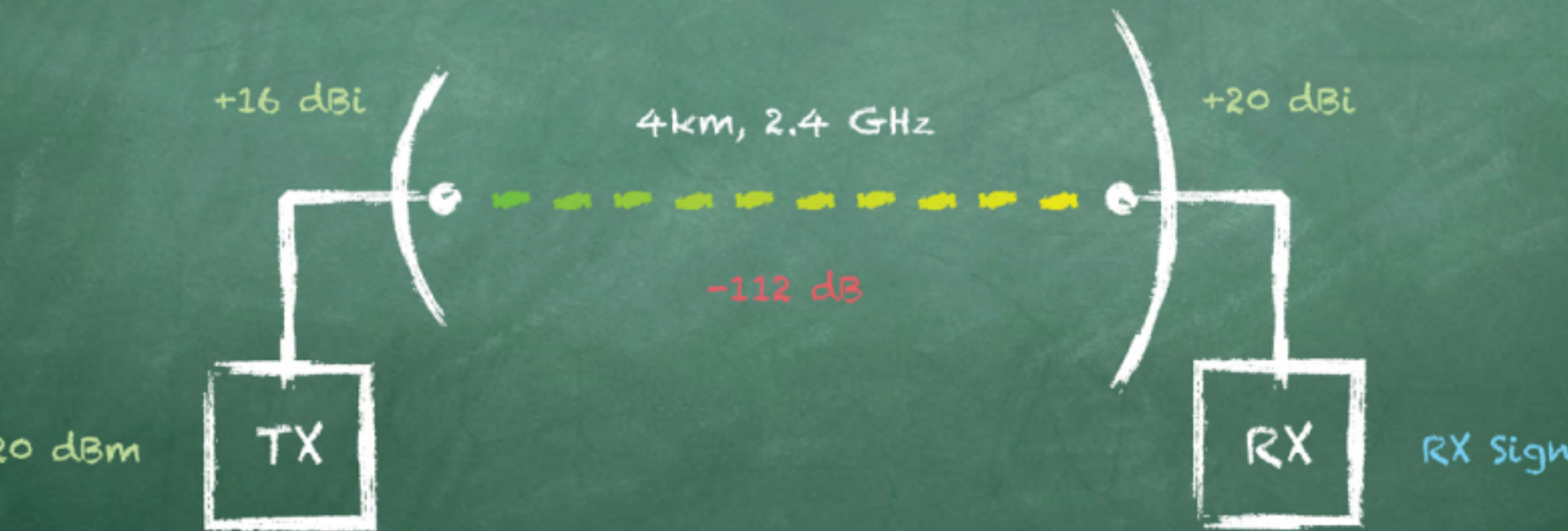
Channel Masks & Spacing

"PSD of 20 & 40 MHz Masks with 20 MHz Spacing"



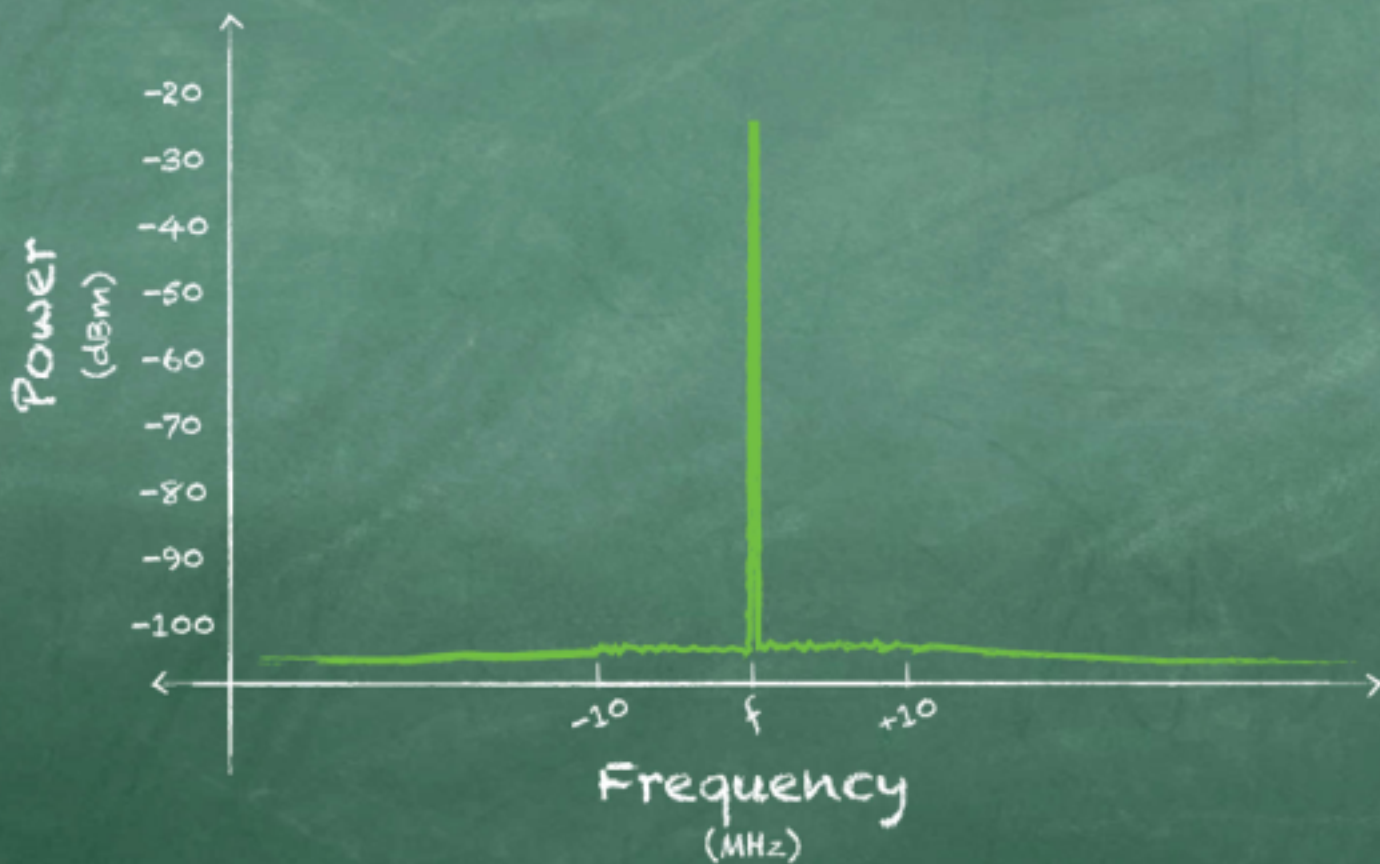
Link Power Budget

"RX Signal = TX Power + TX Gain - FSPL + RX Gain"



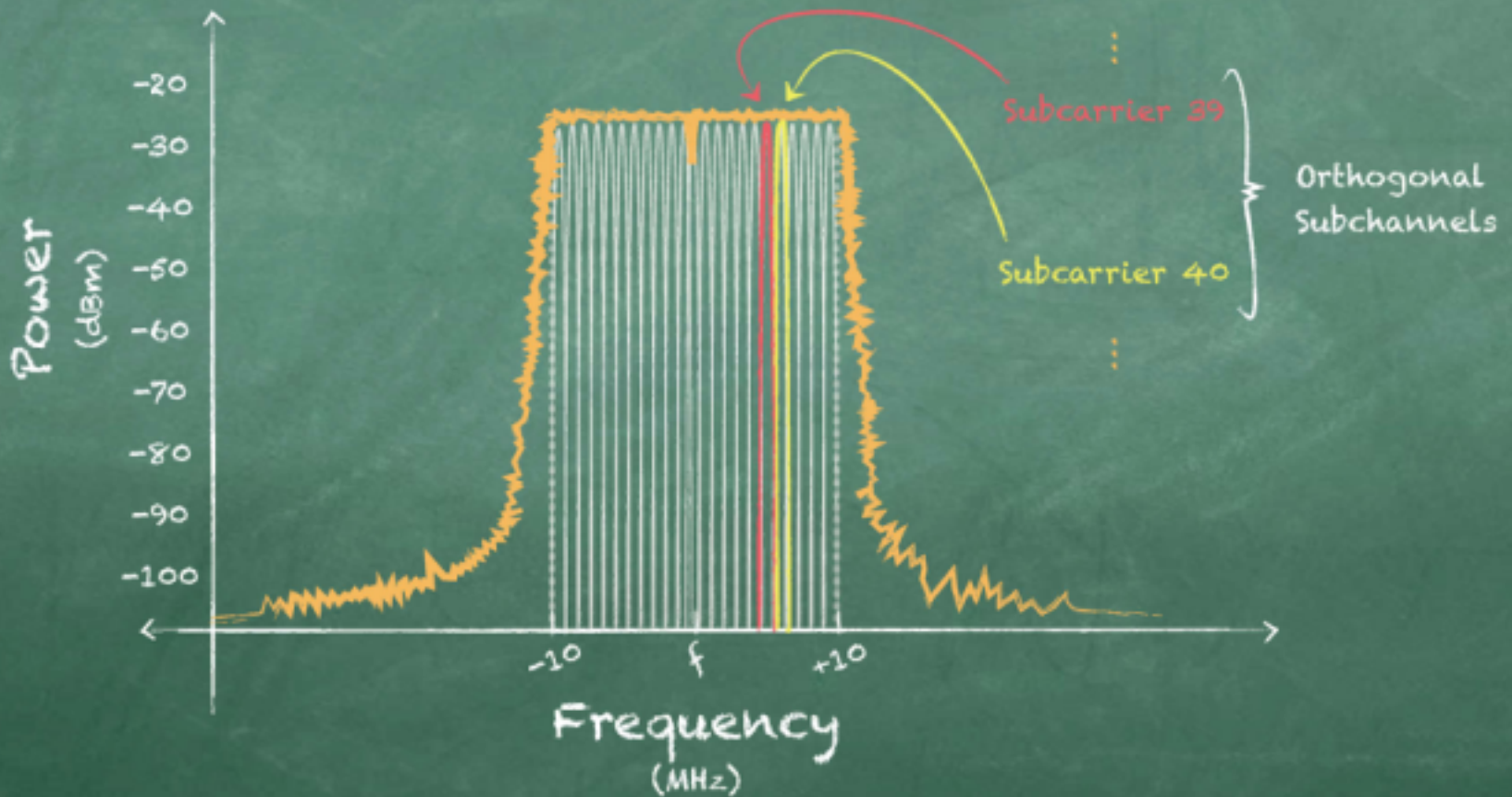
Single Carrier Signal

"Power Measurement of Continuous Waveform"



