

IPSEC over L2tp between Debian as server and Mikrotik as client

By

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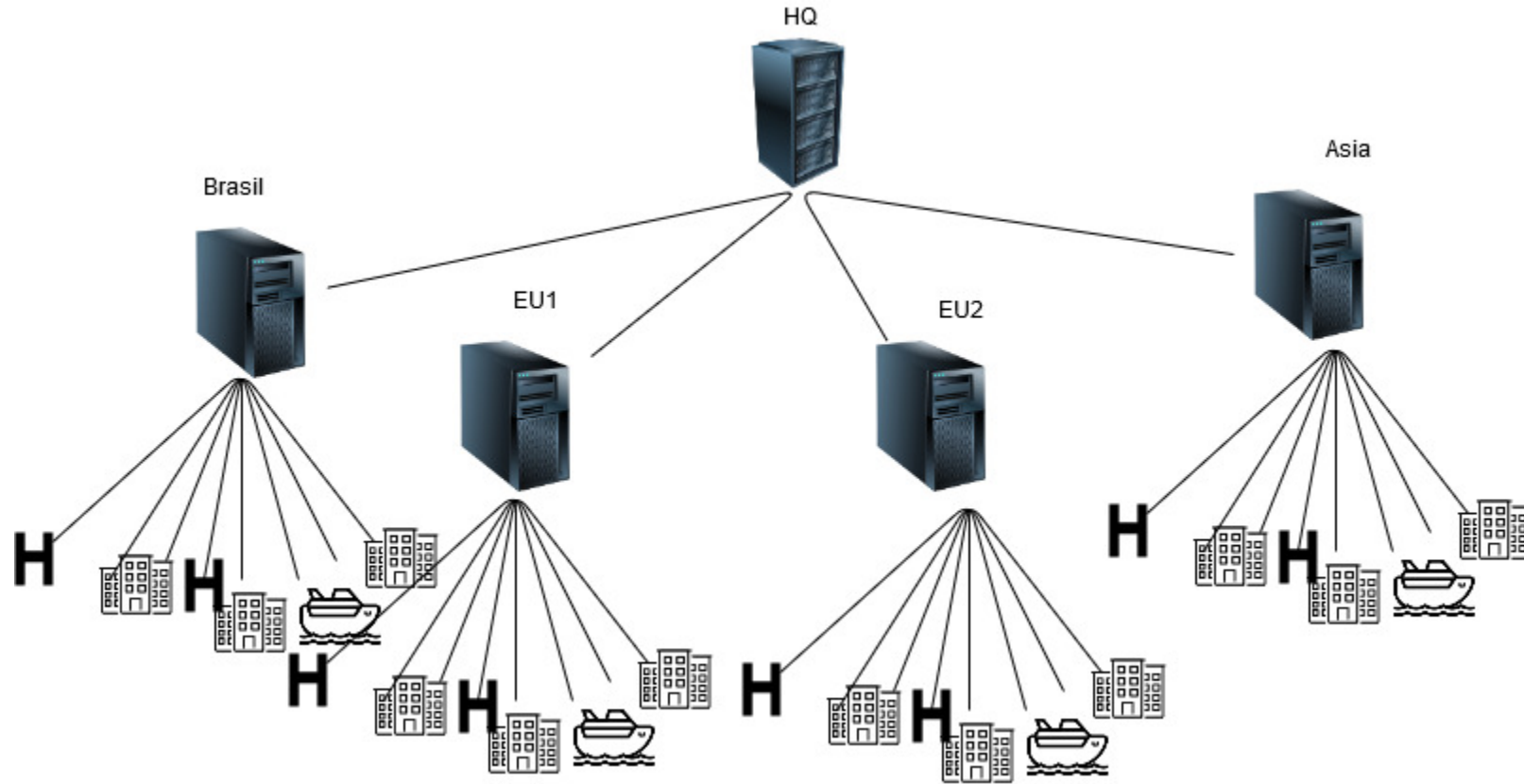
(Certified Trainer - TR0444, MTCNA,MTCRE,MTCUME,MTCINE,MTCTCE)

MikrotikLand (training center)

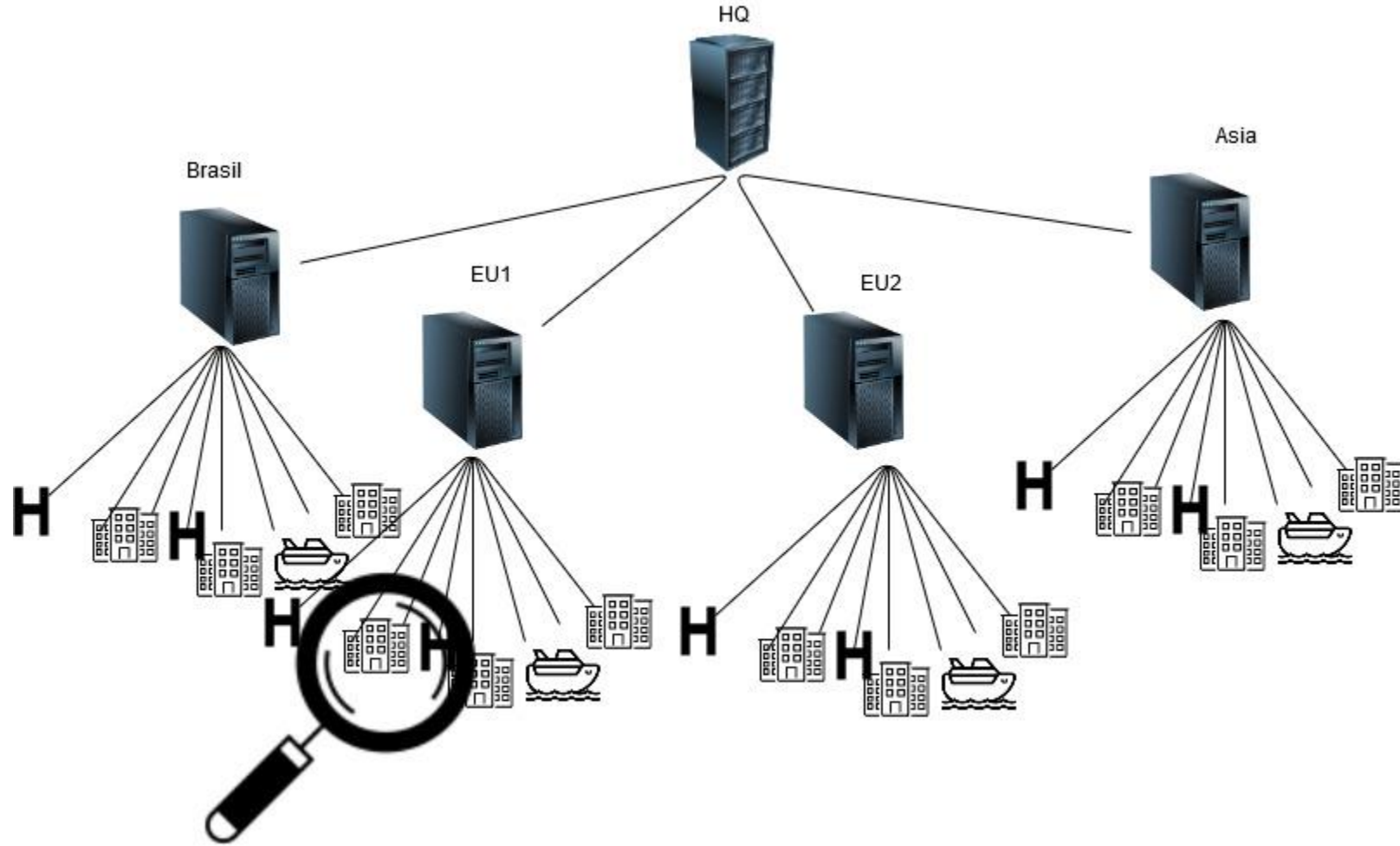
Outline

- Network Topology
- Limitations
- Solution
- Configurations
- Questions

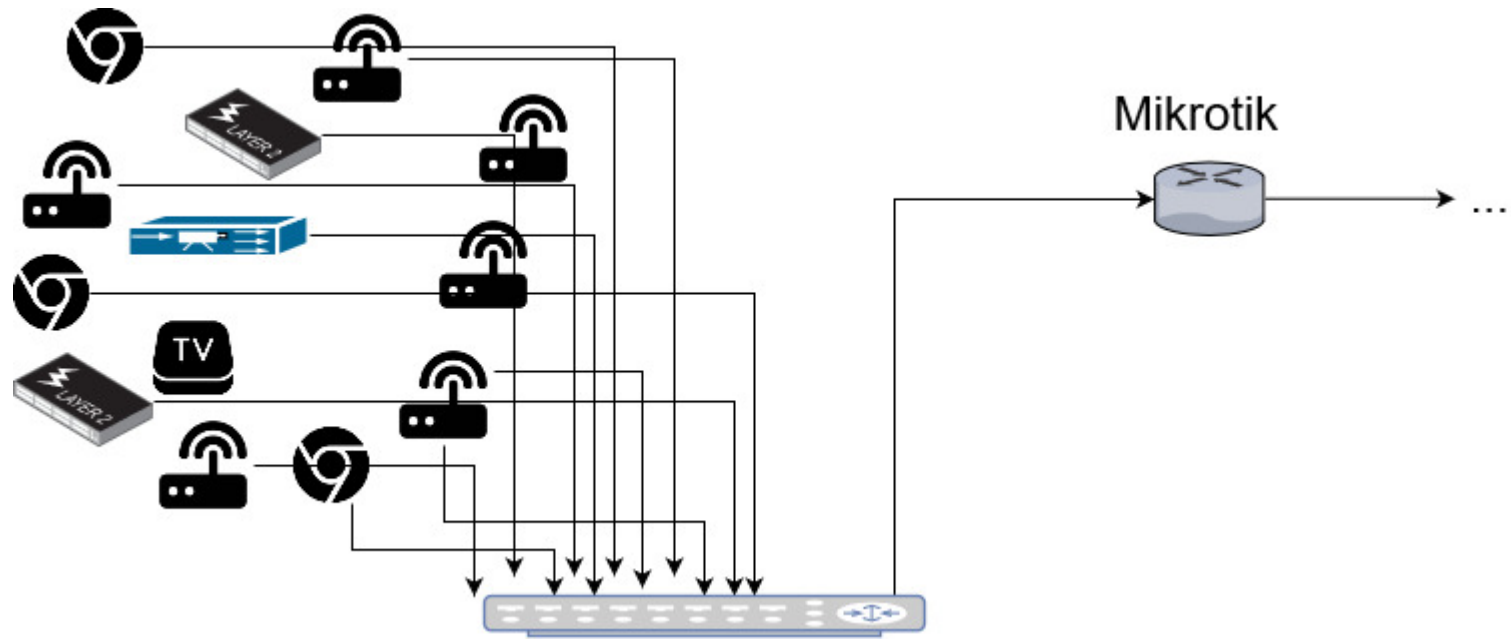
Network Topology



Network Topology

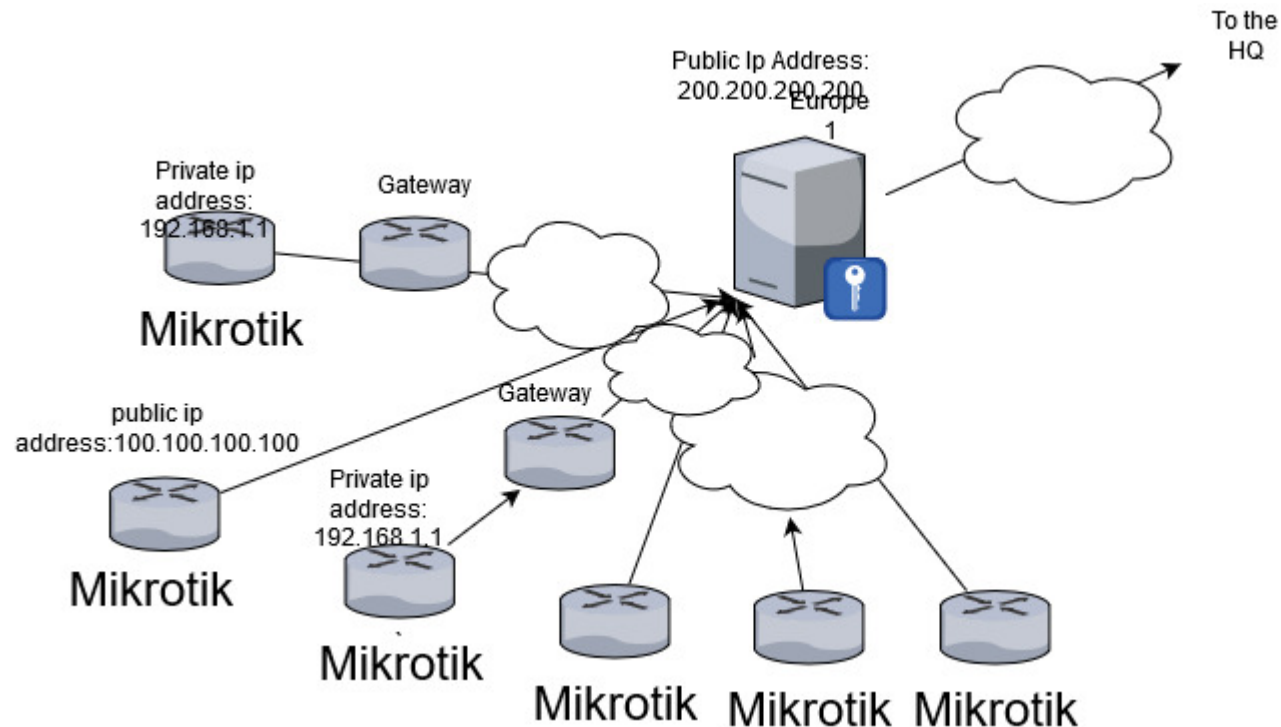


Network Topology



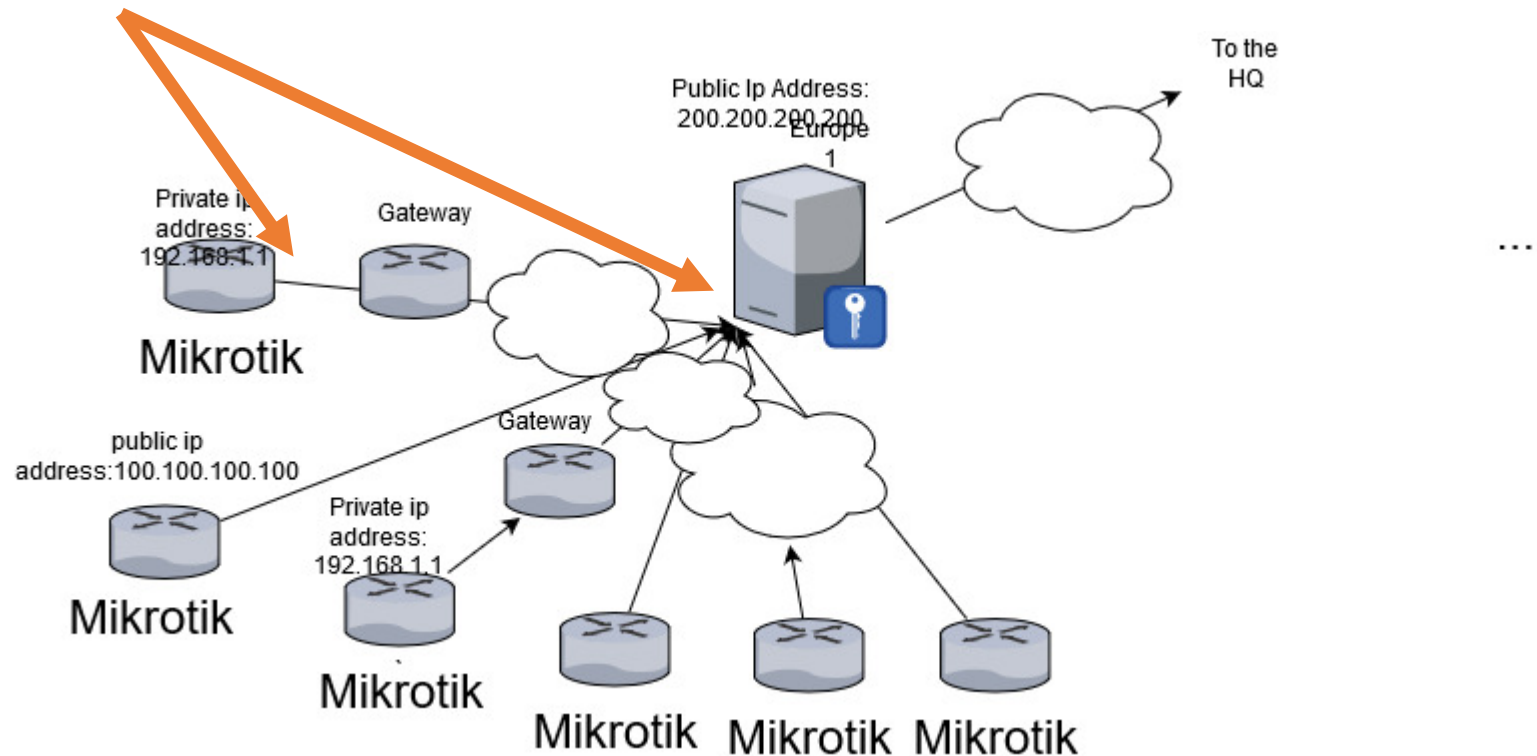