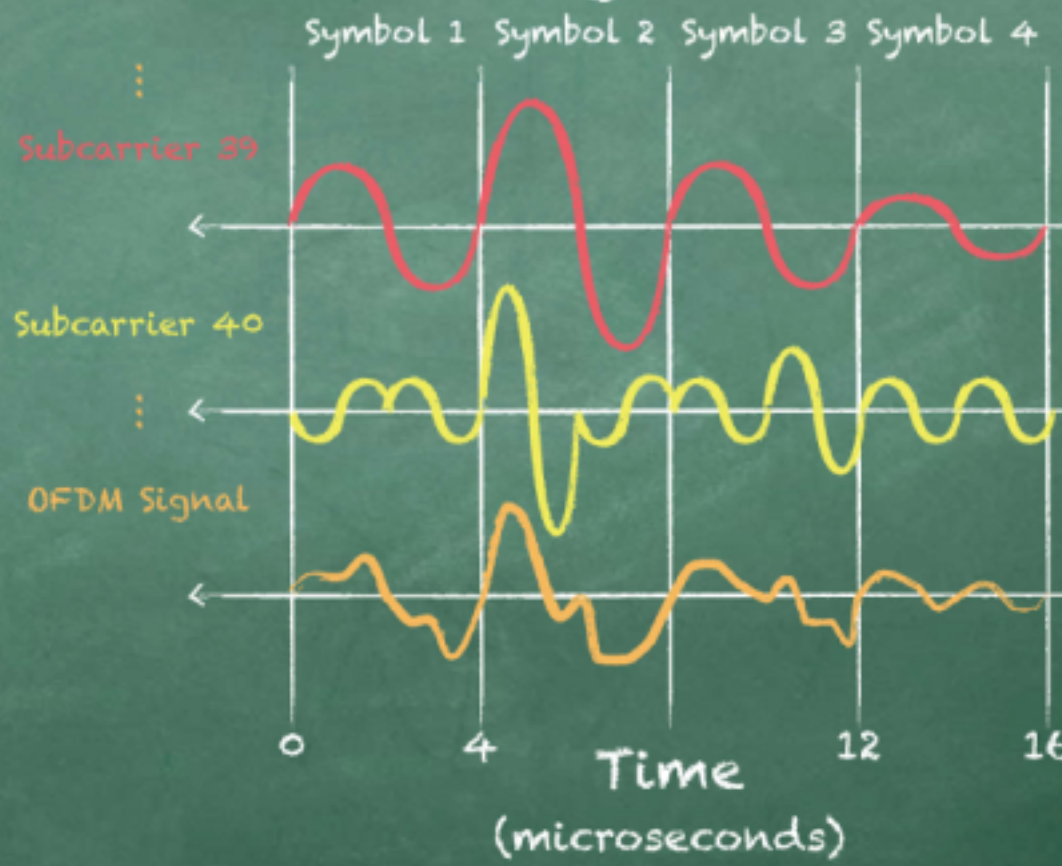
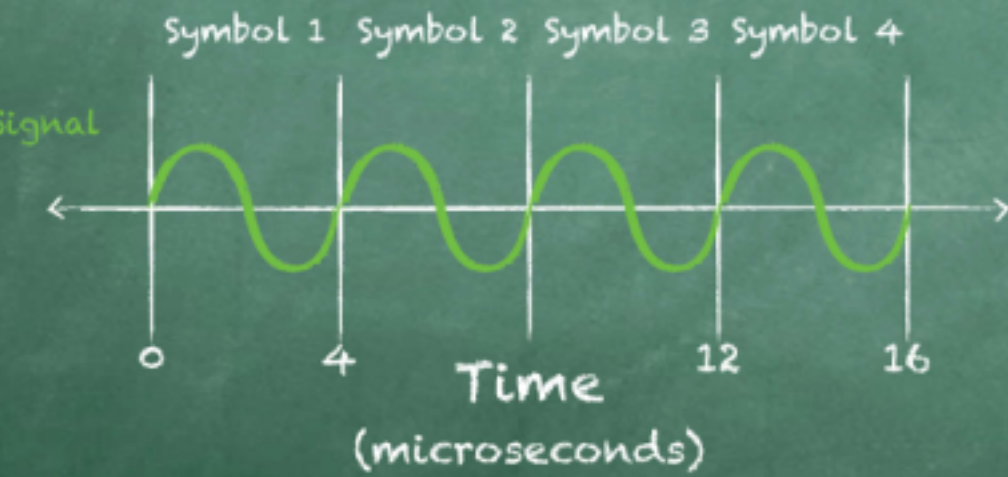
Multicarrier Signal

"Spectral Mask of an OFDM Channel"



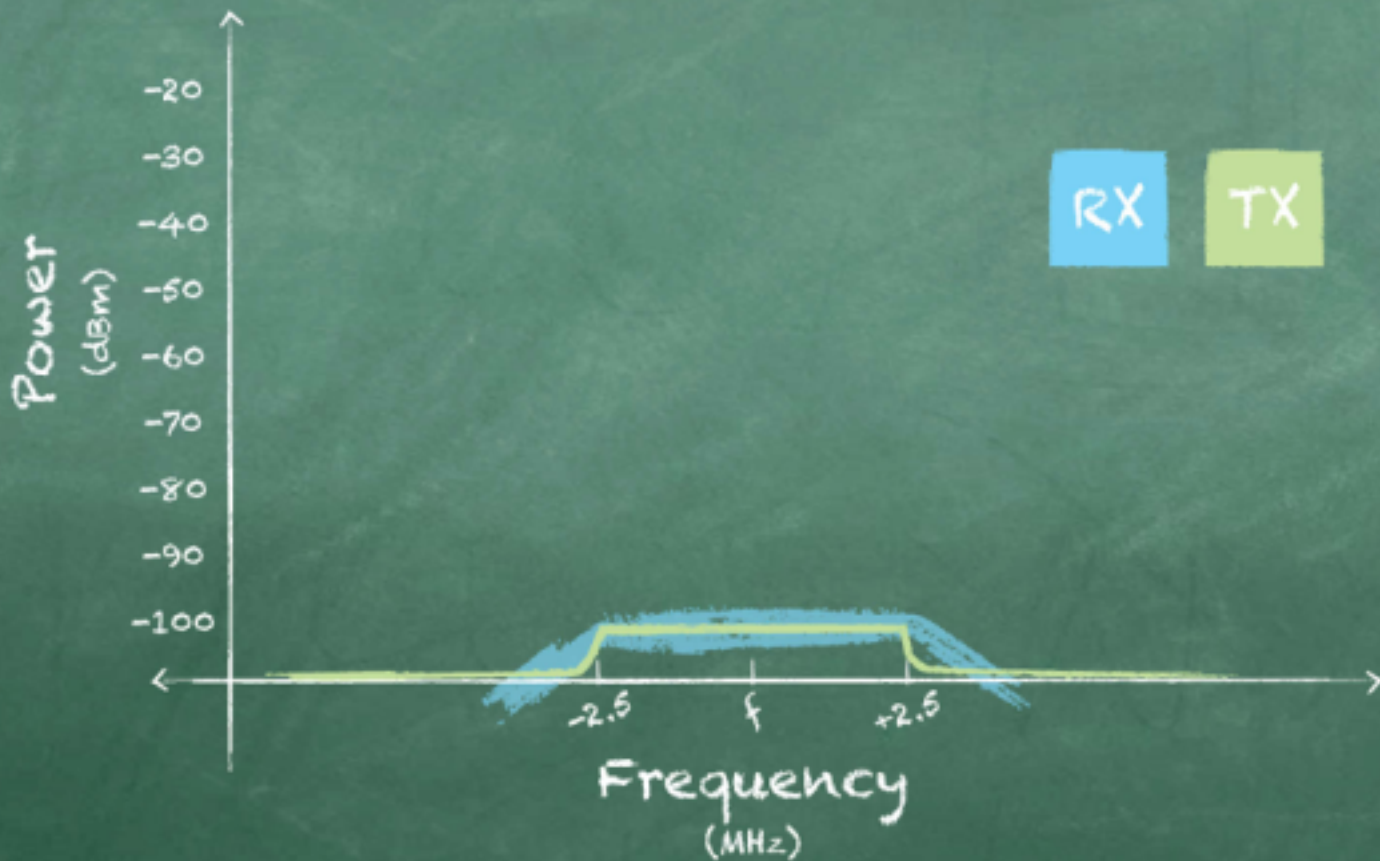
Signal Comparison

"Continuous Waveform vs. OFDM Signal"



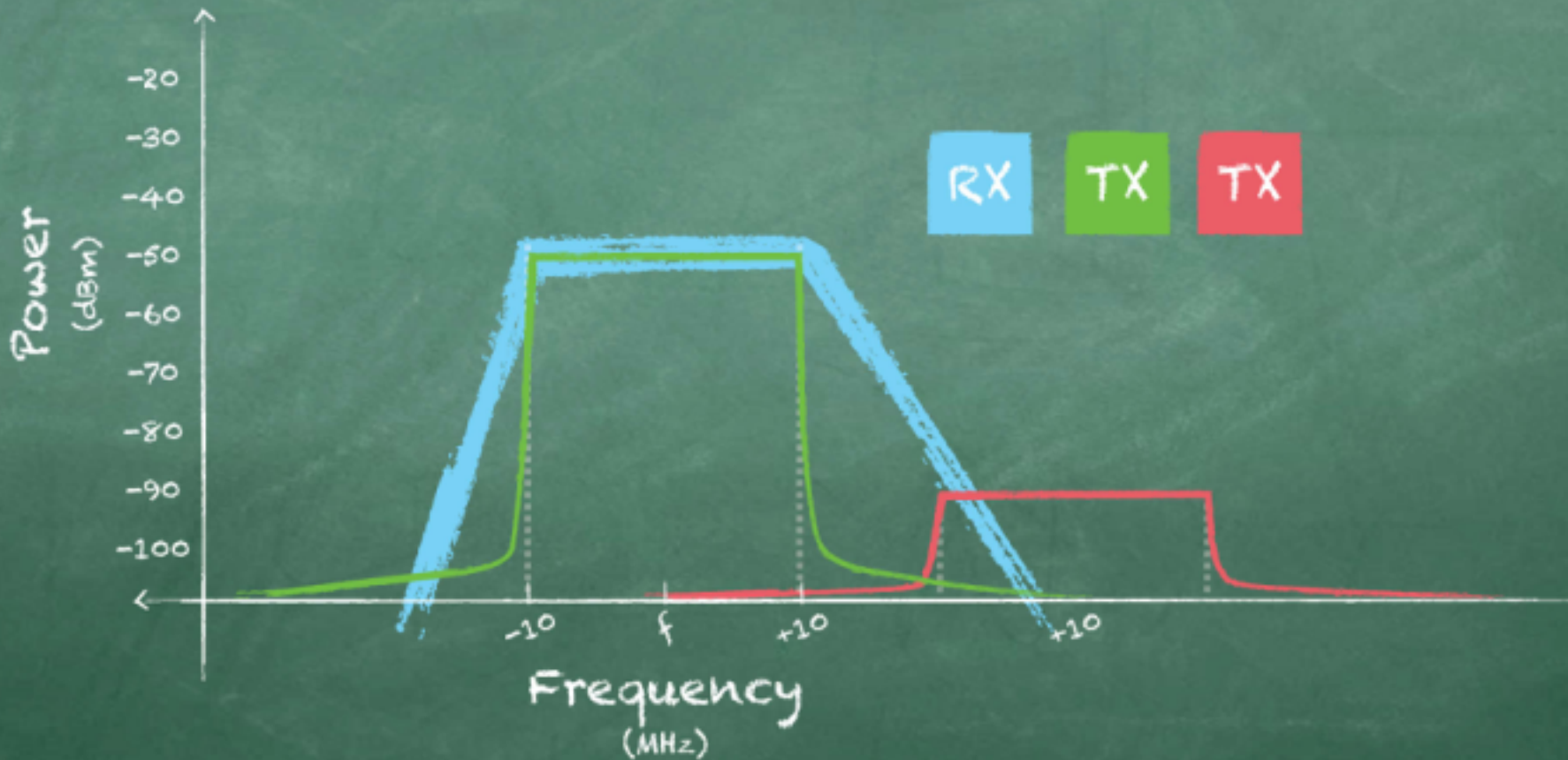
Radio Sensitivity

"Receiver ability to listen to weak, low power signals"