Limitations

- Each customer has its own IP assigning policy.
- Some of Mikrotik may not have even public IP address



Solution

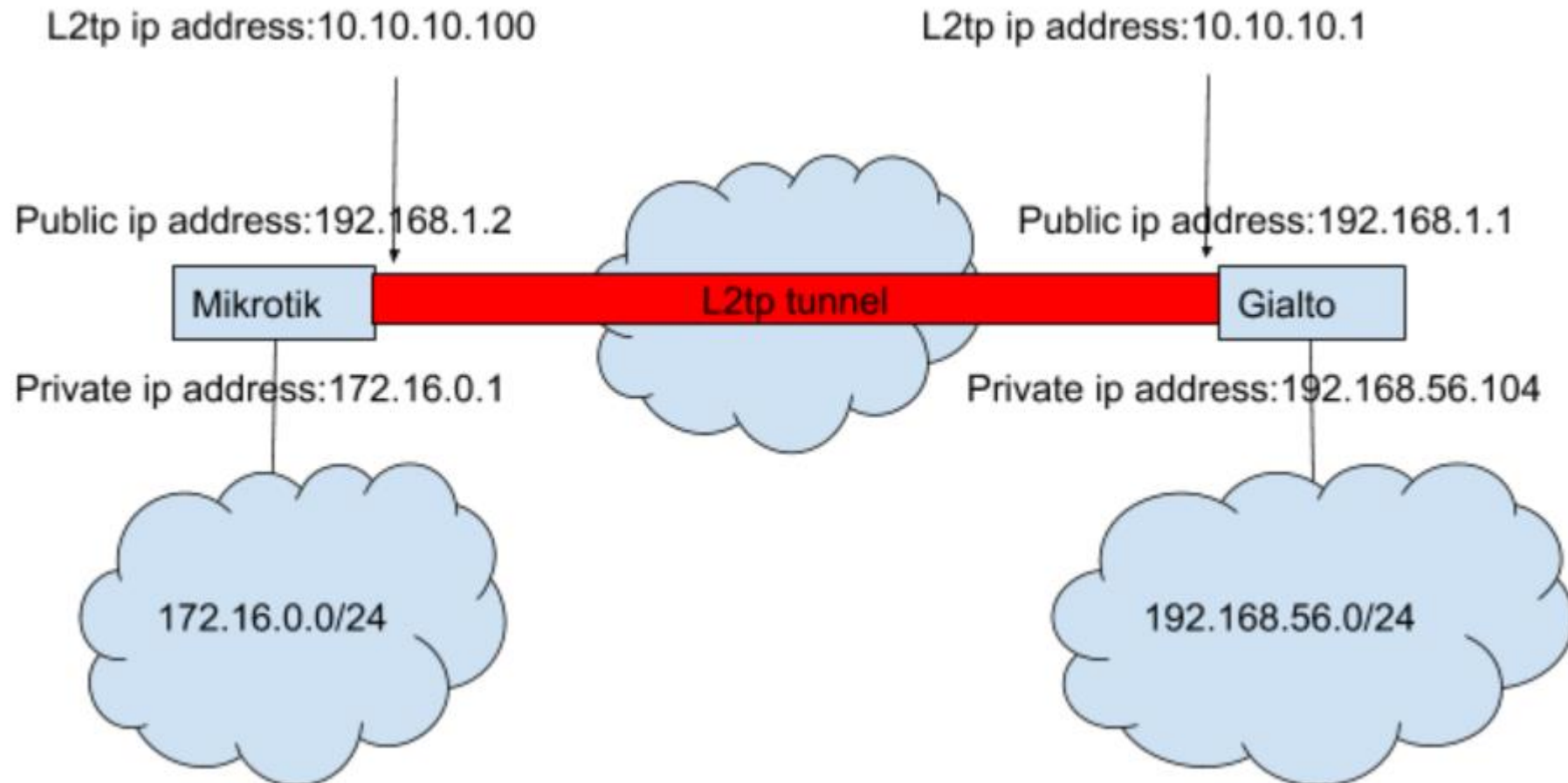
- Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (**L2TP**) can be used to connect both site of the network



Solution

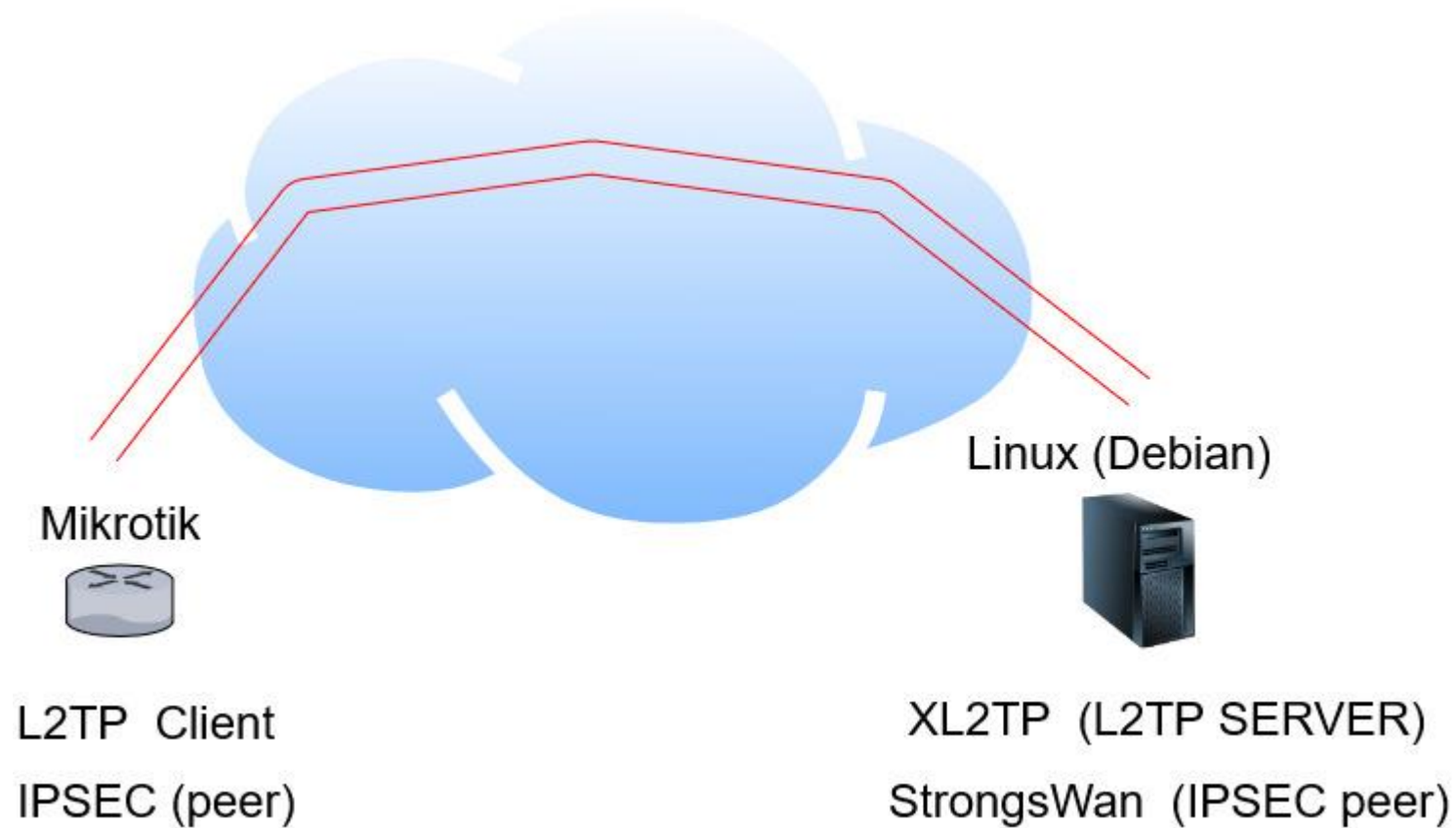
- L2TP Concerns:
 - L2TP is a client server tunnel
 - Regarding to the topology, for establishing L2TP tunnel, we should run L2TP server on the Linux (Debian) and L2TP client on our Mikrotik
 - L2TP does not provide any encryption or confidentiality by itself.
 - **IPSEC** can solve the problem

Solution



Configurations

Services on both sides



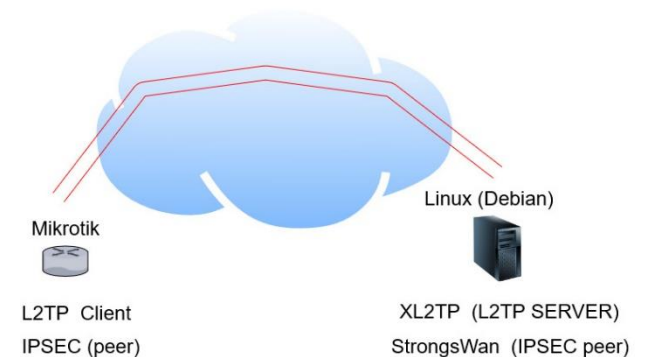
Server Configuration (XL2TP)