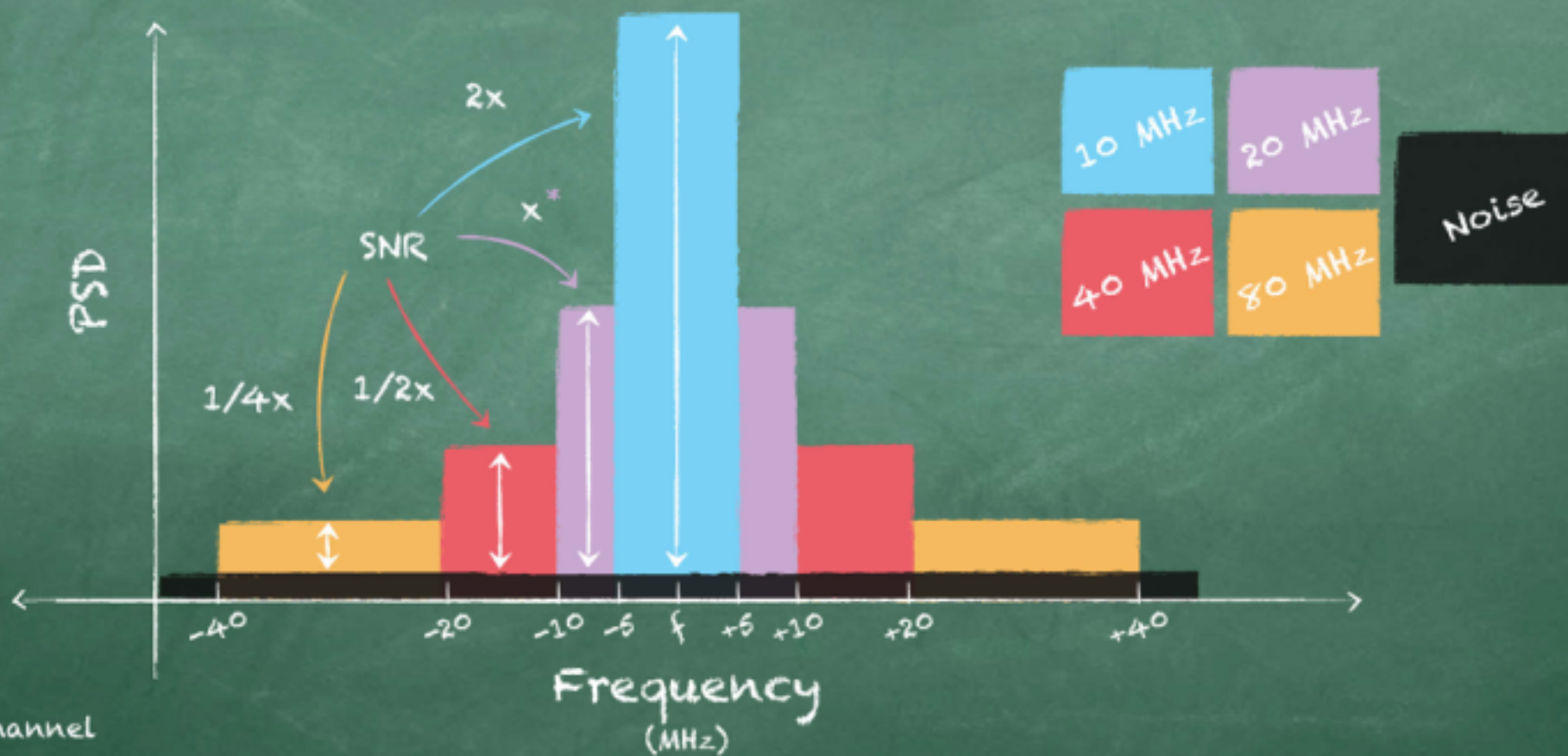
Radio Selectivity

"Receiver ability to listen to only **desired channel**"



Channel Flexing & SNR

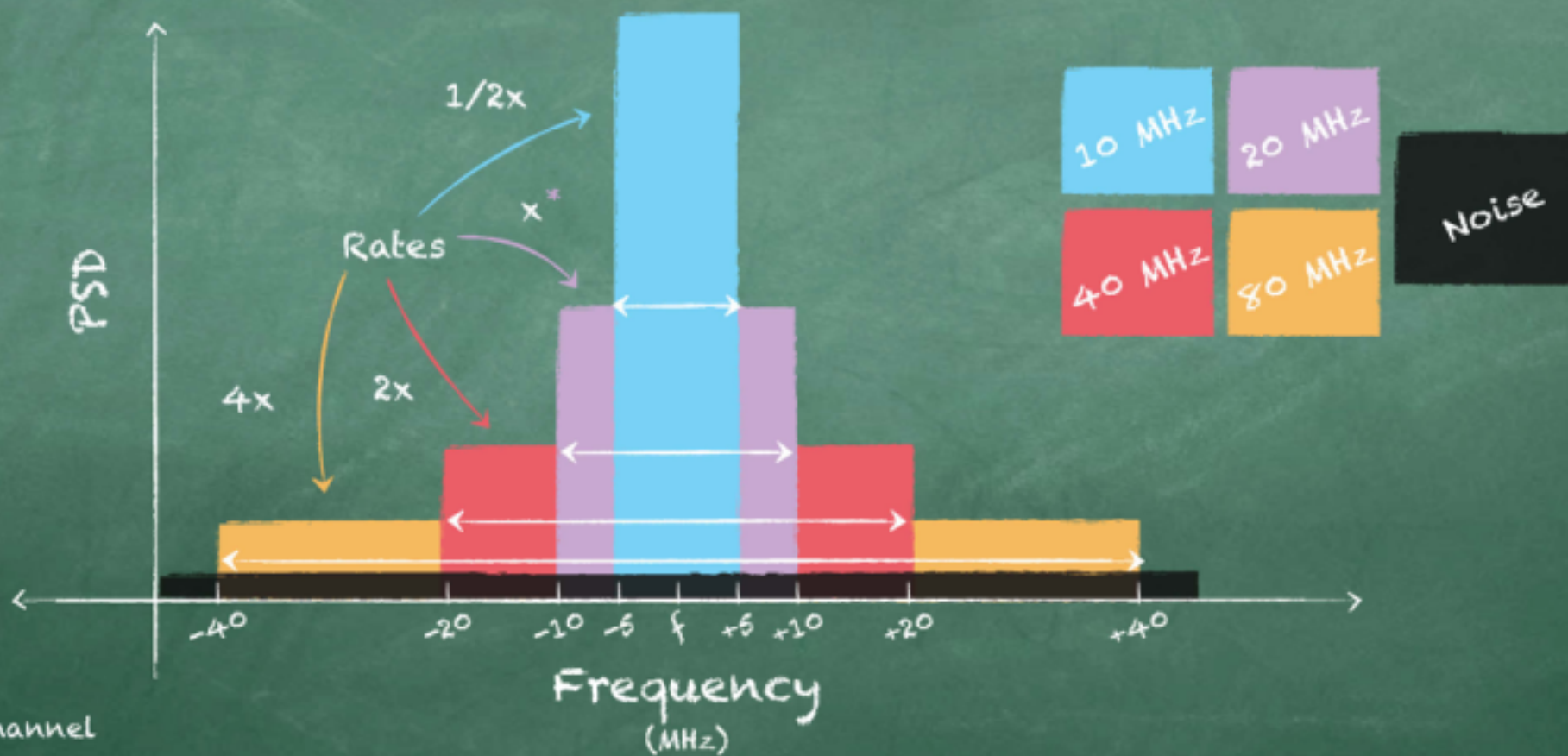
"Larger bandwidths have lower SNR"