Installation: `sudo apt-get install xl2tpd`

Change the configuration file `/etc/xl2tpd/xl2tpd.conf` as follows:

```
[global]
ipsec saref = no
debug tunnel = no
debug avp = no
debug network = no
debug state = no
access control = no
rand source = dev
port = 1701
auth file = /etc/ppp/chap-secrets
```

```
[lns default]
ip range = 10.10.10.110-10.10.10.150
local ip = 10.10.10.1
require authentication = yes
name = l2tp
pass peer = yes
ppp debug = no
length bit = yes
refuse pap = yes
refuse chap = yes
pppoptfile = /etc/ppp/options.xl2tpd
```



Server Configuration (XL2TP)

Adding Users and secret for L2TP clients

You have to edit `/etc/ppp/chap-secrets` file like the following:

```
# Secrets for authentication using CHAP
# client  server  secret      IP addresses
  ali      *      123         10.10.10.100
```

Above file shows this credential:

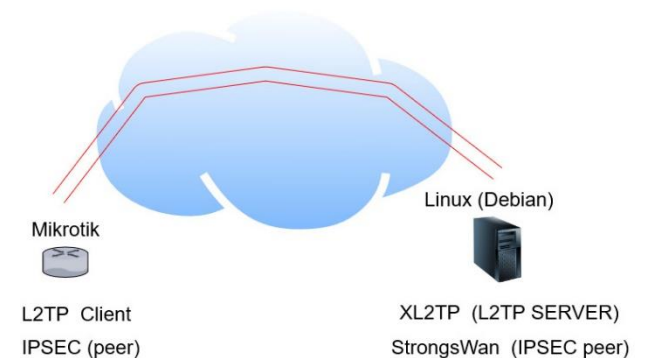
username: ali

Password: 123

Ip address:10.10.10.100

Run the below command to start XL2TP:

`XL2TP` or `XL2TP -D` (to start it in debug mode)

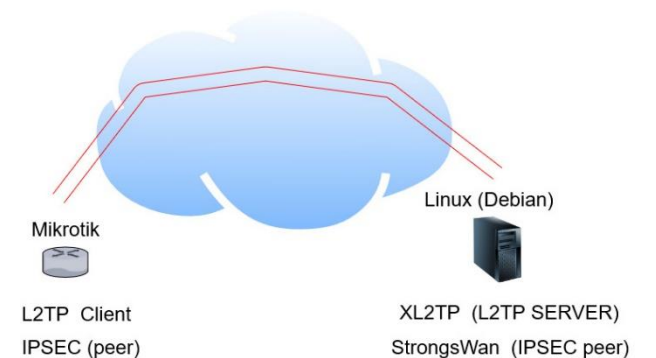


Server Configuration (IPSEC)

Installation: `sudo apt-get install strongswan`

Edit the file `/etc/ipsec.conf`:

```
config setup
conn vpnserver
    type=tunnel
    authby=secret
    rekey=no
    keyingtries=3
    left=10.10.10.1
    leftsubnet=192.168.56.0/24
    rightsubnet=172.16.0.0/24
    leftid=10.10.10.1
    right=10.10.10.100
    auto=add
    esp=aes128-sha1-modp1536
    aggressive = no
    ike=aes128-sha1-modp1536
    ikelifetime = 3h
```



Server Configuration (IPSEC)

IPSec Password:

Add the following line to this file **/etc/ipsec.secrets** :

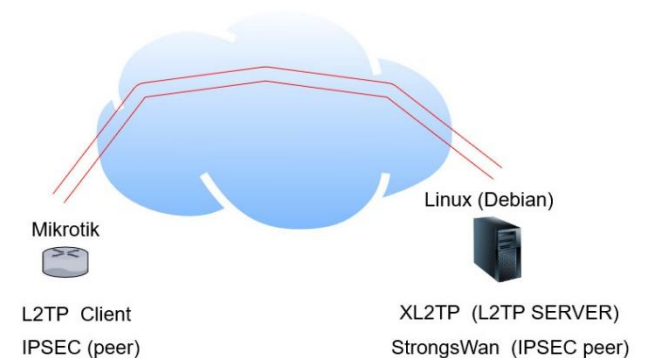
```
%any %any : PSK "123"
```

Run this command to start ipsec:

```
ipsec start
```

To check if everything is going well, check the status by:

```
ipsec statusall
```



Some Extra work

This Linux command shows the policies and states of IPsec tunnel.

```
ip xfrm state
```

```
ip xfrm policy
```

Firewall configuration:

You need to accept packet from your **l2tp** clients. (L2tp is port 1701)

You can see if you receive something in L2tp interface

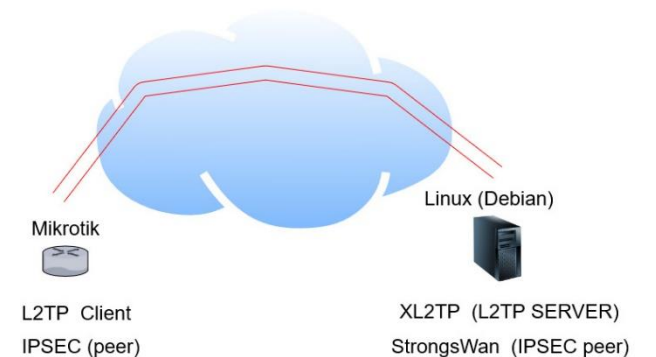
```
tcpdump -i eth0 'port 1701'
```

```
tcpdump -i ppp0
```

How to deny all l2tp without IPSEC encryption from Mikrotik client?

```
iptables -A INPUT -p udp --dport 1701 -m policy --dir in --pol ipsec -j ACCEPT
```

```
iptables -A INPUT -p udp --dport 1701 -j DROP
```

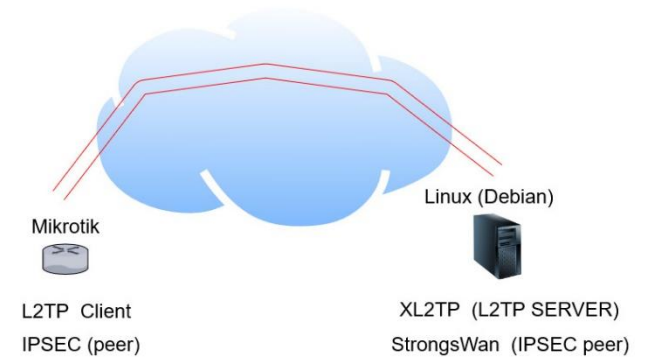


Mikrotik Configuration (L2TP)

Add a l2tpclient in ppp section with the following configuration:

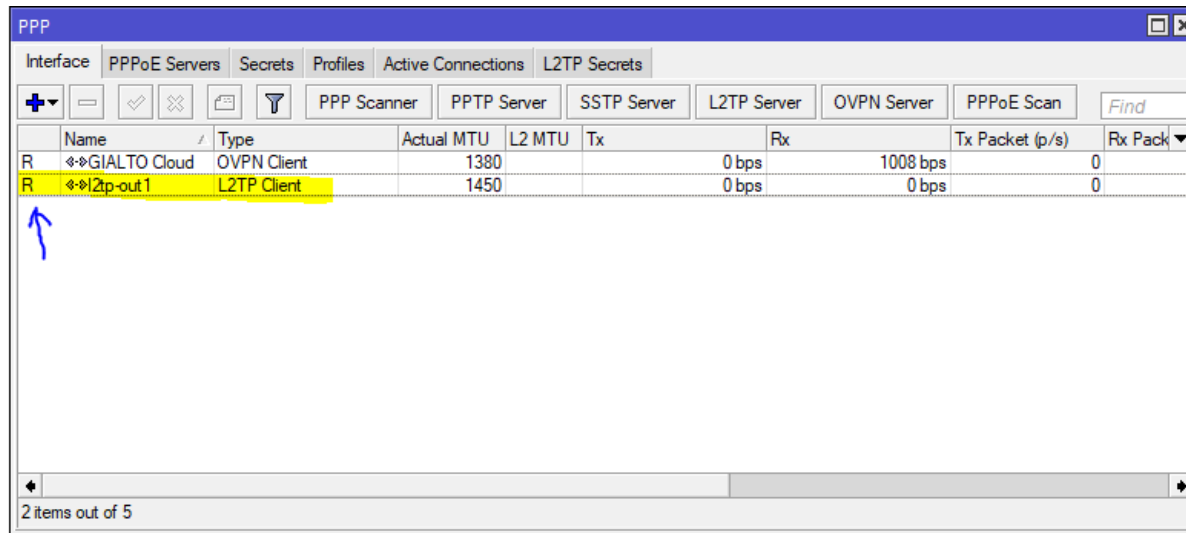
(Don't forget that user and password should be the same as those in /etc/ppp/chap-secrets)

The image shows two screenshots of the Mikrotik WinBox configuration interface for an L2TP client. The left window shows the 'General' tab with the following settings: Name: l2tp-out 1, Type: L2TP Client, Actual MTU: 1450, Max MTU: 1450, Max MRU: 1450, and MRRU: (empty). The right window shows the 'Dial Out' tab with the following settings: Connect To: 192.168.1.1, User: ali, Password: ***, Profile: default-encryption, Keepalive Timeout: 60, Use IPsec: (unchecked), IPsec Secret: (empty), Allow Fast Path: (unchecked), Dial On Demand: (unchecked), Add Default Route: (unchecked), Default Route Distance: 1, and Allow: (checked) for mschap2, chap, mschap1, and pap. Both windows show the interface status as 'enabled', 'running', 'slave', and 'Status: connected'.

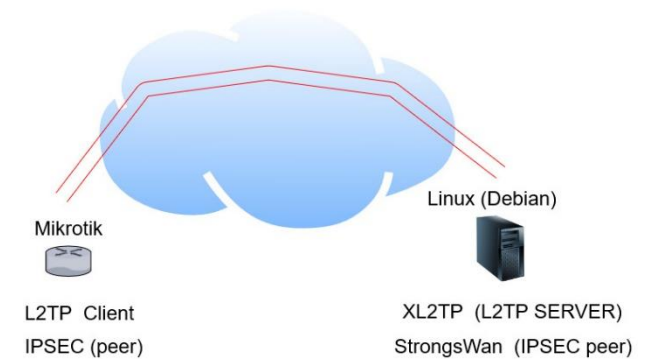


Mikrotik Configuration (L2TP)

Check if the connection is established or not
(you should see R in front of the connection in **ppp -> interface section**)



	Name	Type	Actual MTU	L2 MTU	Tx	Rx	Tx Packet (p/s)	Rx Pack
R	↔GIALTO Cloud	OVPN Client	1380		0 bps	1008 bps	0	
R	↔l2tp-out1	L2TP Client	1450		0 bps	0 bps	0	



Mikrotik Configuration (IPSEC)

Now, define a new IPSEC manually and set the following configurations:

IPSEC => Policy => Add

IPsec Policy <172.16.0.0/24:0>192.168.56.0/24:0

General Action Status

Src. Address: 172.16.0.0/24

Src. Port: [v]

Dst. Address: 192.168.56.0/24

Dst. Port: [v]

Protocol: 255 (all) [v]

Template

OK Cancel Apply Disable Comment Copy Remove

enabled Template Active

IPsec Policy <172.16.0.0/24:0>192.168.56.0/24:0

General Action Status

Action: encrypt [v]

Level: require [v]

IPsec Protocols: esp [v]

Tunnel

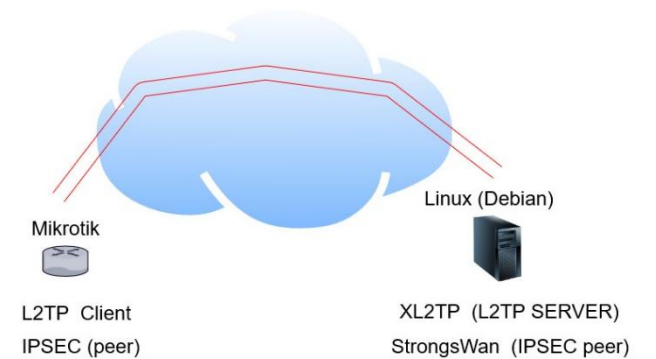
SA Src. Address: 10.10.10.100

SA Dst. Address: 10.10.10.1

Proposal: default [v]