reference channel

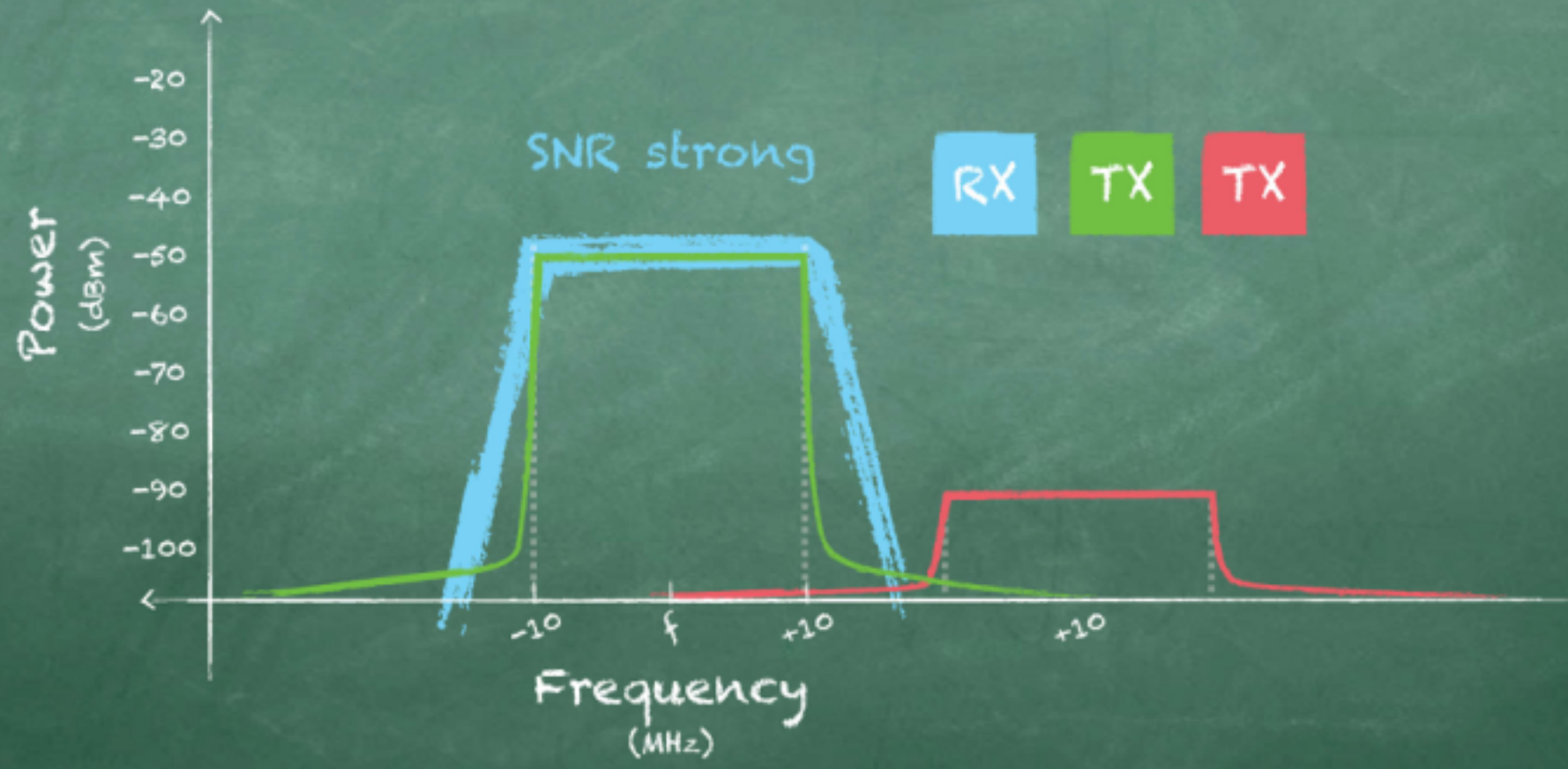
Channel Flexing & Rate

"Larger bandwidths have higher max data rates"



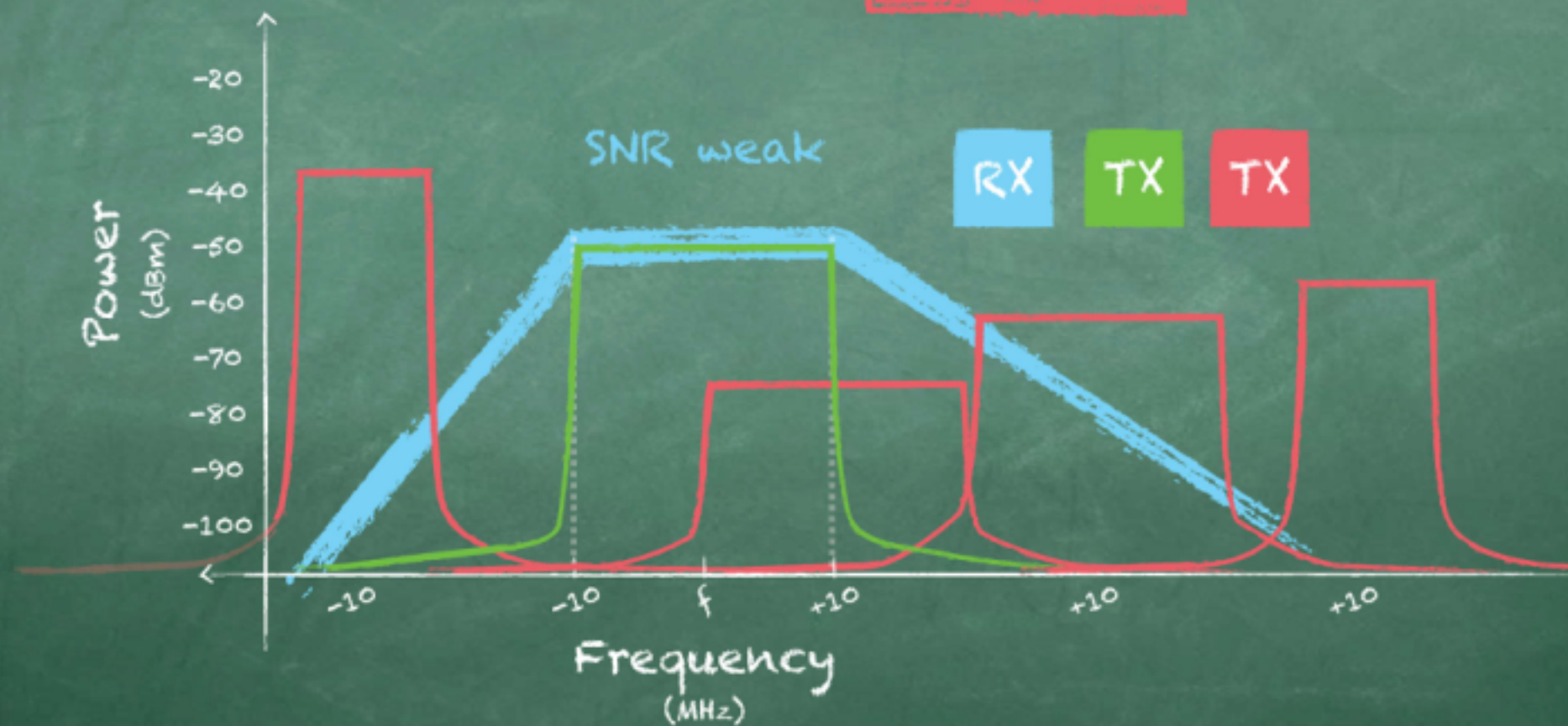
Low Noise Environment

"Receiver hears transmitter without problems"



High Noise Environment

Receiver's selectivity degrades in **noisy RF** environment



Modulation

"Types of Digital Signal Modulation"

FSK

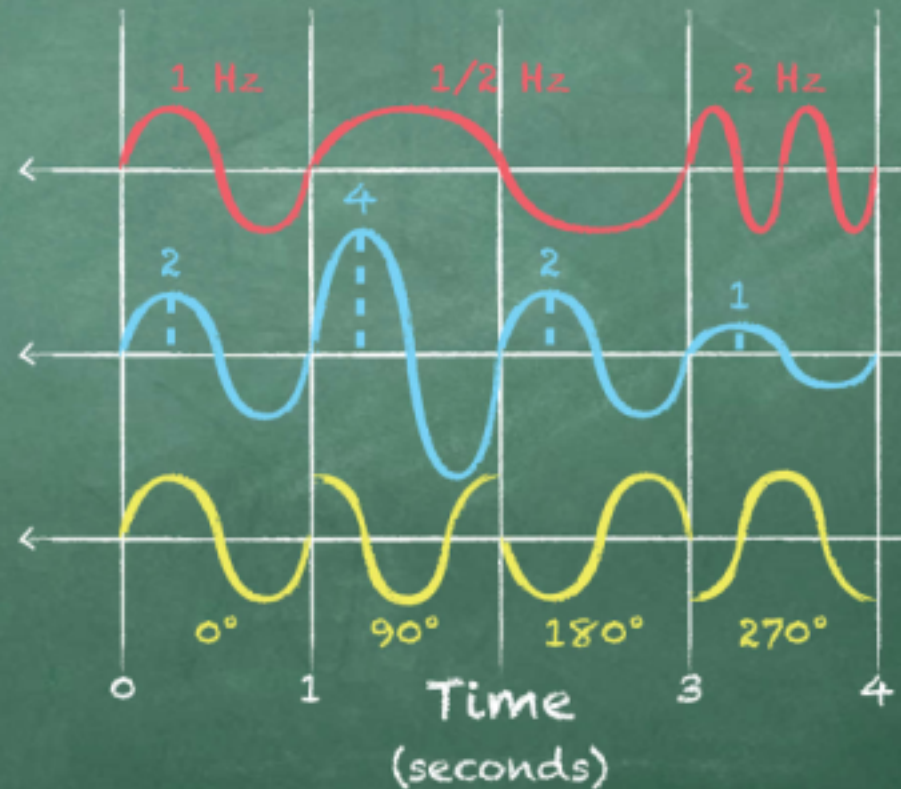
Frequency Shift Keying

ASK

Amplitude Shift Keying

PSK

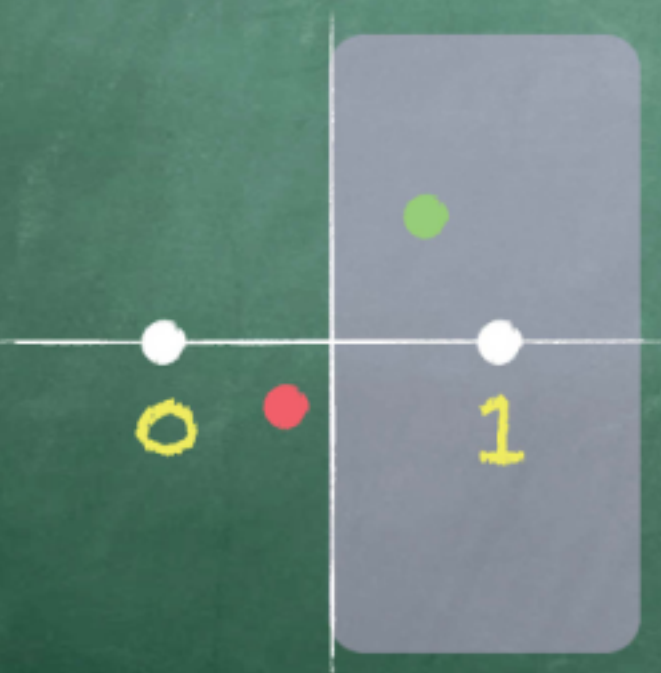
Phase Shift Keying



Constellation Diagrams

Complex modulation schemes allow for higher data rates

BPSK

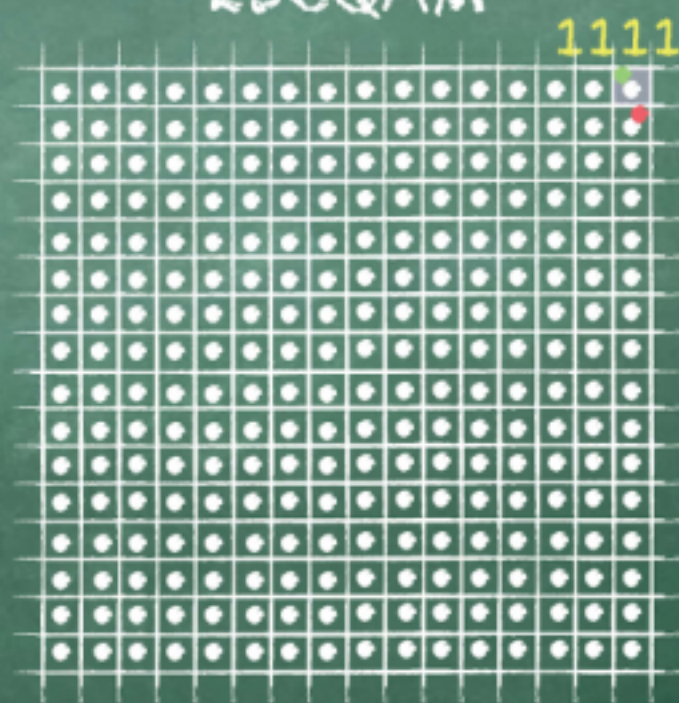


Margin
for error

Successfully
Transmitted
Symbol

Symbol
in Error

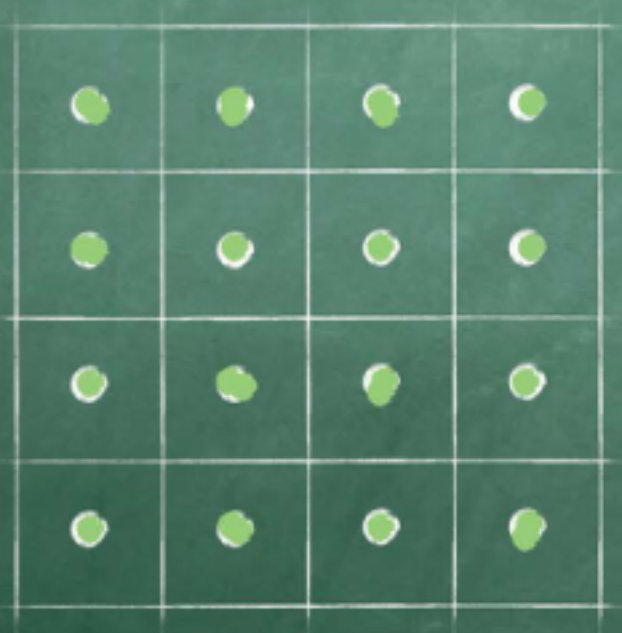
256QAM



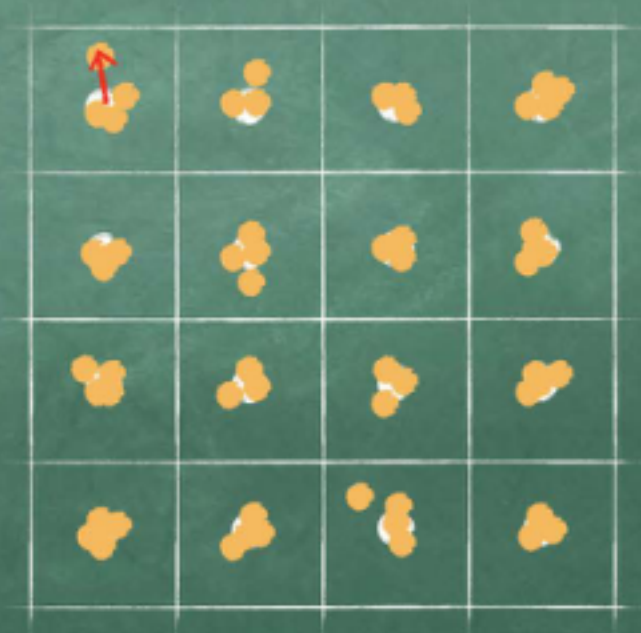
Error Vector Magnitude

EVM measures **deviation** from intended symbol position

Excellent TX EVM



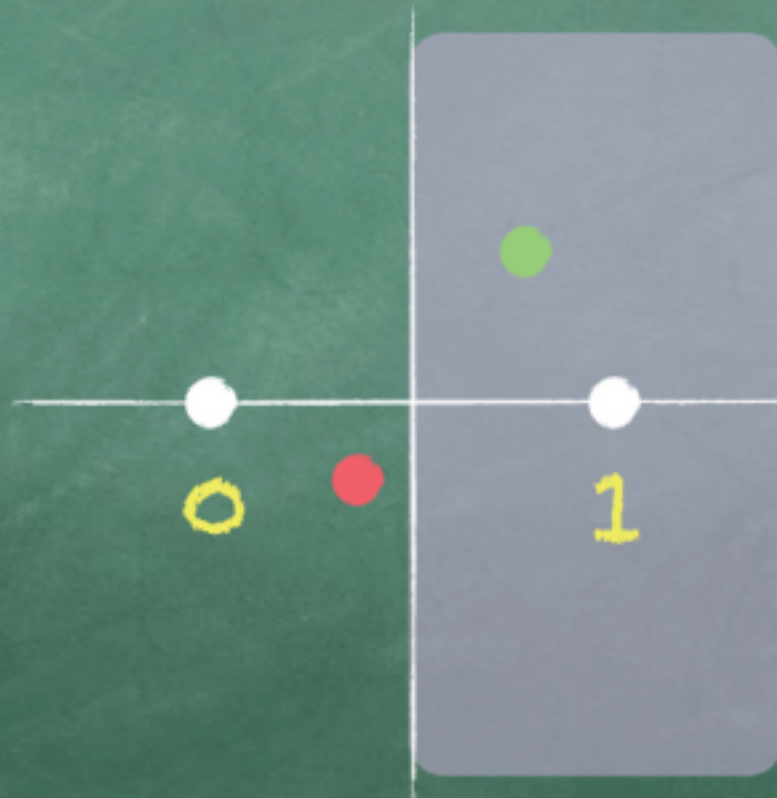
Poor TX EVM



Binary PSK

"Slowest, but requires lowest SNR"

Up to
32.5Mbps
per 80 MHz
Channel



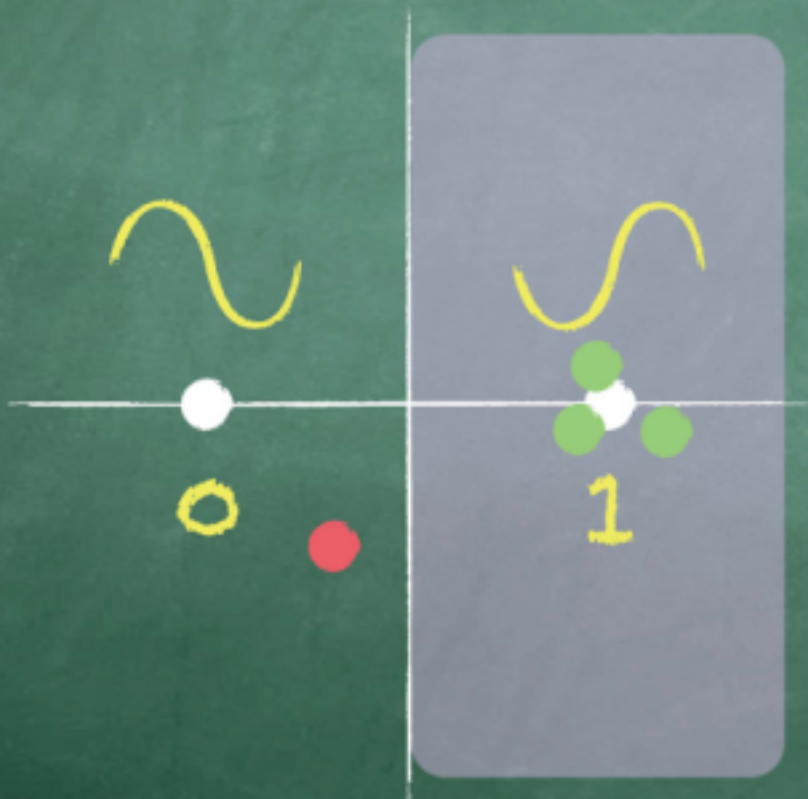
Margin
for error

Successfully
Transmitted
Symbol

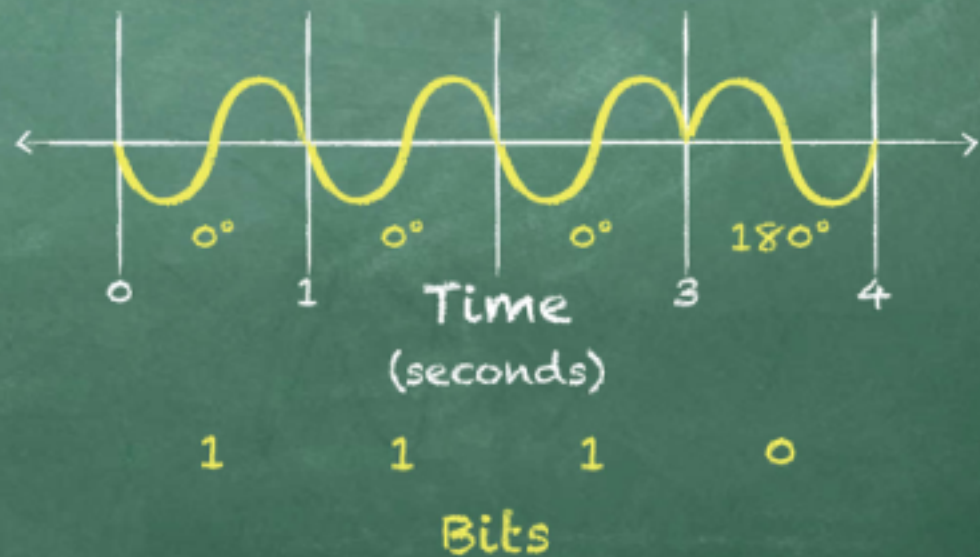
Symbol
in Error

BPSK Waveform

"Slowest, but requires lowest SNR"



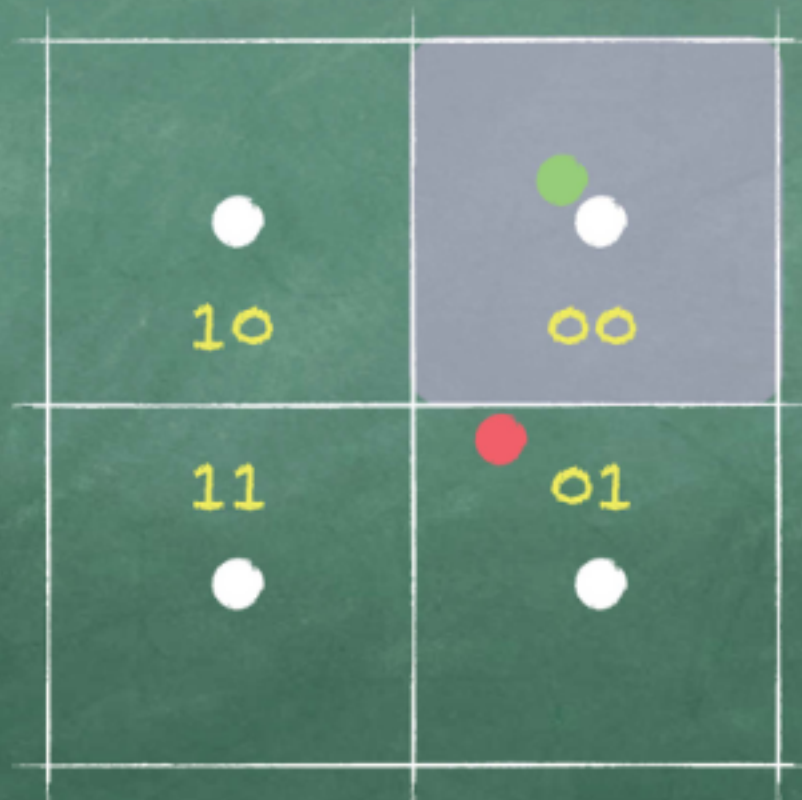
BPSK Binary Phase Shift Keying



Quadrature PSK

"Slow, but requires low SNR"