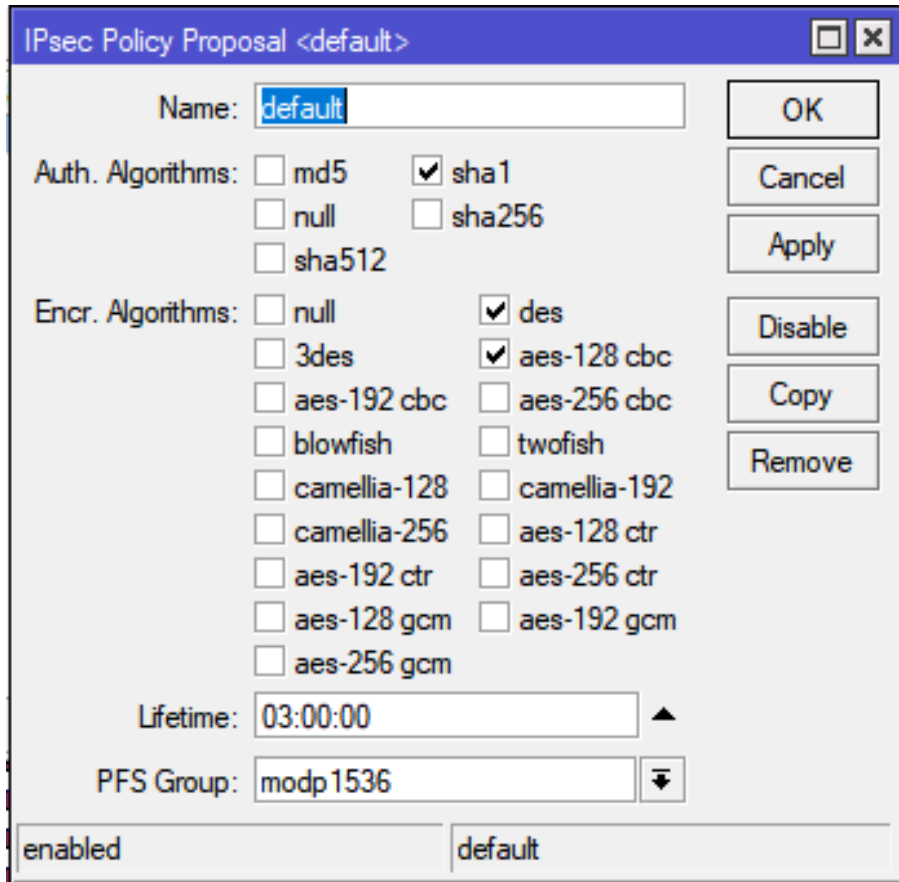
OK Cancel Apply Disable Comment Copy Remove

enabled Template Active



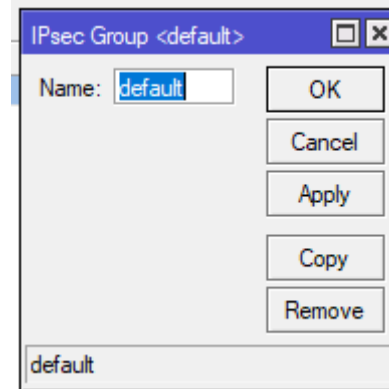
Mikrotik Configuration (IPSEC)

Then in the **proposal** tab, choose the following:

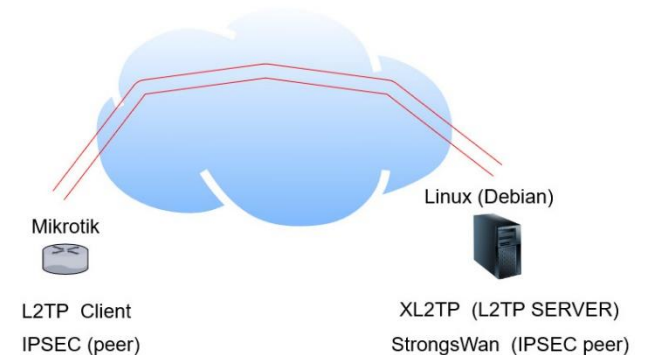


The screenshot shows the 'IPsec Policy Proposal <default>' configuration window. The 'Name' field is set to 'default'. Under 'Auth. Algorithms', 'sha1' is selected. Under 'Encr. Algorithms', 'des' and 'aes-128 cbc' are selected. The 'Lifetime' is set to '03:00:00' and the 'PFS Group' is set to 'modp1536'. The window is currently set to 'enabled' and 'default'.

Leave IPSEC **group** unchanged as:



The screenshot shows the 'IPsec Group <default>' configuration window. The 'Name' field is set to 'default'. The window contains buttons for 'OK', 'Cancel', 'Apply', 'Copy', and 'Remove'. The group name 'default' is listed at the bottom of the window.



Mikrotik Configuration (IPSEC)

Then add a peer (IPSEC=> peer) like this:

IPsec Peer <10.10.10.1>

General Advanced

Address: 10.10.10.1

Port: [v]

Local Address: 10.10.10.100

Profile: default [v]

Auth. Method: pre shared key [v]

Exchange Mode: main [v]

Passive

Secret: ***

OK Cancel Apply Disable Comment Copy Remove

enabled responder

Unsafe configuration, suggestion to use certificates

IPsec Peer <10.10.10.1>

General Advanced

Policy Template Group: default [v]

Notrack Chain: [v]

Send Initial Contact

My ID Type: auto [v]

Mode Configuration: [v]

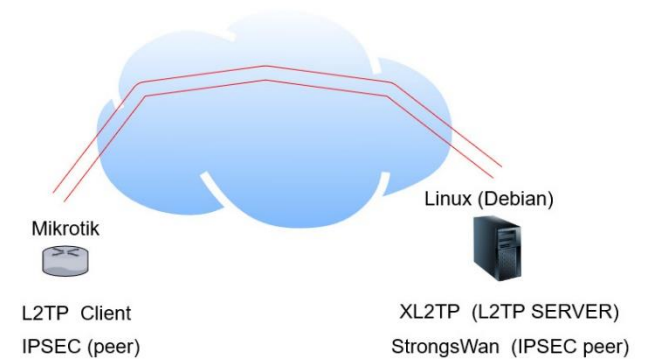
Generate Policy: no [v]

Compatibility Options: skip peer id validation

OK Cancel Apply Disable Comment Copy Remove

enabled responder

Unsafe configuration, suggestion to use certificates



Mikrotik Configuration (IPSEC)

Define peer **profile** as below:

IPsec Peer Profile <default>

Name:

Hash Algorithms:

Encryption Algorithm:

<input type="checkbox"/> des	<input type="checkbox"/> 3des
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> aes-128	<input type="checkbox"/> aes-192
<input type="checkbox"/> aes-256	<input type="checkbox"/> blowfish
<input type="checkbox"/> camellia-128	<input type="checkbox"/> camellia-192
<input type="checkbox"/> camellia-256	

DH Group:

<input type="checkbox"/> modp768	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> modp1024
<input type="checkbox"/> ec2n155	<input type="checkbox"/> ec2n185
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> modp1536	<input type="checkbox"/> modp2048
<input type="checkbox"/> modp3072	<input type="checkbox"/> modp4096
<input type="checkbox"/> modp6144	<input type="checkbox"/> modp8192
<input type="checkbox"/> ecp256	<input type="checkbox"/> ecp384
<input type="checkbox"/> ecp521	