Up to
87.8 Mbps
per 80 MHz
Channel



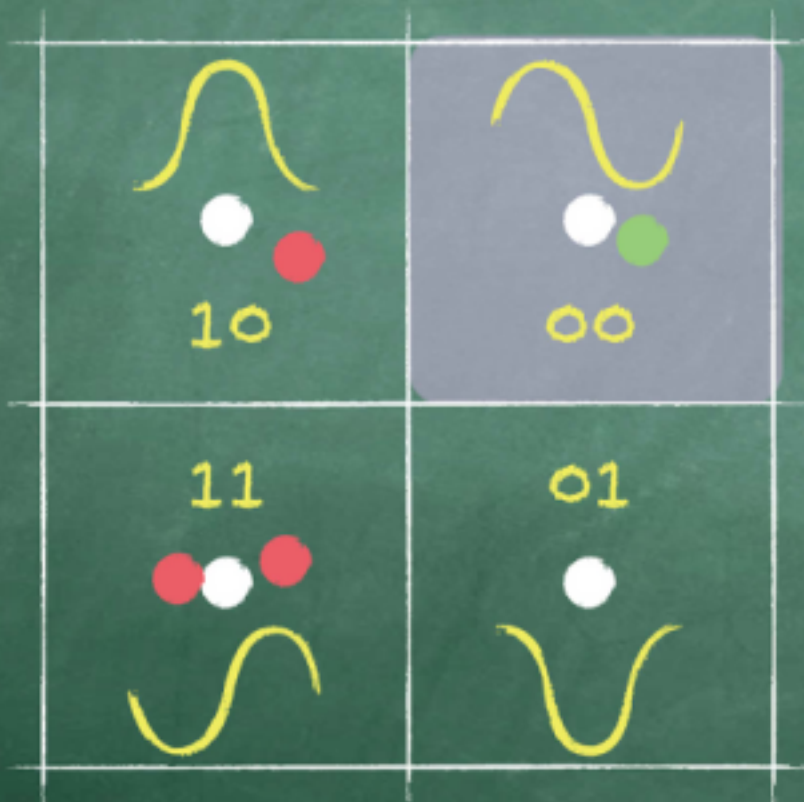
Margin
for error

Successfully
Transmitted
Symbol

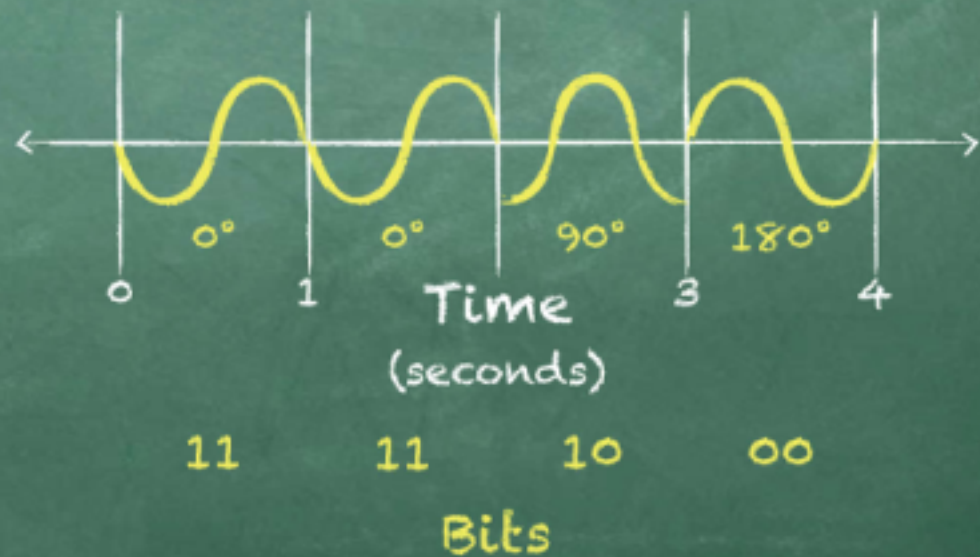
Symbol
in Error

QPSK Waveform

"Slow, but requires low SNR"

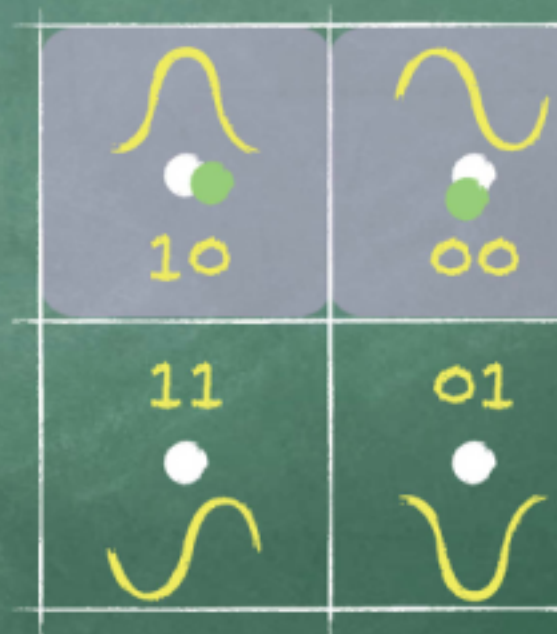
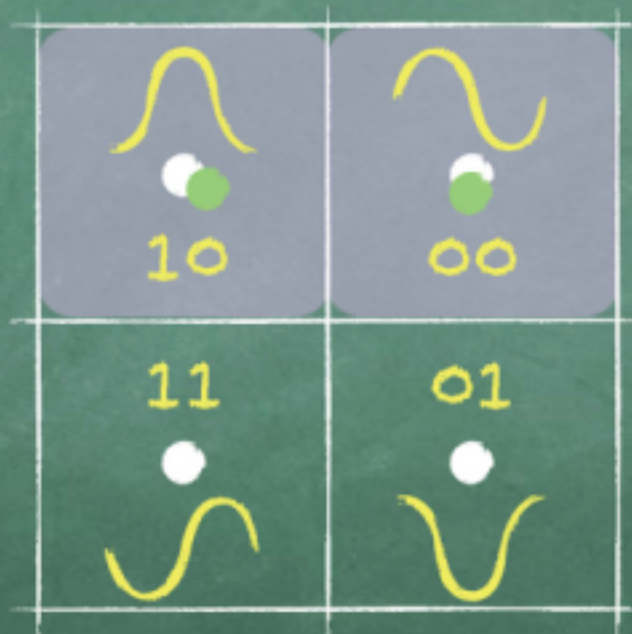
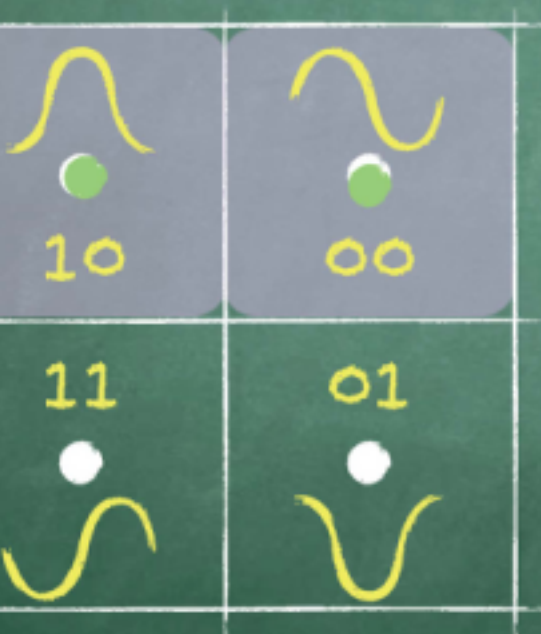


QPSK Quadrature Phase Shift Keying



QPSK Operation

"Proper mapping of **symbol sets** from end-to-end"



Excellent TX EVM

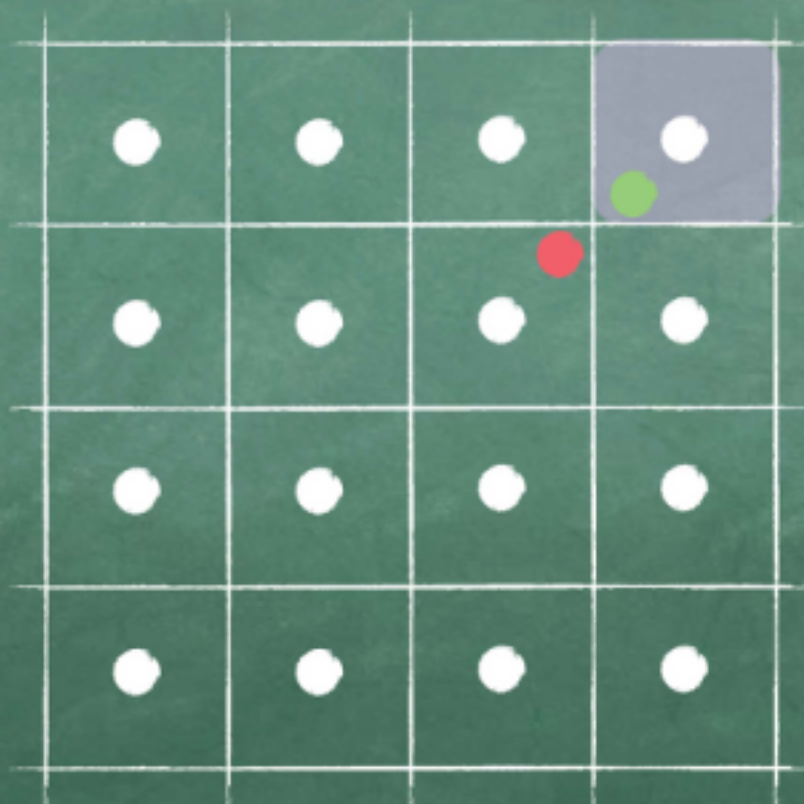
2. Low Noise Environment

3. Strong RX Signal

16QAM Constellation

"Fast, but requires high SNR"

Up to
195Mbps
per 80 MHz
Channel



Margin
for error

Successfully
Transmitted
Symbol

Symbol
in Error

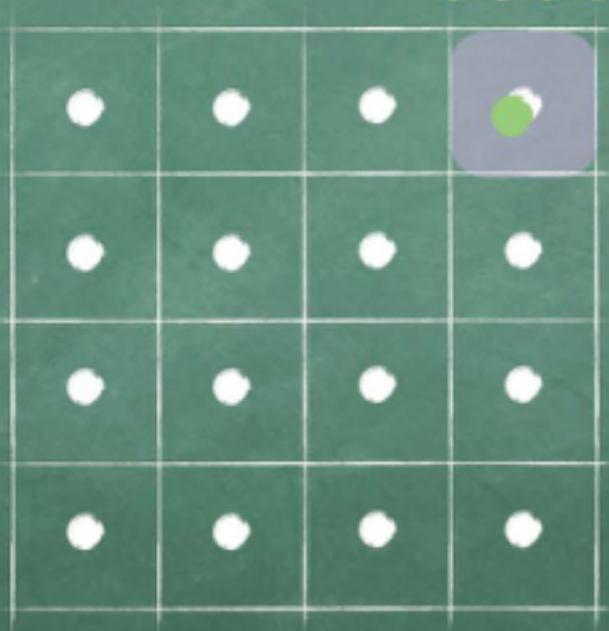
16QAM Operation

"Proper mapping of **symbol set** from end-to-end"

0000



0000



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Excellent TX EVM

2. Low Noise Environment

3. Strong RX Signal

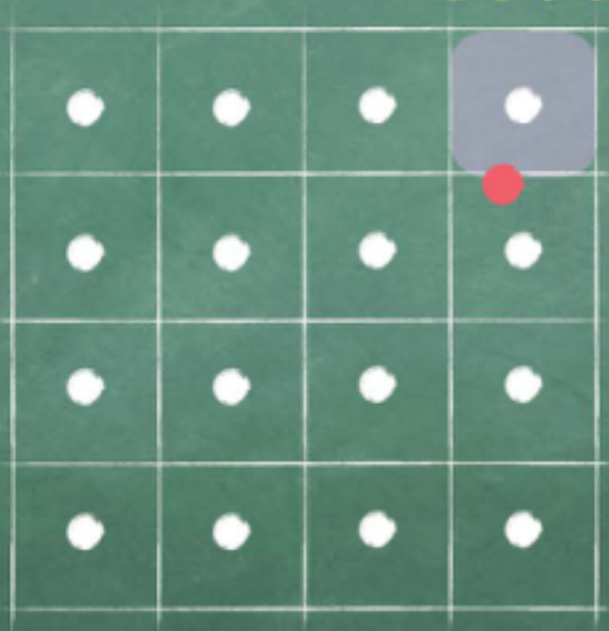
16QAM Error

"Failed mapping of **symbol set** at RX radio"

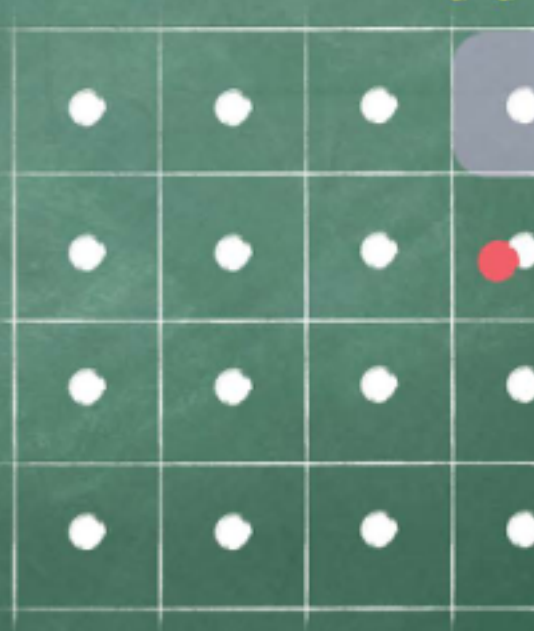
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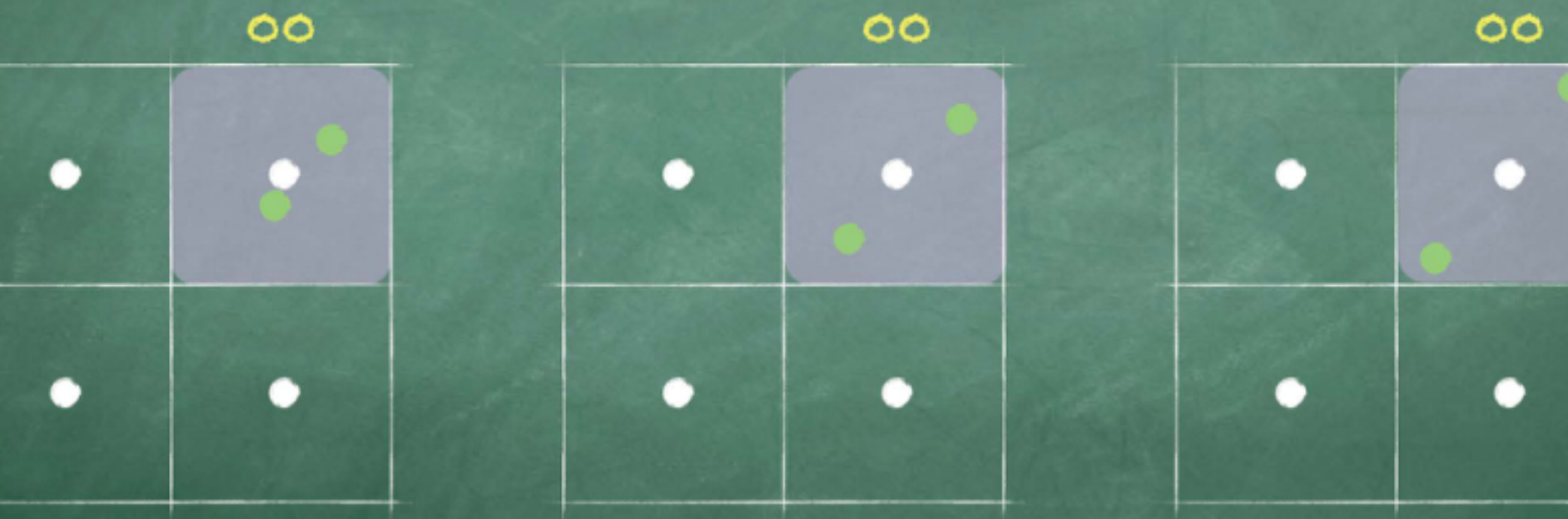
1. Poor TX EVM

2. High Noise Environment

3. Low RX Signal

Retransmit with QPSK

"Successful mapping of symbol set at RX radio"



1. Poor TX EVM

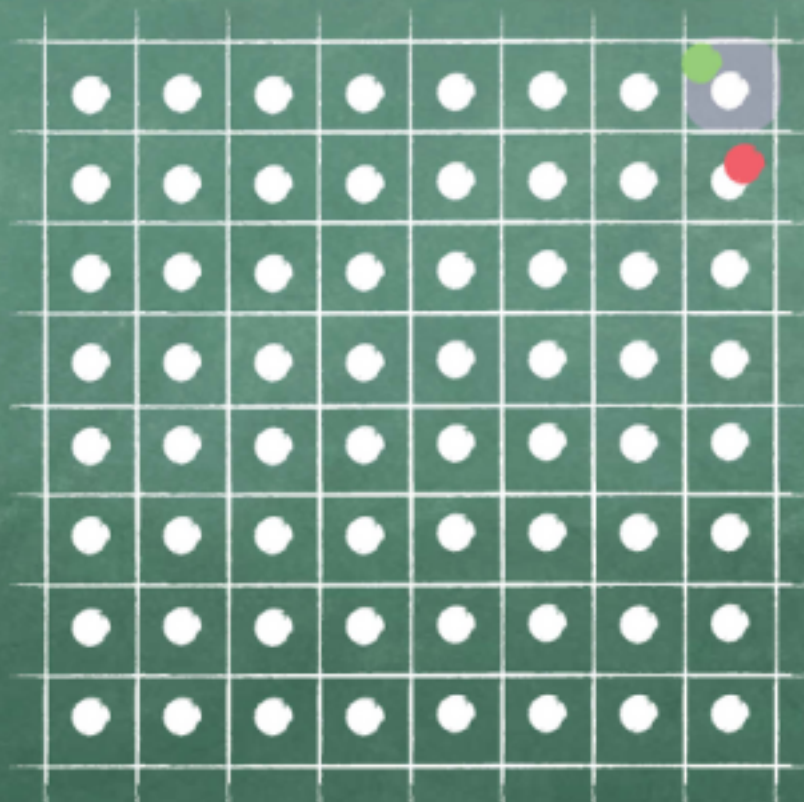
2. High Noise Environment

3. Low RX Signal

64QAM Constellation

"Faster, but requires higher SNR"

Up to
325Mbps
per 80 MHz
Channel



Margin
for error

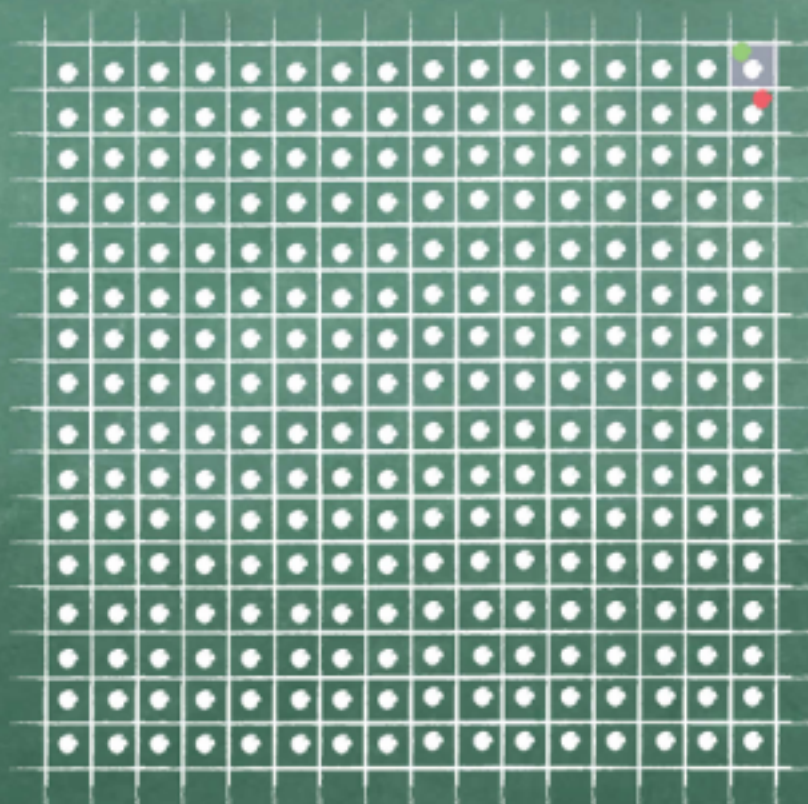
Successfully
Transmitted
Symbol

Symbol
in Error

256QAM Constellation

"Fastest, but requires highest SNR"