Proposal Check:

Lifetime:

Lifebytes:

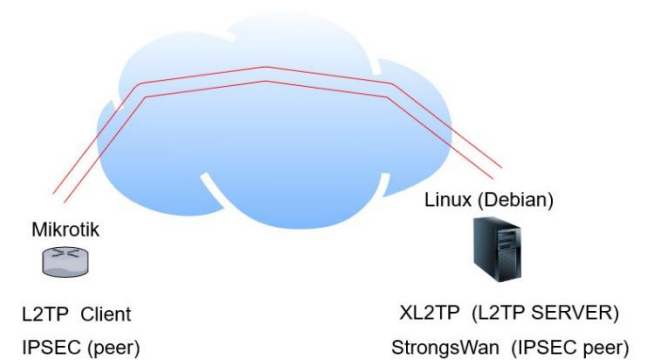
NAT Traversal

DPD Interval: s

DPD Maximum Failures:

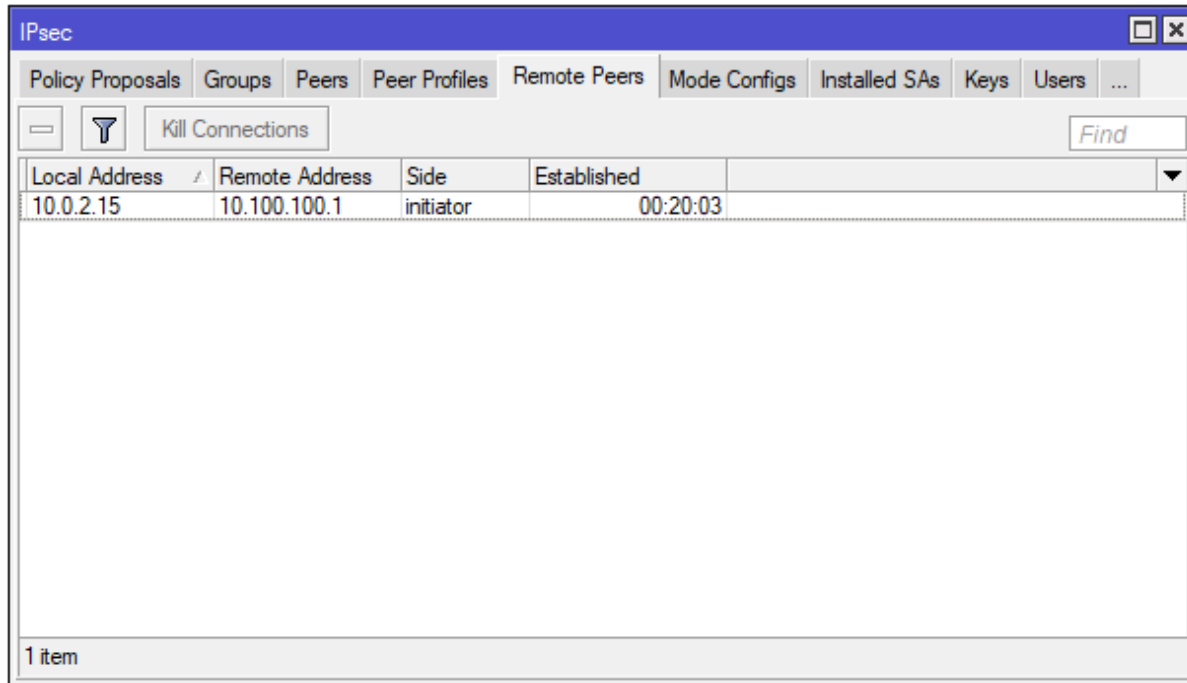
default

OK
Cancel
Apply
Copy
Remove



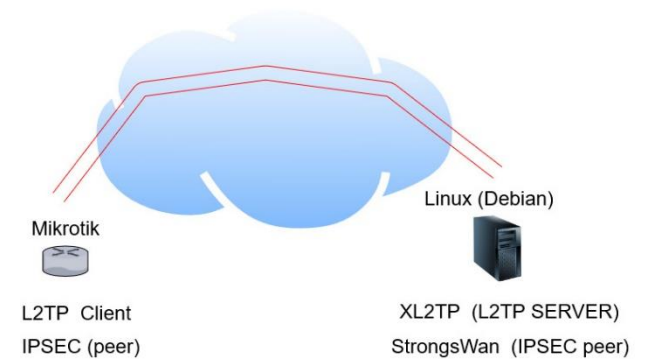
Mikrotik Configuration (IPSEC)

If IPSEC tunnel is established, you should see the following in **IP->IPSEC_Remote Peers**



The screenshot shows the Mikrotik WinBox interface for the IPsec configuration. The 'Remote Peers' tab is selected, displaying a table with one established connection. The table has columns for Local Address, Remote Address, Side, and Established. The connection details are: Local Address 10.0.2.15, Remote Address 10.100.100.1, Side initiator, and Established 00:20:03. The status bar at the bottom indicates '1 item'.

Local Address	Remote Address	Side	Established
10.0.2.15	10.100.100.1	initiator	00:20:03



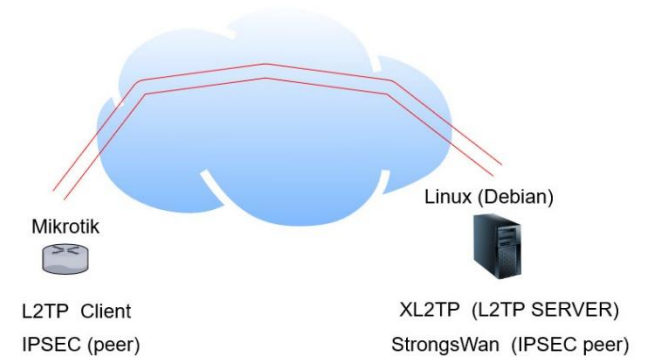
Mikrotik Configuration (IPSEC)

And the following in **IPSEC=>Policy**:

#	Src. Address	Src. Port	Dst. Address	Dst. Port	Protocol	Action	Level	Tunnel	PH2 State
0	::/0		::/0			255 (all) encrypt			
1	172.16.0.0/24		192.168.56.0/24			255 (all) encrypt	require	yes	established

Also you should see in **IPSEC=>INSTALLED SAs**:

SPI	Src. Address	Dst. Address	Auth. Algorithm	Encr. Algorithm	Encr. Key Size	Current Bytes
E d98e643	10.10.10.1	10.10.10.100	sha1	aes cbc	128	132076
E c6724a80	10.10.10.100	10.10.10.1	sha1	aes cbc	128	132076



Questions?

End..