Up to
433.3Mbps
per 80 MHz
Channel



Margin
for error

Successfully
Transmitted
Symbol

Symbol
in Error

Thanks Mr. Jamie Higley for Slides

I just want to share with you how
environment can crazily be
saturated

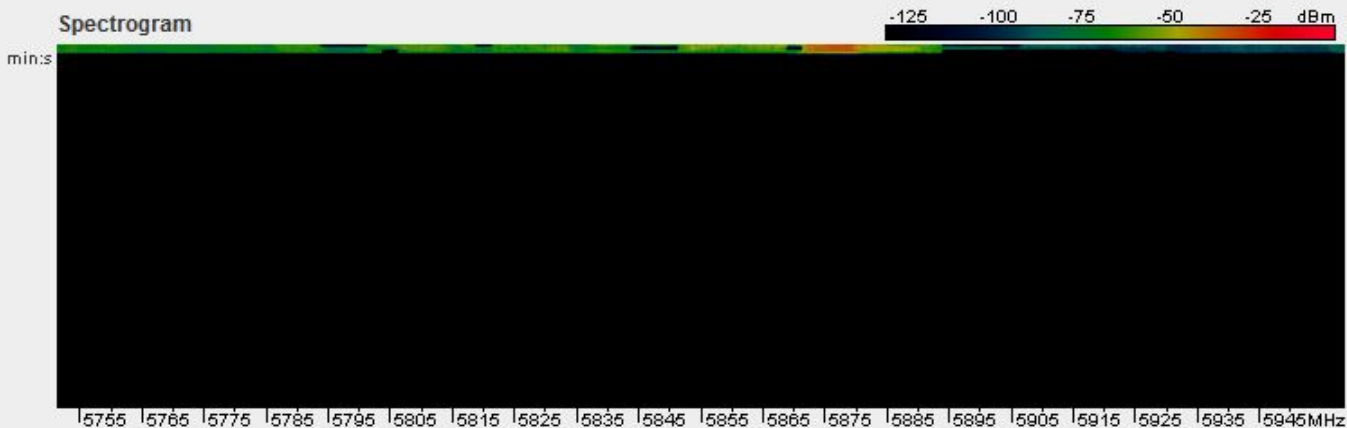
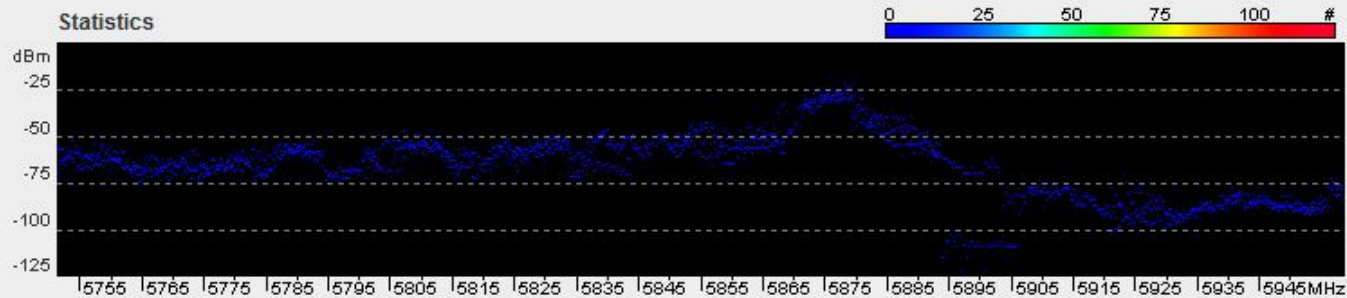
IN LAGOS/NIGERIA

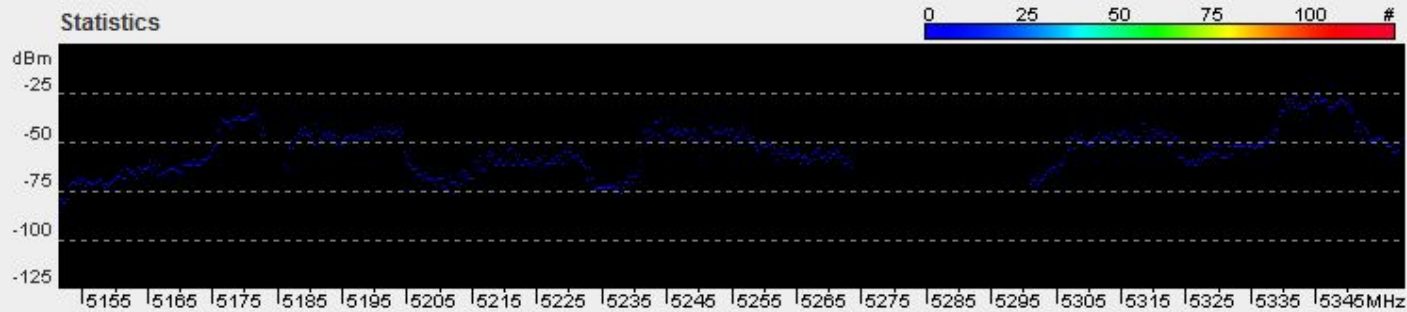
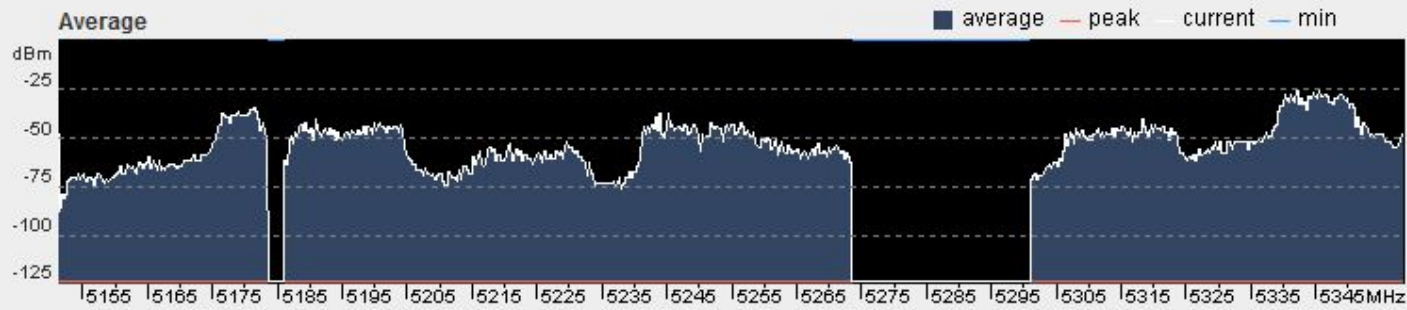


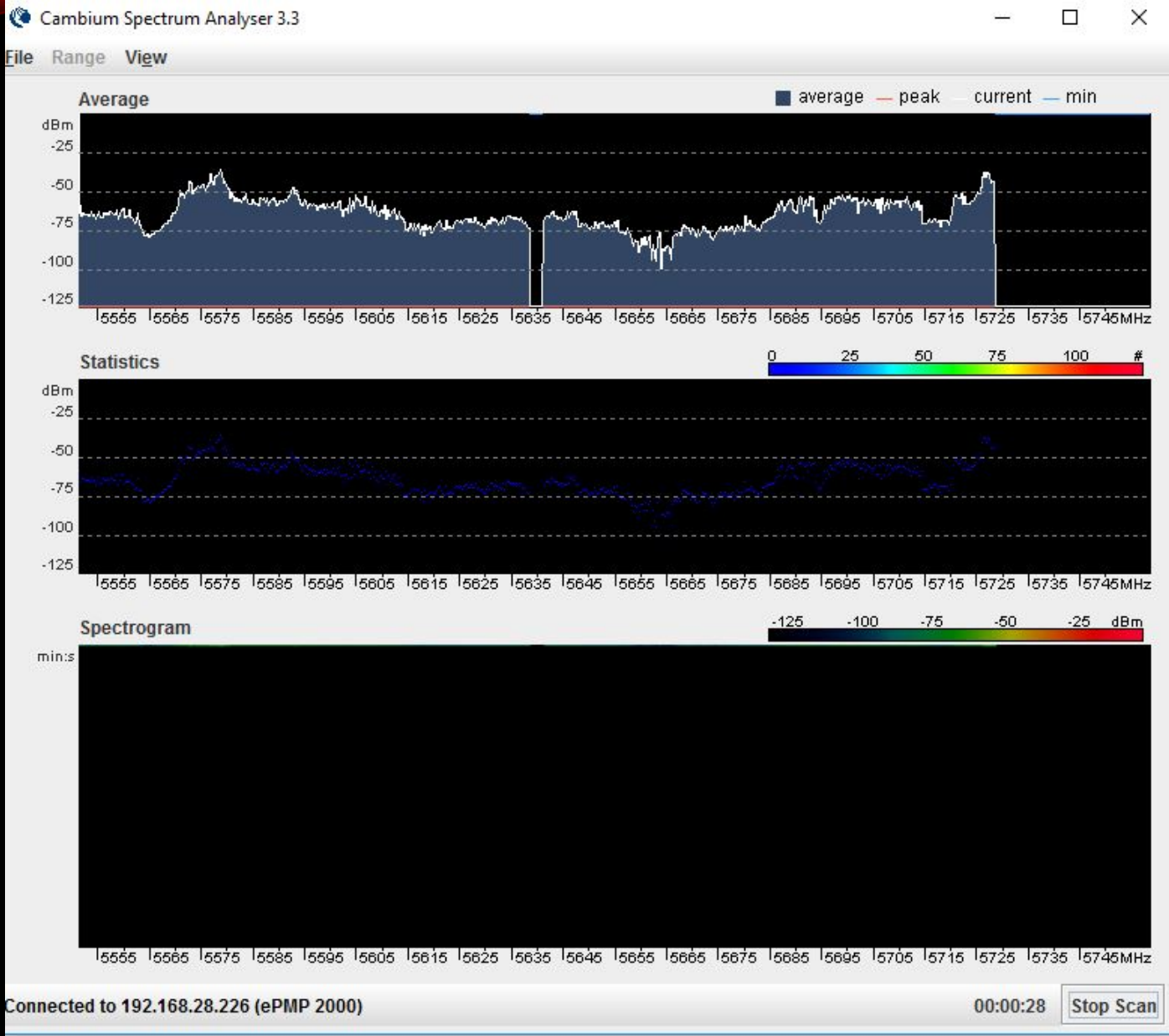












ANY

questions?

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Mani Raissdana



GOOD LUCK
&
ENJOY MUM